# NEWS LETTER

# Published by News Research Service, Inc., 727 W. Seventh Street, Los Angeles, California

Space permits only highlighting of news. More detailed information is available to serious Students and Writers.

Figures in Text indicate Reference Notes at end of Issue.

No.118. December 4,1940

ALIBI FRONT OF AMERICA-NAZIS CRACKS

Patriotism is the last refuge of a scoundrel. --Samuel Johnson

Subversivists of all persuasions, once uncovered, promptly seize upon the Stars and Stripes as their most effective camouflage. This abuse of the flag is resorted to not only by foreign-born Nazi propagandists but also by native-Prerican adherents of Hitler. Almost daily, new cases of both types are ex-, sed, many of them reaching spectacular proportions.

For the present, NEWS LETTER unfolds cases involving Dr. Friedrich E. Auhagen 1), Dr. Edmond F. Kohl and George Sylvester Viereck 2), all German-born. Counterparts of native-born anti-Democratic agitators will be presented in an early issue, when, among others, the activities of G. Allison Phelps will be analyzed. This is the man who daily, via radio station KMTR, Los Angeles, uneashes a half-hour salvo calculated to arouse racial antagonisms. Using many of Doktor Goebbels' stock arguments, Phelps resorts to the same bag of tricks which underlings of the Reich Propaganda Ministry employ, sspecially "flag ca-A mouflage". To this end, Phelps inces-

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santly repeats: "I preach Americanism".

To deal first with the Nazi brand of anti-Democratic subversivists:

NEWS LETTER, on January 4th, last, reproduced a rather chummy letter (illustration on page 2) written by Dr. Herbert Scholz 3), German Consul General at Boston, Mass. Addressed to "Dear Auhagen", it promised guidance for the editorial conduct of "Today's Challenge" 4), organ of the "American Fellowship Forum" <sup>5</sup>). Offering in evidence a facsimile of this letter, written on official Consulate stationery, NEWS LETTER pointed out that it conclusively proved intimate cooperation between the German government and the publishers of "To- | day's Challenge". Subsequently, Reich Consul Scholz' indiscreet document was reprinted in many newspapers from coast to coast; it also appeared in Der Aufbau (Reconstruction), a German-language, strongly anti-Nazi periodical, published in New York City.

Page 2.

As a result, all these publications were veritably inundated by "Letters to the Editor". This avalanche of protest had been unloosed by officers of the "American Fellowship Forum", all of them zealously averring that this organization and "Today's Challenge" had no Nazi affiliations at all. The editor, and members of his advisory committee, seemed greatly incensed at being mentioned in the same breath with Goebbels et al.

Studying these letters, certain resemblances as to approach of subject, and such logic of denial as they were supposed to contain, stand out strikingly. In every letter, the emphatic statement occurs that the writers, far from being Nazis, are good American patriots, and will have absolutely no truck whatever with those terrible Nazis .... above all, not in such matters as their treatment of "non-Aryan" minorities. In this way, all "writers-in" try to sidestep the subject under discussion so as to make it appear as if anti-Semitism, and not Nazism, is the case in point.

#### The Philo-Semitic Red Herring

No sooner had Der Aufbau reproduced from NEWS LETTER Reich Consul Scholz' indiscreet note, than its editor, Dr. Manfred George, received, within 24 hours, first Auhagen's (facsimile on page 3) and then Kohl's protest (facsimile on

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| Today's Challenge, Inc.<br>11 West 42nd Street<br>New York City.<br>Lieber Auhrgen!<br>Merzlichen Danz für Ihr Schreiben vom<br>18. Juli 1933. Ich michte Ihnen versichern, dass<br>Iche Zeitschrift "Today's Challenge" hier in Boston<br>be' theren Freunden durchaus Eindruck gemicht hat<br>und diese weiteste Verbreitung gefunden hat und<br>auch noch finden wird.<br>Ich werie nicht versäumen, Sie bei zeinem<br>nächsten Auferthält in New York anzurafer. Asmit<br>wir uns über verschiedene Probleme unterhalten kön-<br>men.<br>Kit nochmals besten Dank und freundlichen<br>Grüssen<br>Ihr<br>(Dr. Merbert Scholz)   | Teb.Sr. 3206.         |   |
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pages 4 and 5). The latter, a physicic ives at 313 East 86th Street, New York ity -- that is, right in the very heart of the Yorkville (Klein Deutschland) eighborhood -- naturally enough drawing nost of his clientele from that region.

