

By LESLEY OELSNER Special to The New York Times

Special to The New York Times WASHINGTON, Dec. 11 — John D. Ehrlichman insisted today, in the face of openly skeptical cross-examination by the Watergate prosecution, that he had been "deceived" by President Nixon.

Mr. Ehrlichman, once Mr. Nixon's chief domestic adviser, Nixon's chief domestic adviser, told the jury at the Watergate cover-up trial that there had been "at least four major in-stances" in which Mr. Nixon had given him a false "im-pression." He said that he had known "Didifully little about Watergate

He said that he had known "pitifully little about Watergate until more than nine months af-ter the break-in at the Demo-cratic National Committee's of-fices in the Watergate complex on June 17, 1972, and that until the very end he was "not in a position to come forward with position to come forward with any facts."

He said that he had realized He said that he had realized the deception only after listen" ing to the White House tape re-cordings. "There is an ample showing in the record," he said, "that I was deceived."

Conversations Cited

Conversations Cited He listed the following re-corded conversations: The tape of Mr. Nixon's talk with H. R. Haldeman, an-other defendant at the trial, on June 23, 1972, in which Mr. Nixon, for admittedly political reasons, told Mr. Haldeman to have the Central Intelligence Agency intervene on spurious national security grounds with the Federal Bureau of Investi-gation's inquiry into Watergate. The tape of Mr. Nixon's conversation with John W. Dean 3d on March 21, 1973, in which the President's counsel desicribed in great detail vari-ous aspects of the Watergate cover-up, such as payments to the burglars and perjury by some officials.

some officials. The tape of Mr. Nixon's conversation with Charles W. Colson, another aide, on Jan. 8, 1973, in which Mr. Nixon au-thorized a plan to give clemen-cy to one of the burglars. The tape of a conversation between the President and John N. Mitchell, the former Attor-ney General and a defendant in this case, on March 22, 1973, in which Mr. Nixon said he wanted everyone to "stonewall it" before the Senate Water-gate committee.

wanted everyone to "stonewall it" before the Senate Water-gate committee. As Mr. Ehrlichman described it, the first two tapes showed certain knowledge of action by the President that he, Mr. Ehr-lichman, did not know about, and the last two showed Mr. Nixon acting in a way directly the opposite from the way he had lead Mr. Ehrlichman to believe he would act. Mr. Ehrlichman also said that Mr. Nixon had suggested that he make veiled offers of cle-mency to former Attorney Ge-neral John N. Mitchell, a co-de-fendant in the trial, and Jeb Stuart Magruder, who had been Mr. Mitchell's deputy at the Nixon re-election committee, so the two would not go too far in whatever testimony they might give. give.

Says He Did Not Act

Mr. Ehrlichman said he had

not passed on the messages.

However, the long and often contentious cross-examination today by the chief prosecutor, James F. Neal, raised some question of what effect Mr. Ehrlichman's testimony would have on the jury.

Under questioning by Mr. Neal, Mr. Ehrlichman said that he gave the jury two incorrect statements in his testimony yesterday. He also said that he made an incorrect statement to the Senate Watergate commit-tee last year.

tee last year. He admitted, too, that he had answered "I don't recall" when asked last year before a grand jury about many of the same incidents about which he has been testifying, purportedly on the basis of his recollection, at the trial

been testifying, purportediy on the basis of his recollection, at the trial. Mr. Neal told Mr. Ehrlichman that he had said "I don't re-call or "I can't remember" or "I have no recollection" in an-swer to 125 questions in his appearances before the grand jury in May, 1973. Mr. Ehrlichman said that he did not know if that was true. The prosecutor challenged Mr. Ehrlichman to prove him wrong, telling him to "check the rec-ord" tonight. Judge John J. Sirica joined in the suggestion. Mr. Neal also brought out va-rious apparent conflicts be-tween testimony that Mr. Eh-rlichman has given previously

has given here.

Throughout the day, Mr. Neal repeatedly challenged his asser-tions that he had advocated a "full disclosure" of the facts of Waterrate by drawing from the burglars. Watergate by drawing from the defendant concessions that Le had had certain information about Watergate and not dis-closed it.

tade rentant concensus information about Watergate and not disclosed it.
He got Mr. Ehrlichman to admit that he had not disclosed certain information even tc Mr. Toward the end of the day, in fact—in the line of questioning that lead to Mr. Ehrlichman's urged "full disclosure" of tha facts of Watergate.
Today is the deay when Mr. Saying that Mr. Neal's question that he vanted a mother point, "I appreciate what you're doing it very well." Yesterday, Mr. Ehrlichman fat the dot to the saying that Mr. Neal's question that he dot cross-examination at one point richman the defendant's ear what you're doing, Mr. Neal, and you're doing it very well." Yesterday, Mr. Ehrlichman that he had to told the agent saying that Mr. Neal's question that he dot rescribed the day when Mr. Testerday, Mr. Ehrlichman the defendant's ear "full disclosure" of the facts of Watergate — Mr. Neal drew from him the concession that the had tot told the agents any of these facts.
Today, he kept his composure. However, when he left the courtoom during recesses and at the end of the day, he appeared weary and glum. In addition to Mr. Ehrlichman's is testimony today, there were a bitter dispute between Mr. Neal and Mr. Ehrlichman's the elaft the interview dear discust when y to as a set of the agent asked.
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chief counsel, William S. Frates. Mr. Frates accused Mr. Neal in the jury's presence of asking questions in a way to "get the laughter" from the press sec-tion, and then, after the jury had been sent out, contended that Mr. Neal was going to go home to Tennessee when the trial ended and run for office. Judge Defends Neal Mr. Neal, who has spoken and

Mr. Neal, who has spoken and joked with reporters in the courthouse for less frequently than a number of the defense lawyers, said that Mr. Frate's remarks were "despicable."

awyers, said that Mr. Frate's remarks were "despicable." Judge Sirica defended Mr. Neal. Also today, the name of "Rockefeller" was brought into the trial. The reference ap-peared to be to Vice President-designate Nelson A. Rockefel-ler, although it was not certain. It came in during questioning about the extent of Mr. Ehrlich-man's knowledge of the pay-ments of cash to the seven men who participated in the Water-gate burglary—payments that, mwere made in return for the de-fendants' silence about Water-gate. Mr. Neal, holding a transcript of a tape recording of an April

elsewhere and the testimony he 19 conversation between Mr. Nixon and Mr. Ehrlichman, asked the defendant whether he

Mr. Ehrlichman said that he

pers. The defendant said that it was a remark relating to "the fact that we'd been experienc-ing leaks" by the F.B.I. to the news media. It was not, he said, the remark that the agent had described—that Mr. Ehrlich-man knew nothing event what man knew nothing except what he had read in the newspapers.

Prosecutor Skeptical

Mr. Neal looked at Mr. Eh-rlichman with obvious skepticism.

"Based n what you told them on July 21," he asked, "they wouldn't have had much