Phillips Petroleum Agrees To Change in Reply to Suit

Rearranges Board to Settle Stockholder Action on Gifts-Nixon's Personal Acceptance of \$50,000 Is Disclosed

By HENRY WEINSTEINFEB 1 9 1976 NYTimes -Special to The New York Times

tion stockholders' suit.

The suit stemmed from an the S.E.C. by Phillips. illegal political slush fund Mr. Nixon has denied on maintained by Phillips from many occasions that he ever 1964 to 1972 and was filed in personally received any contria Federal District Court here a butions of this nature. A spokesyear ago by a Los Angeles man for Mr. Nixon at his home public-interest law firm.

connection with today's Phillips settlement disclosed that Mr. "We have no comment." Nixon "personally" accepted "at

William W. Keeler

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 18-The his New York City apartment" Phillips Petroleum Company, in 1968 an illegal \$50,000 cam-one of the first companies iden- paign contribution to his first tified as having made illegal successful Presidential bid. The contributions to the 1972 re- money was turned over by Wilelection campaign of President liam W. Keeler, then the com-Richard M. Nixon, agreed today pany's president and chief exto significant administrative ecutive officer, according to the changes in settling a class ac- documents. The contribution had previously been reported to

in San Clemente, Calif., when The court papers filed in asked today about the disclo-

The settlement includes changing the balance on the Phillips board of directors from an overwhelming majority of insiders to at least 60 percent of independent outsiders as future vacancies occur.

It also shifts control of the company's nominating and audit committee to independent outsiders and eliminates the participation of insiders in selection of the firm that will audit Phillips's books.

William F. Martin will stay on as chairman and chief ex-u ecutive officer of Phillips, despite his involvement with the

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Phillips Reshapes Board to Settle Stockholder Suit

His participation included transporting some of the money from Switzerland to the United States, according to a report filed by Phillips with the Se-GFrancis M. Wheat, former

The stockholder suit was the dent of the Los Angeles County second involving major illegal corporate contributions to be settled by the Center for Law in the Public Interest, which is based in Los Angeles and is funded in part by the Ford Foundation. In November 1974 Harold M. Williams of Los Angeles, dean of the Graduate

Foundation. In November 1974 the firm reached a similar set-tlement with the Northrop Cor-poration, the Los Angeles aero-space company. Business observers said that they felt that today's settlement

Business observers said that hey felt that today's settlement could have a significant impact in terms of compelling com-panies to act in a more forth-right manner about their polit-ical involvements. They said settlements of this kind were making companies realize that, if they did not change some of their methods of operaation, it would bring more Government regulation. Federal District Judge Jesse W. Curtis approved today's set tlement pending a hearing on April 8 at which shareholders will be allowed to comment on the terms. He met in chambers with attorneys for Phillips and for the charchelders a laintified the charcheleders a laintified the charchel

Continued From Page 1, Col. 2 Lansing, Mich., a member of the National Council for the Arts and a director of the Mich-His participation included His participatio

Last March the S.E.C. en-tered into a consent decree with Phillips enjoining the company from further violations of the commission's reporting pro-visions. It had sued the com-pany for channeling more than \$2.8 million of corporate money volving a r into the secret fund.

Also entering into the con-sent decree were Mr. Martin, Mr. Keeler, John M. Houchin, a former chairman, and Car-stens Slack, a Phillips vice president based in Washington. president based in Washington. Phillips filed a special report with the S.E.C. last September in which it said that, of the \$2.8 million chaneled to the secret fund, \$1.5 million had been spent legitimately on for-eign operations, \$585,000 had been disbursed for political con-tributions and \$765,000 was on hand in the secret fund when the illegal activity ceased and was transferred into a normal

and the sphere to the sphere to

His participation included transporting some of the money from Switzerland to the United States, according to a report filed by Phillips with the Se-curities and Exchange Commission. The stockholder suit was the second involving major illegal His duit and of the Michigan National Bank. The stockholder suit was the second involving major illegal gave up the presidency but was restored as chairman. He re-mains Northrop's chief execu-

Mr. Dorsey resigned as chair-man of Gulf after a scandal in-volving a number of foreign payoffs.

The disclosure about Mr. Nixon's personal acceptance of the 1968 contribution from Phillips came in the shareholders' lawy ers' statement of facts attached

sue and he represents their in-terests as well as his own. In corporate account. The company told the S.E.C. that an investigation by a special committee of its out-side directors disclosed that no money had gone for foreign the company told the S.E.C. also filed as a derivative action -brought on behalf of the cor-poration itself as well as its shareholders. The settlement of today's suit also include several changes in