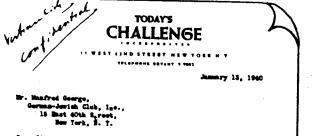
Auhagen, in his letter, written in English on the stationery of "Today's hallenge" -- then still a bi-monthly but oon thereafter reduced to "The Forum Oberver" 6) and now suspended -- mounts is high horse, stating:

.... Upon mature consideration, I have decided against writing an answer for publication. I feel that in trying to refute those charges, . would act according to the old proverb, "Qui s'excuse, s'accuse". My publication, "Today's Challenge", really speaks for itself. Anyone who would take the trouble of reading the current issue of the magasine must come to the conclusion that the allegations persistently spread about our publication by the

of letter which Dr. Herbert Scholz. to Auhagen, then guiding spirit of ow8:

Sincere thanks for your letter of July 18, 1939. I want to assure you that your periodical, "Today's Challenge", has greatly impressed our friends here in Pactar friends here in Boston. It found widest circulation and will continue I shall not neglect to telephone you the next time I am in to do so. New York so that we may discuss various problems. (Underscoring by NRS) Thanking you once more, and with cordial greetings,

> Scholz (signed) Yours. Dr. Herbert Scholz, German Consul



Dear Sir:

This is to confirm our telephone conversation of yesterday regarding the article printed in the "Anfran" under the title, "Bail Consol Guides Baich Propagands in U.S.A." In the course of our conversation, you were kind enough to offer to print my answer to the charges made in the above-mentioned article.

Byon makure consideration, I have desided against writing even an answer for publication. I feel that in trying to refute these absrges, I would ack asserting to the old provers, "Qui s'answer, "to all of the second second second second second second second 'to cover's "by validation one to the second second second second times of the magnine most sense to the second second second second times of the magnine most sense to the second second second second times of the magnine most sense to the second second second second times of the magnine most sense to the second second second second times of the magnine most sense to the second second second second times of the second second second second second second second times of the second second second second second second second times of the second second second second second second second times of the second second second second second second times of a public second second second second second second the second second second second second second second second the second second second second second second second second the second second second second second second second second the second second second second second second second the second second second second second second second text of a public second second second second second second the very publication of this letter might not second se

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Facsimile of Dr. F. E. Auhagen's letter addressed to Dr. Manfred George, editor of "Der Aufbau". Story on page 2. News Research Service of Los Angeles are without any substance whatsoever. As far as the letter of Dr. Herbert Scholz is concerned, it carries all the earmarks of a polite note dictated without much thought to what implications an unfriendly reader might draw. The very fact that the letter was written at all ought to be sufficient proof against the fact that "Today's Challenge" is inspired by German authorities, above all by the Consul in Boston.

After this, Auhagen reaches for his usual philo-Semitic eye-wash, and continues:

.... The main reason for my calling you yesterday was to satisfy my own curiosity as to what motives were behind the publication of the abovementioned article. As I told you, and as many people around New York do know. I have at all times expressed myself against the persecution of the Jews in Germany. Therefore, I was not a little surprised to see a refugee paper (Der Aufbau) attack me, who both because of his family background as well as his own activity, should be a friend rather than an enemy of the oppressed Jewish minority in Germany. I shall be glad to furnish you with ample evidence of this fact if you would care to call on me in my office.

Just to make sure that his eye-wash will take effect, Auhagen reinforces it with an admixture of blatant threat, warning:

....It seems to me that a group of recent immigrants should be very careful of the way in which they pick their enemies. I should think the experiences of your people in Germany might make them just a little more cautious in respect to their actions on this side of the Atlantic. When I first saw it, your article struck me as a rather illtimed attempt to add another member to the growing anti-Semitic movement in this country.

# The Voice is Jacob's, But ....

The second letter, received by Der Aufbau, is written in German on the private stationery of Dr. Kohl. It is well seasoned with whimsies greatly remindful of what Viereck considers his "own inimitable touches". Accordingly, it opens:

....If I introduce myself to you as the current president of the little group which publishes "Today's Challenge" and also as a sub-

scriber to your weekly paper, the Aufbau, you most likely will consider this impossible or a bad joke. However, this is the case, and I actually have subscribed to your paper ever since its inception.

