# 100 Years Ago Today: Lincoln Assassi

# **BOOTH PLANNED** TO AVENGE SOUTH

Actor Was Trapped in Barn After Flight - Some of Plotters Were Executed

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7

throwing his inheritance to Mary.

Learning of his poverty, Mrs. Montchessington flounces offstage after taxing the American for bad manners.

Asa watches her go, snorts,

and delivers this knee-slapper:

and delivers this knee-slapper:
"Don't know the manners of good society, eh? Waal, I guess I know enough to turn you inside out, old gal—you sock-dologizing old mantrap!"
The house roared as Harry Hawk spoke those lines.
And it was at this moment, taking advantage of the noise of laughter, that the assassin struck.

of laughter, that the assassin struck.

Incredibly, no one was standing guard at the door to the State Box.

The assassin had entered without challenge. He had pushed open the door from the unlighted hallway and now he stood in the carpeted box, seeing Lincoln, sitting in a horsehair rocker, silhouetted against the stagelights.

Carrying in his right hand a single-shot Derringer, an eightounce brass-barreled weapon, only six inches long, and in his left hand a long dagger, John Wilkes Booth pointed the Perringer between the President's left ear and spine and squeezed the trigger.

Only One Witness

That fateful moment was

Only One Witness

That fateful moment was witnessed by only one man—the assassin. Drapes and flags shielded the President from the audience. The attention of the President and of Mrs. Lincoln, who sat at his side in a straight-backed chair, and of their young guests, Maj. Henry R. Rathbone and his fiancé, Miss Clara Harris, sitting on a sofa, was riveted on the stage where Harry Hawk, savoring the laughter of the crowd, held the boards alone.

A lead ball, nearly a half-

A lead ball, nearly a half-inch in diameter, crashed into Lincoln's skull, inflicting a

Lincoln's skull, inflicting a mortal wound.

Offstage, near the prompt desk, W. J. Ferguson, an actor, heard the shot and, looking up, saw "Mr. Lincoln lean back in his rocking chair, his head coming to rest against the wall which 'stood between him and the audience . . . well inside the curtains."

Major Rathbone leaped from the sofa and grabbed at the

Major Rathbone leaped from the sofa and grabbed at the assassin. He was no match for Booth. The young actor, member of a Maryland family that had won distinction on the stage, was a superb gymnast and swordsman and a crack

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 14, 1965.

## nated at Ford's Theater

shot. Booth stabbed at the heart of Booth stabbed at the heart of Rathbone. Rathbone parried the lunge with his upper right arm, which was deeply slashed. As Rathbone reeled, Booth leaped to the balustrade. He slashed again at the groping hand of Rathbone and plunged 10 feet to the stage below. As he leaped the spur of his right foot caught in the folds of the Treasury Guard's flag, placed there as a special decoration for General Grant, who had begged General Grant, who had begged off at the last minute and was on his way with Mrs. Grant to Burlington, N. J., to see their children in school there.

### Theater Was in Chaos

Witnesses disagreed over what happened next. The theater was filled with chaos and panic. In his fall, Booth broke the shinbone of his left leg. But he scrambled up at once, dagger still in hand, and ran past the bewildered Hawk.

Behind the theater a slove-

bewildered Hawk.

Behind the theater a slow-witted chore boy known as Johnny Peanuts was holding Booth's rented horse, a fast bay mare. Booth sent the boy sprawling with a clout from the butt of his dagger, leaped on the horse and dashed for the Navy Yard Bridge across the Anacostia River.

Some historians like to believe that the wild-eyed, ravenhaired Booth paused for a moment on the stage, brandishing the bloody dagger and shouting the state motto of Virginia, the words of Brutus as he drove the knife into Caesar:

words of Brutus as he drove the knife into Caesar:

"Sic semper tyrannis" (Thus be it ever to tyrants).

Others insist that he spoke the melodramatic line while perched on the balustrade, ready to jump. Some witnesses be-

perched on the balustrade, ready to jump. Some witnesses believed they heard him shriek "The South is avenged!" Others, "The South shall be free!"
Lincoln never recovered consciousness, but his death was slow. He was carried across the street to the modest home of William Peterson, a tailor. There in a rear room, he was placed upon a bed and physicians summoned. He breath came in long gasps. Examination showed that the bullet had lodged near his right eye. The would bled very little.

