POLITICIANS CALL THE TRANSCRIPTS A CRISIS FOR G.O.P. -MAY 4-1974

Members of Both Parties Link Problem to Tone of Presidential Operations

CAPITAL PONDERS DATA

President's Viewpoint Held to Outweigh Questions of

Possible Wrongdoing

NYTimes

By CHRISTOPHER LYDON Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 3-Politicians in both parties here say they see a deepening crisis for the Republicans in Presi-dent Nixon's transcripts of Watergate - related conversations.

The Republicans' problem, as the politicians see it, is more the tone than the technicalities of what went on in the White House, and campaign veterans are raising questions about the party's future.

For several days Washington has been too busy reading the transcripts to react to them. But, politicians say, as they get deeper into the more than 1,200 pages of Mr. Nixon's intimate

Transcripts

The New York Times completes today, on Pages 13-23, the pub-lication in full and in chronological order of the Watergate tape transcripts that the White House has edited and made public.

conversations with his aides, the picture of the President's outlook begins to outweigh even the question of whether he did anything wrong.

View Called 'Frightening'

Senator Robert W. Packwood, a Republican running for re-election in Oregon, got halfway through the edited White House transcript of the tape-recorded conversations and commented that he found Mr. Nixon's view of government "rather frighten-

ing." "There's "There's no reference throughout the whole tran-script," Senator Packwood said, "to what is good for the Amer-ican people. There are not even any token clichés about what is good for the people."

Mr. Nixon, who went to Phoenix, Ariz., tonight to address a rally, announced on television Monday night that he would send to the House Judiciary Committee the edited transcripts of tapes it had subpoenaed, rather than the tapes themselves.

In his first test Tuesday night, Mr. Nixon won the partisan split he had apparently sought when Republicans on the committee balked at a proposal to cite the President for noncompliance with the subpoena. Many politicians here also feel Mr. Nixon is still benefiting from his televised address to the nation.

There are other signs, how-ever, that the White House ap-Continued on Page 24, Column 3

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peal for the Republican party to show the President "loyalty for loyalty" is being rejected. Elliot L. Richardson, who held three Cabinet posts in the Nixon Administration, called the appeal "a prescription for suicide on the part of most Congressional candidates."

Senator Robert Dole of Kansas, once among the Administration's fiercest defenders, was asked this week if he would want President Nixon in his state during his re-election campaign. "Sure," he snapped, "let him fly over anytime."

For months the practical dilemma facing Republicans in elections this year has been how to keep their hold on party workers and contributors, for the most part loyal to the Presi-

the most part loyal to the Presi-dent, and at the same time win a popular majority in an elec-torate that, in national surveys, disapproves the President by a margin of roughly 3 to 1.) The release of the transcripts and the approach of a House vote on impeachment of the President appears to politicians to sharpen the dilemma and is sharpening their calculation of the political alternatives.

Perils of Impeachment

the political alternatives. Perils of Impeachment Representative Dan H. Kuy-kendall of Tennessee, a Repub-lican, reflected today that, in al cloe vote on impeachment, any Republican with significant op-position in his district "loses either way—if he goes loyalist, he loses the independent; if he votes against the President, he loses the independent; if he votes against the President, he loses his workers." Senator Peter H. Dominick, Republican of Colorado, facing his most difficult re-election campaign, illustrated the effort of many Republicans to please both sides with the comment yesterday that "I can easily defend [President Nixon] on his policies; I haven't agreed with him on his handling of Water-gate." Senator Dominick said that there might be a human "plus" in the transcripts. They show, he said, "a much more warm and perplexed nature" than people have seen before. "The people of the country looked

at him as a kind of automaton, and he's not an automaton," Beyond the practical dilem-ma, politicians see in the White House transcripts—in the con-sideration of hush money and perjury as ways out of the Watergate quagmire—an even more fundamental blow to Re-publican identity.

publican identity. The pain of Watergate is all the worse, an official of the Republican National Committee recently observed, because Re-publicans have long viewed themselves as the "good guys" against the Democratic machines.

Nixon Sees Problem

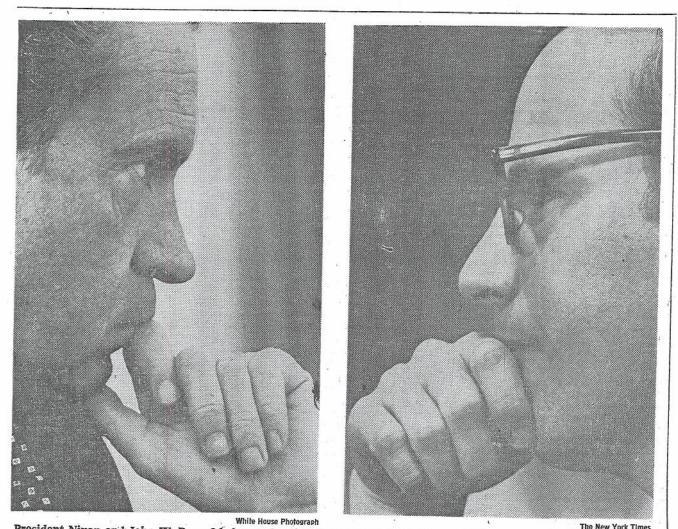
Nixon Sees Problem President Nixon himself de-scribed the problem in a tape-recorded conversation with John W. Dean 3d, then the White House counsel, on Feb. 28, 1973. "I don't know what we can do," the President said, "the people who are most dis-turbed about this (unintelligi-ble) are the (adjective deleted) Republicans. A lot of these Congressmen, financial contrib-utors, etc., are highly moral. The Democrats are just sort of saying (expletive deleted), "fun and games."" Democrats, however, say that the transcripts have taken away any fun there may have been for them in Mr. Nixon's troubles. "I came up through the

