Summary of Recommendations by Watergate Study

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15 (AP)—Following is a summary of the recommendations made by the Watergate Special Prosecution Force in its re ort today:

CAMPAIGN WORKERS

The President should not nominate, and the Senate nominate, and the senate should refuse to confirm, any person nominated for Attor-ney General, United States Attorney or a high Justice Department position who served in a high lsvel posi-tion in the President's com tion in the President's campaign.

paign. Presidential nominees for heads of such agencies as the Federal Bureau of Inves-tigation, Internal Revenue Service and SecretService should be highly qualified persons with indepen ent re-putations who have not played leading roles in the President's political cam-paigns. paigns.

NATIONAL SECURITY

The Administration should establish a policy and disclose it publicly stating the precise power claimed by the Administration in the name of "national security" to au-thorize warrantless foreign intelligence searches and sei-zures zures.

Congress should exercise effective policy oversight of law enforcement and int-slligence agencies to provide a restraint against the pos -sible misuse of such agencies.

The Central Intelligence gency, F.B.I. and I.R.S. Agency, F.B.I. and I.R.S. should formulate written polshould formulate written pol-icies stating purposes for which intelligence is to be gathered and the methods used to obtain the informa-tion. The policies should be submitted to a presidentially appointed domestic intel-ligence board, which would have the authority to make public recommendations and hear justifications for each policy. SPECIAL PROSECUTOR

No permanent special prosecution force should be established.

JUSTICE DEPARTMENT Each department employe should have to record in memorandum form all oral com-mu ications with persons at-tempting political persuasion or securing out-of-channel access to department personnel.

CONFLICT OF INTEREST

Government attorneys should be required to press for a judicial ruling on whe-ther an attorney representing several clients poses a con-flict of interest and, if a conflict is found, the attor-ney should be replaced.

FREEDOM OF INFORMA-TION

The Freedom of Informa-

tion Act should be amended to make clear that informa-tion furnished on a confiden-tial basis to Federal law en-forcement agencies is forcement agencies is protected from disclosure. LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

AGENCIES Such agencies as tha Secret Service, F.B.I. and I.R.S. should respond to Presiden-tial direction in broad policy areas, but be prohibited from becoming rt of the Prssident's political appara-tus tus.

CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS The Justice Department should establish a policy to aggressively prosecute aggressively Government contractors. unions and corporations that make illegal political contri-butions.

Election laws should be Election laws should be amended to permit officers and shareholders of corpora-tions with Government con-tracts to be prosecuted for making illegal political dona-tions. The statute of limita-tions of illegal contributions should be extended from three to five years. Political committees should

three to five years. Political committees should be required to report each financial transaction falling within a specified dollar amount and the chairmanand treasurer of each political committee should be equally responsible under law for re-porting contributions and ex-penditures. penditures.

Persons who lease property to the Federal Government should be prohibited from making political contributions.

FEDERAL ELECTION COM-MISSION

MISSION The Federal Election Com-mission's authority should be expanded to permit it to es-tablish campaign conduct. standards and investigate campaign tactics.