Congress Is Viewed as Unlikely to Meet High

second deadline imposed by the Supreme Court.

With Senate floor action possible later this week and the House not scheduled to vote until March 17 at the earliest, backers of the move to reconstitute the Federal Election Commission are pessimistic to the White House by the March 22 time limit.

If Congress does not complete action by that date, under two high court rulings, the Federal Election Commission runs less than two within 30 days regulations applicable to Presidential candidates for their primary campaigns and national parties for their conventions.

The House and Senate versions dendered by the Jonath Senate committee and pending in House committee and pending in ventions.

The situation is further com-

The situation is further complicated by the possibility that President Ford could veto the campaign bill that Congress ultimately produces, forcing a time-consuming compromise on narrower legislation between the White House and Capitol Hill

Hill.

Representative Wayne L.

Hays, Democrat of Ohio, said today that he hoped the House Administration

Committee, Administration Committee, which he heads, would finish processing its campaign bill tomorrow. He said last week that the measure was tentatively scheduled for floor debate March 16 and a final vote the next day. next day.

Uncertainty About Senate

Whether the Senate will at-Whether the Senate will attempt to tighten up the time-table by passing its version this week is still uncertain. Some senators would prefer to have the House deal first with the politically sensitive issue of campaign subsidies for Congressional elections, certain to be proposed them as a floor amendment.

be proposed in as a mendment.

In the interest of efficiency, the Senate Rules Committee took the virtually unprecedented step of working with

By WARREN WEAVER Jr.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, March 8—
Despite stepped-up activity, concident agreement on new changes in the Federal campaign law in time to meet the second deadline imposed by the Supreme Court.

With Senate floor action possible later this week and the logislation are both relatively long, more than 45 bages each and controversial—

the House draft introduced by pages. It makes all six members of the commission appointive of the commission appointive by the President, clarifying by the President, clarifying the advisory opinion affecting only the party requesting the advice.

Additional Provisions Listed

The rest of the bill, as approved by the Senate committee and pending in House committee, would make these other changes:

The House and Senate versions of the legislation are both relatively long, more than 45 bages each and controversial—

The Provide strict definitions of ceedings.

Court's Deadline for Keeping Election

commission has authorized solicitation of all employees.

¶Limit all political action or committee set up by subsidiary companies in a corporation or locals in a labor union to a single collective total of \$5,000 in contributions to a candidate, to prevent evasion of contribution ceilings by proliferation of such committees.

¶Limit to \$50,000 the amount of his own or his family's money that a Presidential candidate can invest in his own campaign if he accepts Federal subsidies. The Supreme Court struck down such a ceiling as a general matter, but said Congress could impose such limits on those applying for Federal subsidies.

If Congress fails to meet the first one March I, as appears virtually certain, political pressure for accelerated to measure, calling it "a hodge-podge of unrelated proposals" that weakens the campaign law rather learn making needed basic reforms.

The Senate Rules Committee wrote a number of changes into the House bill, including a requirement that a majority vote on policy matters must include at least two Republican and two Democratic members among the six commissioners.

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If Congress fails to meet the second Supreme Court deadline, learn on the Rules Committee of financial reports in off-years and require identifica-

Commission

tion of donor of \$100 or more instead of \$10.

Under the Senate bill, corporate political action committees could solicit, as stockholders, employees who participate in "a stock bonus, stock option or employee stock ownership employee plan."

plan."

The Senate measure would authorize an \$8 million budget for the commission for the 1975-76 fiscal year; the House version makes no mention of such financing. The Senate bill would permit Government employees, including members of Congress, to accept up to \$2,000 for a single speaking fee or article, with an annual honorarium ceiling of \$24,000. The House bill retains the present limits of \$1,000 and \$15,000.