WXPost NOV 1 2 1974 NIXON Rebuffed On Tapes

Accord Gives Prosecutor First Access

By Timothy S. Robinson Washington Post Staff Writer

President Ford has approved a new agreement tapes and documents from that gives first access to all tapes an ddocuments from the Nixon administration to the Watergate special prosecutor's office for use in criminal cases.

If approved by a federal judge before whom the whole question of access of presidential papers is pending, the new agreement would super-sede one announced by President Ford in September that gave the final custody and control of the documents to Mr. Nixon. The former President dent's attorneys are expected to oppose the new agreement and fight instead for imple-mentation of the September arrangement.

The new agreement reached over the weekend be-tween attorneys for the White House, Justice Department and special prosecutor's office and disclosed in court papers filed yesterday in U.S. District Court here.

A hearing on the proposed new agreement probably will be held later this week before U.S. District Court Judge Charles R. Richey, attorneys in the case said.

The White House said Mr.

Ford had determined:

"The due administration of justice and the public interest require that the special prose-cutor have prompt and effec-tive use of those presidential materials of the Nixon admin-istration now located in the White House complex that are relevant and important to on-going criminal investigations prosecutions within the special prosecutor's jurisdiction."

Under the new agreement, the prosecutor's office would inform the current White House counsel of the specific materials needed. The prosecutor then would have to limit the search to:

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•Files, which because of their titles, may contain docu-ments relevant to specified investigatons and prosecutions.

· Only that portion of the file covering the time period

relevant to the request.

However, if a file is not arranged chronologically or by subject, the prosecutors could examine it "to determine whether the file contains relevant materials."

The special prosecutor could

make copies only of tapes and documents that are relevant to investigators or prosecutions within his jurisdiction, and within his jurisdiction, and the current White House council could review the docu-ments or tapes to determine if their release could harm na-tional security.

In other words, whether national security was a factor would be determined in the future by the incumbent Presi-

Under the original agreement announced by Mr. Ford, the special prosecutors could get access to tapes and docu-ments from the Nixon Years

and by allowing Mr. Nixon to prosecutor be made available a brief in U.S. District Court

tapes or documents of which the special prosecutor is al-lowed to have copies.

In a joint legal brief filed by the White House and the Mr special prosecutor's office, the his administration was rejected altogether.

greeted altogether.

"This privilege, by its nature, cannot be exercised to bar voluntary dissemination by an incumbent President of materials prepared in the executive office of the President to other departments icy considerations and should of the executive branch for not be rejected by the courts legitimate governmental purification, "to be disposed of by him as he wishes after his term in office."

They said their argument is supported by historical tradimentation, judical decisions, concentration of the executive branch for not be rejected by the courts legitimate governmental purifications and should of the executive branch for not be rejected by the courts legitimate governmental purifications." legitimate governmental purposes ...

"Here, President Ford has determined that the public interest requires that presidential materials relevant to the ongoing investigations and

raise any claims of priviledge.

The only role Mr. Nixon or his attorneys would have under the new agreement is being present during the searches through the materials, and receiving copies of three delectorate, now can override electorate, now can override that determination," prosecutors and White House lawyers

Mr. Nixon's attorneys argued in legal briefs filed yesargument that Mr. Nixon terday that the papers and macould still claim executive privilege on documents from property of the President during whose town as a first property of the President during whose town as a first property of the president during whose town as a first property of the president during whose town as a first property of the president during whose town as a first property of the president during whose town as a first property of the president during whose town as a first property of the president during whose town as a first property of the president during the t ing whose term of office they are produced, "to be disposed

not be rejected by the courts in this case "simply on a feel-ing that the rule is outdated or unwise."

5 Urge Court to Bar Delivery of Tapes

Rep. John Brademas (D-Ind.)

only through use of subpoena prosecutions by the special and four other legislators filed for use in those investigations Court here yesterday urging the court to continue to prevent delivery of tapes and pathe Mr. Nixon, with no official pers to former President duties or accountability to the Nixon until Congress has an opportunity to complete work on protective custody legislation.

> The legislation, passed by the Senate Oct. 4, is now pending before a House Administration subcommittee Brademas heads. He said the subcommittee will meet Nov. 19 to consider the measure.

> Brademas was joined in the brief by the author of the legislation, Sen. Gaylord Nelson (D-Wis.); Sen. Sam J. Ervin Jr. (D-N.C.), chairman of the Senate Government Operations ate Government Operations Committee and of the now defunct special Watergate investigating committee; Sen. Jacob K. Javists (R-N.Y.), and Rep. Wayne L. Hays (D-Ohio), chairman of the House Administration Committee.