Parenthetically, it may be inserted here that Kohl subscribed to Aufbau for exactly the same reason that NRS continuously peruses all such subversivist publications as "Today's Challenge", "The Forum Observer", Deutscher Weckruf und Beobachter 7), etc., etc. Kohl merely filled the position of what is known as an "exchange editor", in other words, editorial watch-dog.

Assuming a tone of paternal indulgence, Dr. Kohl continues:

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| Facsimile of first page of Dr.<br>E. F. Kohl's letter to Dr. Man-   |          |

fred George, editor of "Der Aufbau". Story on page 2.

.... The purpose of my letter is to ask you to be a little more careful. If you are really interested in us, you should take time to clarify certain facts so that your publication, which otherwise is most interesting, does not stoop to smearing in the typical Goebbels manner. Unfortunately, the adult, emigrating to this country, cannot drop all his European habits; nevertheless, he should exert greater care. I take the liberty to speak like this because, in all probability, I have been in contact with as many emigrants as you, and count among my good friends as many emigrants as you do.

Eventually, Kohl inserts into his letter a gratuitous plug for the Lindberghs, upbraiding Dr. George for what he terms

the very dubious manner in which you have treated one of the most beautiful documents of American literature, the "Prayer for Peace", by Ann Morrow Lindbergh.

Then, Kohl refers to a rather surprisen ng coincidence. He just

happened to be in the office of the American Fellowship Forum when the letter from Consul Scholz arrived.... Someone...must have taken the scraps of paper from the waste basket and pasted them together....

#### Shades of a Master Mind

Now here again the fine Italian hand of George Sylvester Viereck becomes visible. Author of a confessional volume entitled "Spreading Germs of Hate" (illustration on page 6), describing his pro-Kaiser exploits during World War I, Viereck, in the course of practically a whole lifetime of propagandizing pan-Germanism, has invented certain tricks of his trade of which he is inordinately proud. One of them might be termed "waste-basket consciousness". On this subject, Viereck offers the advice that it is not sufficient to tear up incriminating letters, but that scraps of them must never be dropped into the same waste basket. Fragments should always be divided between at least two waste baskets not in too close proximity to each other or, better still, scattered while walking along the street or -- safest of all -- burned.

In the course of his letter, Kohl resorts to the usual device of confounding anti-Nazism with anti-Semitism. This association of ideas is a dead giveaway, clearly revealing the trend of Kohl's mind. The so-called Jewish question was never referred to by so much as one word in the original NEWS LETTER story, nor in the Aufbau story, based on it. Nevertheless, Kohl reproaches Dr. George, as follows:

.... Of course, you sense anti-Semitism behind everything. I, too, consider this problem one of the most important for America. It is too bad that circles which are honestly trying to find a solution to the problem are not receiving any cooperation from the people from whom it could be most expected -- namely, Americans of Jewish faith....As long as I have something to do with it, our periodical will never permit its pages to create, or to aggravate, racial differences. But if this is not enough to satisfy you, and if you should demand that everyone here -- especially if he comes from Central Europe -- must be an absolute hater and an "Anti" then, of course, I cannot go along, because then we would do exactly what the Bohles and their colleagues would like us to do, namely: Coordinate Germandom with National Socialism.

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Panit will ich aber schliessen. Ze empfichit sich Ihnen Thr Arsebener

Munut F.Kohl.

Facsimile of second page of Dr. E. F. Kohl's letter to Dr. Manfred George, editor of 'Der Story on page 2. Aufbau".

By throwing in Ernest Wilhelm Bohle 8) -- who is in charge of the Nazi A. O. (Foreign Country Organization) -- Kohl dresses up his letter with the slickest Red Herring imaginable. By this psychological twist, he apparently disavows any connection with, or approval of, Nazi propaganda tactics as employed in the United States. However, feeling secure in the knowledge that he has pulled a "fast one", he skids badly when he finishes this particular paragraph with the implied threat that if Dr. George, et al -supposedly including News Research Service! -- do not mend their ways, Germandom and National Socialism (in the United States) would actually become coordinated.

