E BI 100

HOOVER SAYS REDS **EXPLOIT NEGROES**

F.B.I. Chief Asserts Party Infiltrates Rights Drive

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 21 J. Edgar Hoover believes that "Communist influence does exist in the Negro movement" and can influence "large masses" of people.

The director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation made this statement to a House Ap-propriations subcommittee Jan. 29. The testimony was made The testimony was made

propriations subcommittee Jan. 29. The testimony was made public today. "The party is continually searching for new avenues in order to expand its influence among the Negroes," Mr. Hoover said. "In particular, it has sought ways and means to exploit the militant force of the Negro civil rights movement." "We do know that Communist influence does exist in the Negro movement and it is this influence which is vitally im-portant," he said. "It can be the means through which large masses are caused to lose perspective on the is-sues involved and, without real-izing it, succumb to the party's propaganda lures," Mr. Hoover said. Mr. Hoover's comments could

Mr. Hoover's comments could Mr. Hoover's comments could well be drawn into the current civil rights debate. Some South-ern opponents of the pending legislation have repeatedly charged that the Negro rights. 'movement is Communist-in-spired. In the testimony, Mr. Hoover

charged that the Negro rights 'movement is Communist-in-spired. In the testimony, Mr. Hoover said, however, that Communists attempted to exploit "what are often legitimate Negro com-plaints and grievances." He said, "Racial incidents are magnified and dramatized by Communists in an effort to gen-erate racial tensions. As a re-sult, such campaigns are ac-tually utilized as a stepping stone to extend Communist in-fluence among the Negroes." Communists try to make propaganda abroad, Mr. Hoover said, by propagating "the idea that this country is against equal rights for all races." Mr. Hoover said, "The num-ber of Communist party recruits which may be attracted from the large Negro racial group in this nation is not the im-portant thing. The old Com-munist principle still holds: 'Communist must be built with non-Communist hands.'" Some other officials displayed signs of irritation today at Mr. Hoover's failure to indicate the relatively small inroads made by Communist among Negroes. Last summer, Senator A. S. (Mike) Monroney, Oklahoma Democrat, wrote to Mr. Hoover about, charges of Communist influence in the civil rights movement. Mr. Hoover replied that under Justice Department policy he had sent the request onto the Attorney General. On July 23 Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy sent Sena-tor Monroney this answer:

"Based on all available in-"Based on all available in-formation from the F. B. I. and other sources, we have no evi-dence that any of the top lead-ers of the major civil rights groups are Communists, or Communist-controlled. "It is natural and inevitable that Communists have made ef-forts to infiltrate the civil

forts to infiltrate the civil rights groups and to exploit the current racial situation. In view of the real injustices that exist and the resentments against them, these efforts have been remarkably unsuccessful." As indicated by its text, that letter was written after consultation with F.B.I. officials. At one point in his testimony, Mr. Hoover went off the record, possibly to talk about individual leaders of civil rights groups.

The comments on Communism and civil rights were part of and civil rights were part of Mr. Hoover's annual testimony in support of the F.B.I. fund request. He also touched on many other topics. He said the Soviet Union had engaged in "revolting" efforts to blackmail American visitors to Buscing into sprving

to Blackmall American visitors to Russia into spying. "An American college profes-sor and a woman tourist," he said, "went to Moscow, where they were drugged while sep-arately visiting the Soviet Un-

ion, photographed while unconscious, participating in acts of sexual perversion, arrested and their cooperation in ob-taining intelligence information solicited under threat of prosecution and exposure."

Mr. Hoover also opposed proposals to transfer to the F.B.I. the investigative work of the Treasury Department's Bureau of Narcotics. He said the FB.I. was capable of doing the job

but it was wiser not to. "I think we are entirely too big today," he said, "bigger than we should be."