Northrop's 1975 Illegal Gifts Are Detailed

By Ronald Kessler Washington Post Staff Writer

Northrop Corp. made illegal cash contributions of some \$250,000 over a period of a decade to a wide range of Democratic and Republican political figures, many of whom were in a position to influence the defense contractor's business, documents on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission show.

The first detailed accounting of the illegal payments shows those who received contributions included Rep. contributions included Rep. Charles H. Wilson (D-Calif.), a member of the Armed Services Committee, and the late Sen. Richard B. Russell (D-Ga.), who headed the Armed Services Committee.

Other sums went to Presidential contenders, including Richard M. Nixon, Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D-Wash.), and Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey (D-Minn.), the documents

In addition to the contributions that violated federal law, substantial cash contributions went to political figures in California, where the large de-fense firm is based.

It is unclear whether these payments might have violated

state laws.
A Northrop spokesman in Los Angeles had no comment.

The accounting of the payments is made in a report prepared for Northrop directors by Ernst & Ernst, a major naby Ernst & Ernst, a major national accounting firm. Although the report was filed with the SEC last year, officials involved in the case said its breakdown of where the illegal money was spent has not previously been publicly reported.

The SEC and the Senate

The SEC and the Senate Foreign Relations Committee's Subcommittee on Multinational Corporations have been investigating Northrop contributions since the Water-gate special prosecutor's office charged the firm with illegally contributing \$150,000 to Pres-ident Nixon's 1972 re-election campaign.

Most of the \$150,000 was not

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included in the Ernst & Ernst. accounting.

chief executive, Thomas V. Jones, pleaded guilty to felony vice president, James Allen, report.

was fined \$1,000.

The manth the SEC longer with Northrop. Jones

here that Northrop improperly disbursed or proposed to spend \$30 million in funds dis-

An unknown portion of these payments went to politi-cal coffers, the SEC said. The cal coffers, the SEC said. The recipients of the payments were not mentioned in the SEC complaint.

Most of the relition point: Of \$358,000 contraduted for polarization in the litical purposes by Northrop from 1962 through 1973 violated the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971. SEC complaint.

Most of the political contri-

ant, William Savy, the Ernst & Ernst report said.

While payments to Savy were listed on Northrop's Last year, Northrop and its books as consulting fees, substantial portions of the money were returned to Northrop charges in connection with the contributions. They were each Northrop vice president, acfined \$5,000, and a Northrop cording to the Ernst & Ernst

charged in a civil complaint continues as chairman and filed in U.S. District Court president but plans to give up

the presidency.
In a letter to the accounting firm last October, Wilmer, guised as consultants' fees and other charges.

An unknown portion of these payments went to politi
Cutler & Pickering, a law firm retianed by Northrop directions, stated that some \$250,000 of \$338,000 contributed for po-

the political contri-were funneled whether all of the illegal conthrough a European consult tributions were made after the

act was passed. It states that specifically earmarked for a and he was not aware the the law firm's opinion is based political candidate. only on the 1971 law, indicatother laws.

were a total of \$6,175 to Sen. Humphrey in 1966 and 1968; \$26,200 to Sen. Alan Cranston tribution to politicians in the (D-Calif.) for the years 1966, 1960s. Another \$36,000 went 1968, 1972, and 1973; a total of to the Washington office in 1968, 1972, and 1973; a total of \$2,350 to Rep. Wilson in 1966, 1971, and 1973; \$1,000 to Sen. Russell in 1966; \$250 to Sen. Mike Mansfield (D-Mont.) in 1964; \$250 to former Sen. Thomas H. Kuchel (R-Calif); \$1,000 to Sen. Jackson in 1972. \$1,000 to Sen. Jackson in 1972; and \$2,000 to Sen John V. Tunney (D-Calif.) in 1970. Payments of \$20,000 were

made between 1962 and to Eugene Wyman, a Califor-nia Democratic fund raiser who died in 1973

Among California politicians, Northrop paid \$800 in 1970 to Edmund G. (Gerry) Brown Jr. when he was running for secretary of state; \$1,085 to California Tracum. 085 to California Treasurer Jess Unruh (including use of a helicopter); a total of \$12,000 in 1969 and 1970 to former Sen George Murphy (R-Calif.); \$5,000 in 1966 to former Gov. Ed-

listed as having been contributed to Nixon's campaigns in 1968 and 1972, and substantial additional sums were not rop employees' organization discontinuous retained.

Rep. Wilson said last night that all the contributions in question came from a North-rop employees' organization day. listed as having been contrib-

ing that no determination was listed as going to a President's tion on the Armed Services made on whether the pay-Club Dinner, Johnson Din-Committees had nothing to do ments might have violated ners, and National Democratic with the contributions. Committee Dinners.

tribution to politicians in the our economy in California, 1960s. Another \$36,000 went he said. the 1970s.

A spokesman for Sen. Humphrey said yesterday that campaign records for the 1968 period were not available in the senator's office. The spokesman said the Oct. 10, 1968, contribution of \$1,000 to the Humphrey for President din-ner was in the period when the Democratic National Committee was in charge of the financing of the campaign.

Vincent Clephas, spokesman for the Democratic National Committee, said, "We at present have no knowledge of how this money came in."

George Murphy (R-Calif.); \$5, 000 contribution to the 1972 said, we never received any 000 in 1966 to former Gov. Edmund G. (Pat) Brown, and \$6,000 in 1970 to Gov. Ronald Reagan.

In addition, \$60,000 was 1910 contribution to the 1972 said, we never received any corporate contributions to our knowledge and in fact any money originated with the money originated with the Morthrop firm.

money originally came from For example, \$20,000 was the company. He said his posi-

"Anything I can do to help Among the contributions | Some \$24,000 was listed as | Northrop (or other defense listed for federal candiates being given to the Washing-contractors based in California (175 to San) nia), I'm going to do to help

Holmes Tuttle, California Republican fund raiser, said in a telephone interview that the \$30,000 he received from Northrop for use in state election campaigns was legal under California law, which allows corporate campaign gifts.

Fred Port, fund raiser for Sen. Tunney in his 1970 campaign, said his records indicated contributions totaling only \$2,000 from the Northrop Good Government Committee in February, 1971, and October, 1970.

He said Northrop vice presi-Walter Skallerup, treasurer dent James Allen's name apof the Jackson for President peared in his records only as a committee, said his records cross-reference to the Good reflected that Allen made a \$1,000 contribution to the 1972 said, "We never received any committee. Skallerup added corporate contributions to our