,mes hite House Silent on Impeachmen

By PHILIP SHABECOFF Special to The New York Times

Committee two memorandums opposing them on the ground

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WASHINGTON, May 15—The
White House, which disclosed
some of President Nixon's most
sensitive conversations when it
released recently the transcript
of some Watergate tapes, appeared to be taking an opposite
tack this week and seeking to
remain silent on the entire impeachment issue.
The White House would saxy
almost nothing at all, for example, about whether it would
comply with two new sub-poenas for tape recordings is
sued by the House Judiciary
committee for its impeachment
this morning, Gerald L. Warren, the deputy press secretary, said that he would not comment on the subpoenas because of what he said was a White
House of that it would not be proper to discuss these matters and would reiterate only that "the President believes the House Judiciary Committee for its needs tow as a decision."
Mr. Warren said that as far as he knew there was no change in the policy enunciated text week by the White House

"the President believes the House Judiciary Committee has all the evidence it needs to make a decision." Mr. Warren said that as far as he knew there was no change in the policy enunciated last week by the White House counsel, James D. St. Clair, that the White House would provide no additional materials on the Watergate issue. However, Mr. Warren made it clear that his statement was not to be taken as a comment on whether the President would comply with the new sub-poenas. Although the White House would make no public comment did submit to the Judiciary did submit to the Judiciary an impeachment vote. "No

ir cussed, the President in an impeachment vote. "No "No pledges were asked for, and none were given," Mr. Ichord reported. Today, Mr. Nixon received another deputation of citizens rally to his support. Olive Rowe and Andy Unterer of Charlotte, N. C., presented him with a petition of support bearing 7,000 signatures. The White House press office has been announcing such visits from private citizens support-ing the President almost daily. Yesterday, the President re-ceived Julius Klein, who was identified as vice chairman of the National Committee for Fairness to the Presidency. Mr. Klein is the Chicago public re-lations man who was a central figure in the case that brought severe criticisms of the late Senator Thomas J. Dodd, Dem-ocrat of Connecticut, in 1966. Mr. Klein, a former major general and long-time Nixon supporter, testified that he had urged Senator Dodd to inter-cede on his behalf with German officials in an effort to salvage his reputation and save a \$150,-000-a-year public relations con-tract.