

# WARREN REPORT UPROAR GROWS

## JFK Murder... 3 Years

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WASHINGTON, Nov. 22 (AP)—Controversy over the shots fired during the assassination of President John F. Kennedy reached new heights on this third anniversary of the Dallas tragedy.

Sen. Russell B. Long, D-La., and former Kennedy advisor Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr. called for further investigation.

But Sen. Richard B. Russell, D-Ga., a member of the Warren Commission, and former Kennedy press aide Malcolm M. Kilduff, while disputing commission findings about the shots, took no issue with the over-all commission conclusion that Lee Harvey Oswald, acting alone, killed Kennedy.

### CONNALLY VIEW

Life magazine, disputing findings about the shots, called in this week's issue for a new investigation. Texas Gov. John Connally, wounded during the assassination, was quoted by Life as in positive disagreement with commission findings about the shots.

A spate of recent books has questioned the commission report. But this week's newest round of debate is the most concentrated yet by present and past government officials.

Starting point for the new questioning is the commission finding that one bullet wounded both Kennedy and Connally. Some—but not all—of the critics move from here to the question of whether a second person fired at the Kennedy motorcade on that early Dallas afternoon.

Long said in New Orleans yesterday he has always thought that a second person was involved.

The assistant Senate Democratic leader, in answer to a newsman's questions, said that although there is no doubt that Oswald played a part in the assassination, "whoever fired that second

shot was a much better shot than Oswald."

The commission said three shots were fired. It concluded that one hit Kennedy and Connally, a later shot inflicted the major injury on Kennedy and one shot missed. The commission was unable to conclude which of the three shots missed.

Life quoted Connally as saying after a recent review of amateur films of the events: "There is my absolute knowledge . . . that one bullet caused the President's first wound, and that an entirely separate shot struck me. It's a certainty. I'll never change my mind."

Kilduff, who was the only White House press aide in Dallas and rode in the motorcade, said he agrees with Connally. But Kilduff added in a taped television-radio interview with Westinghouse Broadcasting Co.:

"I have absolutely no doubt . . . that Lee Harvey Oswald committed the act on his own and that there was no conspiracy involved, as has been insinuated in many books, and is a belief which is actually widespread in Europe."

Kilduff said, "I have on the highest authority, information that parts of that bullet (said to have hit Kennedy and Connally) are still in Gov. Connally's leg."

### REJECTS THEORY

"So therefore it would be possible, as the Warren Commission states, that the bullet

## Mass for JFK Celebrated Here

The Rt. Rev. Patrick J. Roche was celebrant of a Memorial Requiem Mass today at St. Vibiana's Cathedral, 2nd and Main Streets, on the third anniversary of the assassination of President John F. Kennedy.

came out as clean as it did."

Russell said in an interview with the Atlanta Journal that he agreed with Connally in rejecting the one-bullet theory.

The commission, in reaching its one-bullet conclusion, studied films of Connally's and Kennedy's relative positions and reactions in the presidential car and meshed these with timing data concerning the possible rapidity of the shots.

Proponents of the theory that someone in addition to Oswald fired shots contend the films and timing data show that Connally reacted too long after Kennedy to have been struck by the same bullet, but too soon thereafter for a second bullet to have been fired from the same rifle.

Schlesinger, a Pulitzer-Prize-winning historian, said at Oxford, Miss., that it "appears to me substantial facts and doubts do exist which would warrant a very intensive inquiry." He, like Life, suggested Congress initiate the new investigation.

Russell said questions could be raised. "The test is, can you answer them," he added.

### FINDINGS REVISED

The senator said he had not wanted to serve on the commission, but did not say why. He said his objections had led to rewriting of some key findings of the commission report.

"I'm the only man that bucked the report," he said. "I told them, I'm not going to sign it as long as it's this way."

He said he objected to original wording that stated categorically there had been no conspiracy involved in the assassination. He insisted the report should go no further than

saying that Oswald fired the shots that killed Kennedy and wounded Connally.

Russell said Chief Justice Earl Warren, the commission chairman "was determined he was going to have a unanimous report. I said it would not be any trouble just to put a little asterisk up here (in the text) and then down at the bottom of the page saying, 'Sen. Russell dissents to this finding as follows.'"

## Later

"But Warren wouldn't hear of it. He finally took that part and rewrote it himself."

The final report said the commission found no evidence that Oswald "was part of any conspiracy, domestic or foreign."

Kilduff said that following the assassination, there was friction between Kennedy and newly inaugurated President Johnson factions aboard the funeral plane flying back to Washington.