# Statement by the President in

WASHINGTON. Sept. (AP)—Following is President Ford's statement in which he pardoned former Richard M. Nixon. President

Ladies and gentlemen, have come to a decision which I felt I should tell you, and all my fellow citizens, as soon as I was certain in my own mind and conscience that it is the right thing to do.

I have learned already in this office that only the dif-ficult decisions come to this desk, I must admit that many of them do not look at all the same as the hypothetical questions that I have answered freely and perhaps too fast on previous occaered freely and perhaps fast on previous occasions, My customary policy is to try and get all the facts and to consider the opinions of my countrymen and to take counsel with my most valued friends. But these seldom agree, and in the end the decision is mine.

To procrastinate, to ago-nize, to wait for a more favorable turn of events that may never come, or more compelling external prescompelling external pres-sures that may as well be wrong as right, is itself a decision of sorts and a weak and potentially dangerous course for a President to fol-

low.

I have promised to uphold the Constitution, to do what is right as God gives me to see the right, and to do the very best I can for America. I have asked your help and your prayers, not only when I became President, but many times since. times since.

# The Supreme Law

The Constitution is the supreme law f our land and it governs our actions as citizens. Only the laws of God, which govern our God, which govern our consciences, are superior to it. As we are a nation under God, so I am sworn to uphold our laws with the help of God. And I have sought such guidance and searched my own conscience with special diligence to determine the right thing for me to do with respect to my predeces-sor in this place, Richard Nixon, and his loyal wife Nixon, and family is

an tragedy in which we all have played a part. It can go on and on, or someone must write "The End" to it. I have concluded that only

can do that. And if I can,

I must.
There are no historic or

legal precedents to which I can turn in this matter, none that precisely fit the circumstances of a private citizen who has resigned the Presi-dency of the United States. But it is common knowledge that serious allegations and accusations hang like a accusations sword over our former presi-dent's head and threaten his health as he tries to reshape his life, a great part of which was spent in the service of this country and by the mandate of its people.

### Equal Justice

After years of bitter controversy and divisive national debate, I have been advised and am compelled to conclude that many months and perhaps more years will have perhaps more years will have to pass before Richard Nixon could hope to obtain a fair trial by jury in any jurisdiction of the United States under governing decisions of the Supreme Court.

I deeply believe in equal justice, for all Americans, whatever their station or former station. The law, whether human or divine, is no respecter of persons but the law is a respecter of reality. The facts as I see them are that a former President of the United States, instead of enjoying equal treatment with any other citizen accused of violating the law, would be cruelly and excessively penalized either in preserving the presumption of

serving the presumption of his innocence or in obtaining a speedy determination of his

a speedy determination of ms guilt in order to repay a legal debt to society.

During this long period of delay and potential litigation, ugly passions would again be aroused our people would aroused, our people would again be polarized in their opinions, and the credibility of our free institutions of government would again be challenged at home and abroad. In the end, the courts might well hold that Richard Nixon had been denied due process and the verdict of history would be even more inconclusive with respect to those charges arising out of the period of his Presidency of which I am presently aware.

aware.

But it is not the ultimate fate of Richard Nixon that most concerns me—though surely it deeply troubles every decent and compassionate person—but the immediate future of this great country. In this I dare not depend upon my personal sympathy as a long-time

friend of the former President nor my professional judgment as a lawyer. And I do not.

As President, my primary concern must always be the greatest good of all the people of the United States, whose servant I am.

As a man, my first consideration will always be to be true to my own convictions

and my own conscience.

My conscience tells me clearly and certainly that I cannot prolong the bad dreams that continue to rebad open a chapter that is closed. My conscience tells me that only I, as President, have the constitutional power to firmly shut and seal this book. My conscience says it is my duty, not merely to produty, not merely to pro-claim domestic tranquility, but to use every means I have to ensure it.

## Buck Stops Here

I do believe that the buck stops here and that I cannot upon public opinion to tell me what is rely polls polls to tell me what is right. I do believe that right makes might, and that if I am wrong 10 angels swearing I was right would make no difference. I do believe with all my heart and mind and spirit that I, not as President, but as a humble servant of God, will receive justice without mercy if I fail to show mercy.

Finally, I feel that Richard

Finally, I feel that Richard Nixon and his loved ones have suffered enough, and will continue to suffer no matter what I do, no matter what we as a great and sould what we as a great and good nation can do together to make his goal of peace come

true.
Now, therefore, I, Gerald R. Ford, President of the United States, pursuant to the pardon power conferred upon me by Article II, Section 2, of the Constitution, have granted and by these presents do grant a full, free, and absolute pardon unto and absolute pardon unto Richard Nixon for all offenses against the United States which he, Richard Nixon, has committed or may have committed or taken part in during the taken part in during from January through August, period 1969, 1974.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand this 8th day of September in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred seventy-four, and of the independence of the United States of America the United States of America the

# connection With His Proclamation Pardoning Nixon



President Ford as he talked to newsmen yesterday in the Oval Office before announcing his pardon for Richard M. Nixon

Associated Press