### NEWS LETTER "Under Fire"

On February 5th, continuing his counterattack against Aufbau and NEWS LETTER, Kohl wrote a letter to NRS, this time in English, in which he closely followed the same tactics to which he resorted when he addressed Dr. George. He starts by again stressing the fact that the Aufbau is a publication which he has received ever since its inception. Then the usual philo-Semitic red herring follows, phrased in these words:

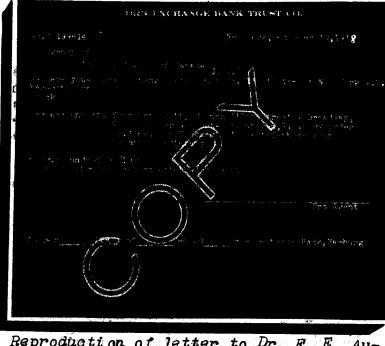
.... Many of its (Aufbau) readers are close friends of mine. I am happy to say that I have been able to help many of them in their distress.

Again Kohl assumes a patronizing attitude which, at the same time, constitutes an implied threat, and writes:

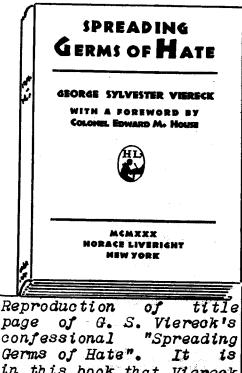
## Page 6.

My answer to your "exposure" went to Mr. Manfred George, the editor of the weekly. I felt I should warn my friends not to fall into a trap. They had enough experience in Europe with Goebbels, Himmler and the Gestapo. I also want them to learn that the United States is different and wants to remain dif-We regard it as un-American (!) to ferent. imitate, on our (!) soil, Gestapo or OGPU methods; to pilfer the mail of fellow countrymen (!), to slander them, telling half truths about them, before checking very carefully on all underlying facts. It is my sincere wish that my friends and their fellow sufferers purge themselves of the poison they had to swallow in small or large quantities in Europe during the last seven years. In many instances, it had a devastating effect and leaves us with the impression that Goebbels left an indelible mark on our Jewish refugees. After all, hate is only love in reverse. We here do not have to wear masks. Our Americanism is sincere and deeply rooted. We believe that it is our duty to contribute only constructive work in behalf of our country. (Emphasis by NRS) It is the privilege of any man or woman, who wants to learn something about our groups and their personals (sicl) to receive full information about every phase and development.

Assuming that their counter-attack had completely squelched their first objective, i.e., the Aufbau, and that their barrage could now be directed at NEWS LETTER, Dr. Kohl's sortie was presently supported by another letter received by NRS. It came from none other than Herr Doktor Herbert Scholz. Following the



Reproduction of letter to Dr. F. E. Auhagen, advising him of arrival of check from Germany.



Germs of Hate". It is in this book that Viereck rather proudly relates his propagandistic exploits during the Kaiser's War, before and after the United States entered the conflict. Story on page 4.

all too familiar camouflage pattern, the Reich Consul's statement under (3) over-stresses his democratic or entation to such an extent as to become improbable, when he says:

.... I think I have the liberty and right to say this to any American citizen who communicates with me regardless whether he is a publisher, my dentist or my banker. "Problems" exist, as far as I can conceive, in many lines of human life.

"This", in Dr. Scholz' letter, refers to his promise in his letter to Auhagen that he will

not neglect to telephone you the next time that I am in New York, so that we may discuss various .problems. Indeed, the Herr Konsul, according to his letter

cannot see why the expression "so that we may discuss various problems" can furnish proof that Dr. Auhagen is actually guided by the advice of Reich-officials.

Under Point (2), Dr. Scholz indulges in a definite misstatement by protesting that again

....I cannot see why the opening "Dear Auhagen!" should testify to the closest cooperation between Auhagen and myself. In fact, if I address somebody like this in German, it is rather formal, otherwise I would call him Freddy, Fred or Fritz. (His first name is Friedrich, as far as I know.)

|  | 22. <b>pril 19</b> 39   |            |
|--|---|------------|
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| ATWATER & SALA                                       | few more contacts:  |            |
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| 1  | -r.and -ra Jarke  |            |
|  | 8 -nst 48th -t  |            |
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| Last ]<br>Tou for                                    | ight may you ever thin you wanted, even Sedicine. I hop   | •          |
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|  | -incerely Yours   |            |
|  | Erman T Koly  |            |
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| ruosimii   | e of letter by Edmond F. Koh.   | <b>L</b> , |
| addresse   | d to Dr. F. E. Auhagen. (D  |            |
|  |   |            |
| nanonni  | na hu Nasi Stanu an naga H  | C          |
| 0010014  | ng by NRS) Story on page 8  |            |