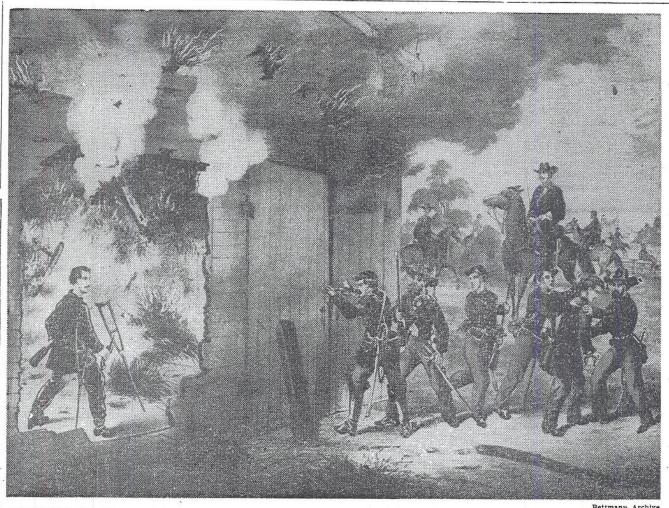
The Death Room

### The Death Room

The Death Room
Gideon Welles, Secretary of
the Navy, summoned from his
home, gave this picture of the
death room:
"The giant sufferer lay extended diagonally across the
bed, which was not long enough
for him. He had been stripped
of his clothes. His large arms,
which were occasionally exposed, were of a size which one
could scarce have expected from could scarce have expected from

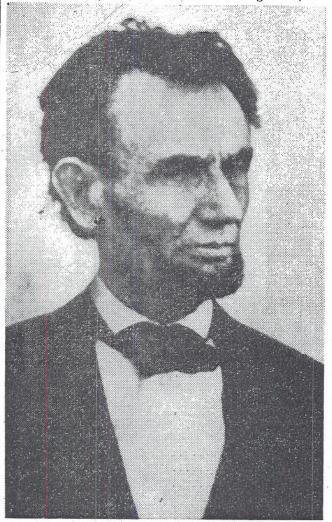
# in the Capital

his spare appearance. His slow, full respiration lifted the clothes with each breath that he took. His features were calm and striking. I had never seen them appear to better advantage than for the first hour, perhaps, that I was there. After that, his right eye began to swell and



ASSASSIN BROUGHT TO BAY: John Wilkes Booth, Lincoln's killer, is pictured in contemporary sketch as he was trapped in a tobacco barn near Bowling Green, Va.

Federal soldiers set the barn afire when Booth refused to come out. At right David E. Herold, an accomplice who surrendered, is being led away. The assassin was killed.



PRESIDENT LINCOLN: This photograph of the President was taken about one month before his assassination.



JOHN WILKES BOOTH, the President's assassin.



BOSTON CORBETT, who said that he shot Booth.

VOL, XIV ..... NO. 4230.

### AWFUL EVENT.

## President Lincoln Shot by an Assassin.

The Deed Done at Ford's Theatre Last Night.

THE ACT OF A DESPERATE REBEL

The President Still Alive at Last Accounts.

No Hopes Entertained of His Recovery.

Attempted Assassination of Secretary Seward.

DETAILS OF THE BREADFUL TRAGEDY.

This evening at about 9:30 P. M., at Ford's Theatre, the President, while sitting in his private box with Mrs. Lincols, Mrs. Harris, and Major Rathestan, was shot by an assassin, who suddenly entered the box and approsched behind the President.

The assassin then leaped upon the stage, randishing a large daggeror knife, and made

his escape in the rear of the theatre.

The piatoi ball entered the back of the President's head and penetrated nearly through the heas. The wound is mortal. The President has been insensible ever since it was in-Sicted, and is now dying.

About the same hour an assassin, whether the same or not, entered Mr. Sawarn's apart-ments, and under the pretence of having a prescription, was shown to the Secretary's sick chamber. The assessin immediately rushed to the bed, and inflicted two or three stabs on the throat and two on the face, It is hoped the wounds may not be mortal. My apprehension Is that they will prove fatal.

The nurse alarmed Mr. Frederick Sawarn, who was in an adjoining room, and hastened to the door of his father's room, when he met the assasie, who inflicted upon him one of more dangerous wounds. The recovery of Frederick Seward is doubtful.

It is not probable that the Tresident will live throughout the night.

Geo. GRANT and wife were advertised to be at the theatre this evening, but he started to

Burlington at 6 o'clock this eyening, At a Cabinet meeting at which Gen. GRANT

was present, the subject of the state of the country and the prospect of a speedy peace-was discussed. The President was very cheerful and hopeful, and spoke very kindly of Gen. Laz and others of the Confederacy, and of the establishment of government in

All the members of the Cabinet except Mr. Sawaro, are now in attendance upon the

I have seen Mr. Sawans, but he and Paspeaica were both unconscious.

EDWIN M. STANTON,

DETAIL OF THE OCCURRENCE,

Wangmoron, Friday, April 14-12:30 A. M. The President was shot in a theatre to-

NEWSPAPER REPORT: The New York Times ran long story of assassination.

less vigil. The weather had turned cloudy and damp. At dawn, with easterly winds stirring the budding trees on 10th Street, the rain set in.

1954 with a record-shattering plurality, carrying all but six States.

A Dream of Death
There was scant parallel, too, in the lines of t

that part of his face became assurance. Lyndon B. Johnson of Texas proved as a service of the se discolored."

Throughout the night the was elected 36th President in watchers maintained their hope-

There was scant parallel, too,

ring the budding trees on 10th Street, the rain set in.

The death struggle had begun. The President stopped breathing at times. Once, Mrs. Lincoln cried to him, "Live! You must live!" and again, "Bring Tad—he will speak to Tad—he loves him so." [Thomas (Tad) was the Lincolns' youngest son.]

