had as much as a year of college. School. Only one other juror largely because of the perviction but reversed itself graduate of Harvard Business international banker and suasive manner of Choa, an voted initially 8 to 4 for conbecame known that the jury chief Nixon campaign fund-Secretary of Commerce and election campaign. financier Robert L. Vesco in vesugation conspiring to impede an inraiser, were acquitted of deliberations. Gagliardi's refusal to dismiss Court Judge Lee trary. strong evidence to the con-Mitchell and Maurice H. Stans return for a \$200,000 conthe juror was critical to the A new study of the 1974 conspiracy trial of John N. ribution to the 1972 Nixon re-General, and Stans, former president of the First National verdict because Choa, a vice terms with a member of the Nixon administration aides. raises questions about the luence became the dominant in-City Bank of New York prosecution's staff despite that he was not on friendly told the trial judge in the case that acquitted the former high veracity of the News accounts of the trial fluential juror on the panel Mitchell, former. Attorney uror Andrew Choa repeatedly The study said U.S. District After the 10-week trial it According to the study By John P. MacKenzie Washington Post Staff Writer Thursday, Feb. 5, 1976 THE WASHINGTON POST in itudy Raises Questions About Mitchell-Stans WXPost ot the most infugitive Jury's their eagerness to trial counsel who fear that frequently are challenged by disqualifying Jurors who gloss over possibly subject are used to explore the possibility of prejudice. answers to questions on the automatically disqualify a sequestered, Kenney read the jurors' names in the for five years. prosecutor's office, he was newspaper. Knowing that sequence of events: jury candidate, but candid puzzled and reported to the prosecution team that he and prospective Thoa had known each other knew coutinely asked whether they the jury had been selected and Foundation, an arm of the new periodical, the Research nationally known authority on indings in the first issue of a leacher, University of Illinois law University of Chicago and a ney, an assistant U.S. atbetween him and John Kenextent of the conflict and the man Diamond, disclosed the to have Choa dismissed as a told of government attempts Such friendships do not ournal of the American Bar process. But the new study, by the pretrial jury screening juror for lack of candor during merican Bar Association. orney Hans Zeisel and Shari Seid-They described riendly relationship existed igor of Choa's denials that a In March, 1974, shortly after Zeisel, a law professor at the anyone described their jurors were In tactors serve the this



Maurice H. Stans, left, and John N. Mitchell talking to the press in New York after their acquittal in April, 1974.

or a close friend, friendly with anybody employed in the U.S. reflects a hidden bias on the with issues to be decided. Attorney's Office." panelist was "a close relative Office" and whether any whether "any member of the when Judge Gagliardi asked attorneys or had any dealings panel . . . knows any of these Choa had remained silent the U.S. Attorney's.

would call her husband "and reporting for-jury duty Choa had told Mys. Kenney he attorney, and that just before events as an assistant U.S. Choa's secretary, that they called each other "John" and had introduced him at social York restaurant, that Choa had dined with Choa in a New Andy," that he and his wife that his wife, a First National City Bank employee, had been Kenney told his colleagues

at the pretrial screening. regular jury should one of its members become ill. The was one of six alternate failing to give true answers" government moved to have jurors, first in line to join the maybe we can go to Chinatown for lunch." udge, "It appears that this uror has violated his oath in Choa dismissed, telling Judge Gagliardi did not act At the trial's outset Choa the

"Now, it's been a long time since I asked you some before and see if your questions, and I am going to on the motion until it was ask you one that was asked when one of the regular jurors bers. from Choa and Kenney in a The judge heard separately became ill and was excused renewed several weeks later secret session in his cham-The judge asked Choa:

teresting," questions

erinthe

Ironically,

Choa's

Choa's responses to

wise, with anybody in the United States Attorney's Office?" recollection is refreshed in any way. Do you know or have you any acquaintances, business or social or otherA2

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parties." The judge later asked, "You Attorney John Kenney. I have met him twice at social believe, gentleman who works here, worked for me," Choa replied. ... She is married to a 'She still works in the bank "I used to have a girl that Assistant

Would not consider in any way Choa's response was, "No, I have never spoken to him . . . be called to our attention?" that it is a matter that should that you were that friendly

there." There were usually 20 people Over the prosecution's

and permitted him to join the dismiss Choa from the panel regular jury. He said: protest, the judge refused to "The juror's recollection of

classified as a casual basis to excuse this juror." Zeisel and Diamond called and therefore I am not going Kenney indicates a more detailed association, I still which didn't call for, as he saw has done here. While Mr. it, anything more than what he think that it would casual the association here is one of acquaintanceship, be

tempt to keep off the panel. background had made him juror the defense would atappear initially as the kind of



Defense counsel, using the results of an opinion survey, had developed a profile of desirable and undesirable jurors that led them to favor candidates with little education and little interest in public affairs, especially Watergate. The prosecution favored better-educated and better-informed jurors.

Although the prosecutors knew little about Choa, Zeisel knew little about Choa, Zeisel and Diamond concluded on hindsight that they should have exercised a peremptory challenge against Choa — thereby dismissing him without having to give a reason — during the initial jury selection, if only because "the defense wanted him" and the prosecutors knew the defense had investigated the jurors' backgrounds.

Zeisel and Diamond said they sent Choa a galley proof of their article and that Choa, in a written reply that he refused to permit the authors to publish, had contradicted their narrative only once. saying the transcript was incorrect as to his response to one question. Choa did not respond to a telephone inquiry yesterday.

Assistant U.S. Attorney John R. Wing in New York refused to comment on the case beyond acknowledging that he had provided Zeisel with a copy of the transcript at Zeisel's request. A law clerk to Judge Gagliardi said the judge would adhere to his practice of declining comment on matters that had been before him for decision