Dr. Scholz, born and bred in Germany and completely imbued with the spirit of the Fatherland, cannot help knowing that the formal way to address Auhagen would have been Sehr geehrter Herr Doktor Auhagen (Very esteemed Dr. Auhagen). If a German government official in a letter on official stationery, addresses some-one as "Dear Auhagen", it may absolutely be taken for granted that he is on intimate terms with that particular person. To make a statement to the contrary is as incorrect as it is fallacious of Dr. Scholz. Surely, if Auhagen was a stranger to him and he was merely conforming to

a well known and polite custom to thank a publisher who sends you a copy of a new magazine, regardless whether it is a political or other publication,

he certainly would not have blatantly overstepped the boundaries of German custom by addressing this "stranger" so familiarly as "Dear Auhagen"!

Besides, as shall be proved presently, Auhagen was by no means a stranger to official Germany (see pages 8 and 10.)

Not only Dr. Scholz rushed into the fray, but also *Herr* George Sylvester Viereck. Indeed, he acted as vanguard when writing to NRS a letter (facsimile on page 1) which is completely self-explanatory. For good measure, it contains one of Viereck's "inimitable touches" in its very last paragraph, where he asks for "at least two more copies of #41 for my files and my scrap book". He most assuredly would need "at least two": One for his personal scrap book and another for his boss, *Doktor* Goebbels.

It is a rule of the Reich Propaganda Ministry that their agents in foreign countries must, from time to time, submit printed evidence showing to what extent they have exerted, and made martyrs of, themselves in the interest of the Fatherland. Viereck is admittedly an agent of a foreign principal in the meaning of the McCormack Law. After being shown up as such by NRS on September 14, 1939, he eventually complied with this law and filed his name with the DepartPage 8.

ment of State, as described in NEWS LETTER of October 26, 1939 and August 28, 1940.

#### According to NRS ....

With the publication of the so-called Dies White Book, all protestations on the part of *Herren* Auhagen, Kohl, Viereck, et al, have been proved completely fallacious; at the same time, it is borne out that NRS was absolutely correct in all its statements.

As regards Auhagen and his connections with the German government, there is now on public record an advice (illustration on page 6) from the Corn Exchange Bank and Trust Company of New York City to the Royal Bank of Canada, acknowledging remittance from Germany to Auhagen.

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| Th                           | We read your -   | ervies very earsfull                          | w bot here                         |   |
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| Sylvester V                  | iereck,  | addressed t                                   | o ur. Man-                         |   |
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| on this pag                  | б.   |   |                                    |   |
|                              |  |   |                                    | • |
| etter of adv                 | ice (ill   | ustration of                                  | n this page)                       | , |
| I NEWS LETTE                 | R of Aug   | ust 28. 1940                                  | 0. Viereck h                       | B |
| Filer <sup>9</sup> ), re     | presenti   | ng the Nazi                                   | authorities                        |   |
| ur disposal                  | for edi  | torial conf                                   | erences when                       | e |
| rticular le                  | tter of  | Viereck's.                                    | accepting th                       | è |

This check is only one of many, all proving how closely Auhagen and the German government cooperated, making it altogether clear why Dr. Scholz enjoyed such friendly relations with the publisher of pro-Nazi "Today's Challenge", addressing him so familiarly.

Additional records now confirm the fact that Auhagen and Kohl were working hand in hand. In view of this, it is not the least bit surprising that, as Kohl wrote in his letter to Dr. George, he "happened to be in the office of the American Fellowship Forum" when Consul Scholz' letter arrived.

For a medical man, Kohl, in his correspondence with Auhagen, certainly revealed that he possesses a mentality which paralle that of a member of Hitler's general staff. This is graphically borne out in his letter (illustration on page 7) to Auhagen, dated April 22, 1939, especially in a line which orders Auhagen:

Put Mr. Graigen on the spot! Tell him to give money and men with money. No words!