away any fun there may have been for them in Mr. Nixon's troubles. "I came up through the ranks in politics in Texas," Robert S. Strauss, chairman of the Democratic National Com-mittee, said in an interview. "I think I've'seen just about everything. I know not all Democrats are pure. Each of our houses has some unclean spots. I've done things I'm not proud of. But this reading of these tapes has upset me more than anything in my life. "I told my wife over the third martini last night, I'm embarrassed to have our kids read this and think it's part of the life I'm in." Now that's an interesting reaction from a guy who's no rose. It's saddering; there's no fun in it. It's sadder and sicker than I ever imagined. I keep looking for some men-tion of the American people, some concern for the nation." Frederick G. Dutton, a lawyer, author and veteran strategist of Democratic cam-paigns, said he say in the Nixon transcripts an explicit rejection

of the integrity standard that carried the Republican party through the Roosevelt-Truman wilderness" and even through the cataclysmic defeat of Sen-ator Barry Goldwater's Presi-dential campaign in 1964. Kevin Phillips, once a Nixon campaign strategist and more

Kevin Phillips, once a Nixon campaign strategist and more recently a prophet of a political "realignment" that would re-draw national political lines to match the Congressional coali-tions of conservative Republi-cans and Southern Democrats, said he saw in Mr. Dutton's analysis some confirmation of his own.

said he saw in hit. Editors analysis some confirmation of his own. Publication of the White House transcripts, he said, "would tend to promote realign-ment by accelerating the dis-solution of the 'morality axis'--the Republican party from Maine to Oregon--that comes out of the Civil War." But for the conservative suc-cessor to the Republican party, as Mr. Phillips ,sees it, the Watergate crisis is only the agony of birth. Watergate will help the Democrats, mostly Lib-erals, to gain 25 to 40 seats in the House of Representatives this year, he speculated, "focus-ing attention on Congress as the instrument of real power in national government." "If you have Congress in the saddle, that gives the Demo-crats the onus for Government in 1975 and 1976--which is to me the most amusing prospect in sight," he said. In the Presidential election of 1976, he said, "we'll see a virtual collapse of the political parties as we've seen them."



President Nixon and John W. Dean 3d, former Presidential counsel. Edited transcripts show conflicts in some testimony from Mr. Dean and in some public accountings by Mr. Nixon. 1:

Constituents' Views

The Washington Star-News WASHINGTON, May 3 — In the four days ince Mr. Nixon announced his decision to re-lease transcripts of Watergaterelated discussions, Congres-sional offices have reported no huge increase in latters, tele-grams and telephone calls from

constituents. Most of the constituents' views that have come in are opposed to Mr. Nixon's posi-tion. They favor release of the tape recordings themselves, not the edited transcripts; or they favor impeachment of the President.

However, the expressions of sentiment have not been as

extensive as the flood of letters and wires urging impeachment that reached Capitol Hill in the days after Mr. Nixon dismissed Archibald Cox as special Watergate prosecutor last October. Like others, Senator Robert P. Griffin, Republican of Michi-gan, the Senate minority whip, reported yesterday that his mail since Mr. Nixon's televi-sion speech on Monday had been light and anti-Nixon. Few Back President

His office received 16 letters yesterday dealing with the transcripts, three favoring the President and 13 opposed. The day before, it received 32— four supporting Mr. Nixon and 28 opposed

28 opposed. Senator Charles McC. Ma-thias Jr., Republican of Mary-land, has experienced an in-crease in telephone calls but has received only 25 wires. The centiment is running 60 to 70 sentiment is running 60 to 70 per cent against Mr. Nixon, his office said. Representative John J. Rhodes, Republican of Arizona, the House minority leader, has re-ceived a dozen telegrams, only two in support of the Presi-

dent.

Representative oel T. Broy-hill, Republican of Virginia, one of the President's stanch-est backers, has received 25 letters in the last two days, 10 favoring Mr. Nixon and 15 against him. "In view of the Cox situation, this is a very low order of mail receipt," an aide, Tom Adams, said. Representative Stanford E. Parris, Republican of Virginia,

Parris, Republican of Virginia, has received 15 letters on the has received 15 letters on the transcripts issue, two favoring Mr. Nixon and 13 opposing him. Representative Gilbert Gude, Republican of Maryland, has received 25 letters and 40 calls, nearly all of them are Nixon. nearly all of them anti-Nixon. Representative Brock Adams,

Democrat of Washington, has heard from 25 constituents, only two of them in favor of Mr. Nixon's position. Represen-tative Thomas P. O'Neill Jr., Democrat of Massachusetts,

Democrat of Massachusetts, the House majority leader, has received 50 telegrams, two sup-porting Mr. Nixon. "The telegrams all have lit-tle quotes in them," an O'Neill aide reported, "like, 'We want the tapes, not the novels.'"