2 Oppose Permanent Special Prosecutor

By William Greider Washington Post Staff Writer

Two men who have held the job of special prosecutor told a Senate committee yesterday that they are opposed to making the office a permanent fixture of government.

Leon Jaworski, the Houston lawyer who held the post for 11 months, and his successor, Henry S. Ruth Jr., question whether the federal government needs an independent prosecutor outside of the regular Justice Department chain of command to deal with governmental corruption.

"I am not so naive as to be-"I am not so naive as to be-lieve that future Watergates may no occur," Jaworski told the Seate Government Oper-ations Committee, "although in my judgment it is highly improbable that anything approaching it in scope and degree wil confront our nation in the ext generation."

Ruthwho expects to phase out the pecial prosecutor's of-fice wh a final report this fall, waved that an independposecutor free of re-

Richrdson in Ulster

OMGH, Northern Ireland,

straints, might create more chairman of the committee, abuses of power than it remedies.

"I believe a basic reform to a basic public problem be-comes tomorrow's basic pro-blem," Ruth said.

The proposal for a permanent special prosecutor, appointed by the judiciary and independent of the Attorney General, was one of the main reforms recommended by the Senate Watergate committee which investigated White House crimes two years ago, the scandal that led ultimately to Richard M. Nixon's resignation.

Jaworski suggested that, if another Watergate ever comes along in the future, the public outcry would demand that another special prosecutor be apother special prosecutor be appointed to investigate. "Smaller Watergates," he acknowledged, will come and go, but "an occasional outcropping of corrupt practices" does not justify a permanent special prosecutor.

A permanent prosecutor, in dependent of the chief executive might also conflict with the constitutional provision that makes the President re-

Sen. Abraham A. Ribicoff, that much good."

suggested that Senate proponents have in mind less exacted office than the one that prosecuted presidential aides and former Cabinet members.

"Maybe the scope," said Ribicoff, "is not a Leon Jaworski sitting there in boredom for 50 years waiting for a President to do what Mr. Nixon did with the people around him. But it would be something that is there on a day-to-day basis."

"No one can argue that that doesn't have validity," Jawor-ski said. "It does have validity. It would be very reassuring to the American people."

Ruth said the special prosecutor's staff lawyers been debating among them-selves what kind of a selves what kind of a "triggering mechanism" might be written into law to assure that a special prosecutor is ap-pointed when presidential pointed when presidential crimes are at issue. He is not sure that the staff will be able to devise such a proposal.

Agencies of government created for special purposes have a way of loosing their "special" qualities and growing old, Ruth warned.

"People come into anything sponsible for enforcing the laws. If Congress satisfied itself that it can avoid this coning to reform the world, they'-OMGH, Northern Ireland, July —Elliott Richardson made s first official visit to Northn Ireland today as U.S. abassador to Britain. He laia foundation stone at the Uler-American folk park near is city in the British provin's county Tyrone.

self that it can avoid this constitutional problem, Jaworski suggested that it might try to devise a "triggering mechanism" that would authorize the appointment of a special prosecutor only if a major scandal surfaces.

Sen. Abraham A. Ribicoff that it can avoid this constitutional problem, Jaworski suggested that it might try to devise a "triggering mechanism" that would authorize the world, they're getting new furniture, they're gung ho. After the world isn't paying too much attention to them and what they're doing isn't doing that much good."





Former Special Prosecutor Leon Jaworski, left, is questionedby Sen. Lowell P. Weicker Jr. at Senate committee hearing. By James K. W. Atherton—The Washington Post