At last, at 7:22, the breathing ceased entirely. A young Army surgeon placed coins over the eyelids of the President and drew a white sheet over the face. "A look of unspeakable peace" had settled on the drawn features of Lincoln, wrote John Hay.

Today, with memories of another Presidential assassination still painfully fresh, Americans tend to see many parallels in the lives and deaths of Abraham Lincoln and John F. Kennedy.

Both were deeply involved in the dream affilicted John F. Kennedy. Unlike in the lives of Lincoln and Kennedy, Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in poverty, self-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, born in the lives of Lincoln, belf-educated, rose by his own in the lives of Lincoln, belf-educated, rose

Both were deeply involved in the civil rights struggle.

Both were shot on a Friday. Both were shot in the head from behind, and in the presence of their wives.

Both Assassins Slain

Both Presidential assassins were shot dead before they could be brought to trial.

Both Presidential assassins that the presence of the presidential assassins were shot dead before they could be brought to trial.

Both Assassins Slain

Both Presidential assassins were shot dead before they could be brought to trial.

were shot dead before they could be brought to trial.

Both Presidents were succeeded by Southerners named Johnson.

Both Presidents were mourned as national martyrs in remarkas national martyrs in remarkable demonstrations of grief.
Carl Sandburg, describing the nation's shock at the murder of Lincoln, wrote:
"Thousands on thousands"

Lingering Suspicion

Yet the case with which the

of Lincoln, wrote:

"Thousands on thousands would remember as long as they lived the exact place where they had been standing or seated or lying down when the news came to them, recalling precisely in details and particulars where they were and what they were doing when the dread news arrived."

Both assassinations plunged millions of Americans into deep depression, assailing them with forebodings that the nation was on the brink of fresh disasters.

But here the list of curious parallels ends abruptly. In the case of Lincoln's successor, the dark forebodings were justified: Andrew Johnson of Tennessee, the 17th President of the United States, was tried on impeachment charges and escaped conviction by one vote in the Senate.

President Kennedy was followed by a man who filled out the remaining months of his term with surprising power and with equal passion that Kennedy was the victim of a right-wing plot. Not even the report of the Warren Commission has com-

peared on the lecture platform.

Was exposed as a fraud. Conhave the weapons ready. In the wassassination? right-wing-lerent, and he soon returned to have the weapons ready. In the warren Commission of the Warren Commission of the Warren Commission of the Warren Commission of guilt.

United States Government?" demanded Lord Bertrand Russell of Britain's Who Killed Kennedy Committee, a supporter of many left-wing causes. Still, the Warren Report of many left-wing causes. Still the Warren Report of the Report

the investigation of the Lincoln murder did not approach the died soon after dawn on the work of the Warren Commission in competence and dispassionate objectivity. Most historians agree that the trial of Booth's co-conspirators before a military court was an outrage to justice.

Booth, hunted like an animal in the swampy wilderness on both sides of the Potomac below E. Jenkins Surratt, the Wash-Washington, was finally trapped in the side of the Lincoln died soon after dawn on the porch of the Richard H. Garrett Samm.

Meanwhile, several alleged conspirators had been rounded up. The cast of characters tried by the special military tribunal in Washington was colorless and undistinguished, even though it included Mrs. Mary Washington, was finally trapped ington boardinghouse keeper

### Meeting at Boardinghouse

sion in competence and dispersion in competence and dispersion in competence appears on the control operation of the control of the control operation o

pletely put to rest doubts that Oswald, a paranoid ex-marine who once defected to Moscow, was indeed the solitary slayer. "Why did President Johnson hero. "Why did President Johnson appoint a 'known Communist' of the war Corbett appoint a 'known Communist' peared on the lecture platform. But his speeches were incorposed as a fraud. Context was lying, that he was the country." Most of this preposterous testimony came from Sanford Context appoint a 'known Communist' peared on the lecture platform. But his speeches were incorposed as a fraud. Context was lying, that he was the country." Most of this preposterous testified that she had delivered a field glass to the delivered a

with Mrs. Surratt that sweltering day were:
Lewis Paine, 20, the son of a Baptist minister, who had tried to murder Secretary of State William H. Seward at the same time that Booth shot Lincoln. A gorilla-shaped youth with powerful arms, slanting brow and low intelligence, Paine fought his way into Seward's bderoom, inflicting stab wounds on the Secretary, his two sons and two other men.

inded with a hung jury, and the fovernment eventually, dropped he prosecution. After teaching and lecturing. Surratt became in auditor for the Baltimore steam Packet Company, a job is held until his death in 1916. The other alleged conspirators, Dr. Mudd, Michael D'Laughlin, Samuel Arnold, a armhand, and Edward Spanger, a scene shifter at Ford's, were imprisoned at Fort Jefferson, in the Dry Tortugas.

O'Laughlin died of yellow iever Sept. 23, 1867. The others, Dr. Mudd, Spangler and Arnold, were pardoned by President Johnson in February, 1869. nded with a hung jury, and the