In reference to Viereck, one f the documents now on file is a

letter of advice (illustration on this page), dated April 11, 1939. As shown in NEWS LETTER of August 28, 1940, Viereck had hired himself out to Dr. Heinz Beller <sup>9</sup>), representing the Nazi authorities in this transaction, to be "at your disposal for editorial conferences whenever mutually convenient". That particular letter of Viereck's, accepting the propaganda assignment from the Nazis, was brimful of his "inimitable" and, at the same time, unmistakable touches. It was indited in exactly the same vein of caution in which Viereck wrote to Manfred Zapp <sup>10</sup>) of "Transocean Service" <sup>11</sup>), treating him to advice which only a veteran propagandist could offer on how to overcome the resistance of the American press against Goebbels-concocted Transocean "news". There is nothing in Viereck's letter to Zapp -- analogous to the letter which Viereck wrote to Beller -- that he could not explain away if necessary. It indicates that Viereck, knowing the American press, its customs and idiosyncracies, is regarded by the Nazis as the most expert adviser on propaganda matters they could hire in this country.

However, it seems that, despite Viereck's expert advice, Transocean Service did not succeed in infiltrating the American press front. When sales resistance became too sustained, Zapp wrote to *Regierungsrat* (State Counselor) Günther Altenburg of the Reich Foreign Office (illustration on this page). This was after the outbreak of the war, and meanwhile Zapp had certainly acted on Viereck's advice. Nevertheless, Transocean had not made much progress. Summing up his negative results when approaching American newspapers, Zapp

|   | wrote as f             |
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| 17. Oktober 1939,   | official,              |
| Barra Geografica  | lation:                |
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| summer and the strate to be made  | news tha               |
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| ungangbar sind. Wir lassen hiep Jedenfalls nichts unversucht.   | here. I                |
| mn wir euch bisher noch keine Freige geseitigt haben, so brauch<br>Leh das jedech nicht absuhalten, immer wieder neue Versteesse und<br>gerimente zu mechen. Jetat stelle ich alle die Transcesennach-  | develop                |
| sperimente su messen. Jetst etelle 16h alle die Transcesennesh-<br>lahten der letsten Menste den Machrichten der Konkurrens gezenweher.   | in Berli               |
| Lahten der letzten Hanste en Hächrichten der Konkurrens gegenweber,<br>a denen wir die Konkurrens seitlich und inheitlich geschlagen heben.<br>ab dies het nicht vielscholfen. Immer wieder mohet ich selete  | more exc.              |
| uch dies hat nicht viel geholfen. Immer wieder mache ich solche<br>ersuche, jedech vergejens. Und das ist entmutigend.  | that is r              |
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| sch auf, dass Tranfossen hin und vieder mitiert wird. Ich habe ferner   | tha <b>t we</b>        |
| er grossen Presse aus der Luft direkt gestahlen wird und den Pe-  | make the               |
| Wei serfræftigen Lesen der emerikanischen Fresse faalt je-<br>leeh mit, dass Frandessen hin und wieder mitiert wird. Ich habe ferner<br>estgestellt, dass ein gresser Teil der Transoeannachrichten von<br>er grossen Fresse aus der Luft direkt gestehlen wird und den Pe-<br>ekteuren au Infermationsswerken verliegt. De erhalten wir wenigstems<br>um diese Weise Fingeng in die amerikanische Presse, wenn es auch<br>eusserlich nicht sichtbar ist. | courteou               |
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| d die Loute auf Transessan nougierig su machen. Wenn wir mahr<br>alitactsware und mehr Hashrichten bringen, die die enderen, wie<br>und UF nicht haben, dann kommen wir mit der Zeit hier dereh das<br>reichen, was wir wellen. Wir mussen in Berlin unseren Tränsessam-  | we give j              |
| rolehen, was wir wellen. Wir mussen in Berlin ungenen Gereh das   | ier and l              |
| anat so susbauen, dass wir mehr auklusive Hashrichten bringen, die  | than we                |
| und UP nicht mir Verfuegung stehen. Ich habe den Rindrunk, dess<br>r Deutsche immer nech auf den Fehler verfallen, Auslandern gegen-  | If we cau              |
| folgedessen auch den mulaendigehen Arenturen frushen und anha fo  |                        |
| genheit geben als der eigenen deutschen Agentur. Wenn es uns gelin-<br>m sellte, dass Transcean-Berichterstatter an die Frent gehen und   | porters t<br>intervieu |
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|   | privates,              |
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| Heil Hitler J   | our goal               |
| Doin  | ered too               |
| csimile of memorandum by Dr. Manfred Zapp   |                        |
| dranged to "Deciemin age - ( State Company  | support 1              |

addressed to "Regierungsrat" (State Counsel-

or) Guenther Altenburg. Story on this page.

wrote as follows to the Berlin Nazi official, according to the translation:

Page 9.

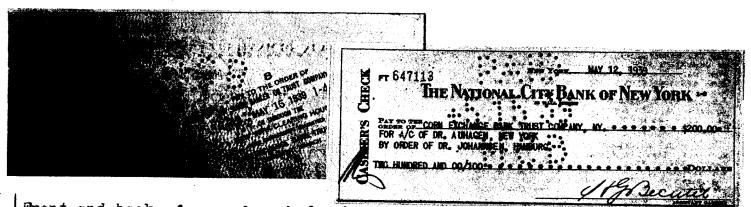
ying to take advantage ent conditions and make curious about Transo-If we can provide more ate material and more in the others, such as UP, we shall be able in attain our objective It will be necessary to our Transocean service n so as to provide clusive news -- news not available to AP I have the impression Germans continue to mistake of being more s to foreigners than wn fellow countrymen, n indication of this foreign agencies earlbetter opportunities give German agencies. uld get Transocean reto go to the front and w generals as well as , that would be exclus that we could get American press. The ld be true of interth, and statements U-boat commanders. all take an enormous f time, effort, hard the conquest of op-. But without it we ount on success. No no monetary sacrifice ld bring us nearer to ought to be considgreat. If you could Transocean in this, upport you certainly would so something really worthwhile. (Underscoring by NRS)

#### Page 10.

"Something really worthwhile" refers, of course, to Zapp's endeavor to infiltrate the United States with Nazi ideology. This is the cherished goal of the Auhagens, Kohls, Viereck's, et al, when they speak of "our country" in reference to the United States. What they really mean -- and they are proving it right along by their very actions -- is Unser Amerika<sup>(2)</sup> in the sense in which Colin Ross<sup>(13)</sup> used this term as the title for his most brazen propaganda volume.

Although their tongue-in-cheek "Americanism" has been evident ever since they went to work, boring from within the United States and spreading their germs of hate toward national disunion, they wrapped themselves so smugly in Old Glory as to scare off many a publisher from printing the truth as he knew it. Others, refusing to be intimidated, were threatened with libel suits. It is interesting to note that, although many of these actions have been threatened, most of them were withdrawn before trial date, and that <u>NOT</u> <u>ONE OF THEM WAS WON</u> in the face of evidence, ready for submission to the court.

Nevertheless, US Nazis of variegated hues still continue to misuse the American flag for camouflage purposes. They must be watched all the closer since, with their Day of Judgment near, they are liable to resort to more and more protective coloring to escape detection.



Front and back of one of a whole sheaf of cancelled checks, proving that Auhagen received monies through one "Dr. Johannsen, Hamburg". Employment of go-betweens is the usual procedure by which the Reich Propaganda Ministry tries to cover its tracks.

#### \*\*\*\*\*

For additional information on names and facts referred to, see back issues as follows: 1)- $\pm109$ ;  $\pm97$ ;  $\pm82$ ; <sup>2</sup>)- $\pm108$ ;  $\pm51$ ;  $\pm41$ ;  $\pm37$ ; <sup>3</sup>)- $\pm97$ ;  $\pm96$ ;  $\pm64$ ; 4)- $\pm97$ ;  $\pm82$ ;  $\pm64$ ; 5)- $\pm97$ ;  $\pm64$ ;  $\pm41$ ; 6)- $\pm97$ ;  $\pm82$ ; 7)- $\pm113$ ;  $\pm106$ ;  $\pm102$ ; 6)- $\pm103$ ;  $\pm77$ ; 9)- $\pm103$ ; 10)- $\pm105$ ; 11)- $\pm108$ ;  $\pm105$ ;  $\pm84$ ; 12)- $\pm96$ ;  $\pm84$ ;  $\pm32$ ; 13)- $\pm103$ ;  $\pm66$ ;  $\pm48$ .

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