

## By JOHN HERBERS Special to The New York Times

JACKSON, Miss., April 25-Nixon should the House vote President Nixon received rous- for impeachment and the case ing applause from 10,000 peo-ple and words of comfort James D. Eastland, chairman from the Democratic Governor of the Judiciary Committee, of Mississippi today when he and John C. Stennis, chairman delivered a speech promising of the Armed Forces Commitpeace and prosperity for a tee, who is one of the most generation.

finne

It was the largest and most Both are Democrats. enthusiastic public reception side in the bright sunlight and by liberal Democrats and the greeted the President and Mrs. news media. Nixon when they arrived.

tors, whose votes and influ-

influential men in Congress. The enthusiastic welcome Mr. Nixon has received in his was expected. In 1972, Missispublic campaign against im- sippi gave Mr. Nixon the largest peachment. In addition to the margin of support of any state, throng in the Mississippi Coli- 78 per cent, and a popular seum, several thousand who view here today is that the were turned away stood out- President is being persecuted

(m)

1.02

The Jackson Daily News, in Seated on the stage behind a front page editorial under a the President as he spoke to red, white and blue flag welrepeated rounds of applause coming the President, said Mr. were the two Mississippi Sena- Nixon had been "electronically

ence could be crucial to Mr. Continued on Page 21, Column 2

Continue From Page 1, Col. 3 lynched each evening in the living rooms of the land" and that a poll of the newspaper's readers showed that 97.7 per cent wanted the President to "hang in there" and serve out the remainder of his term.

The President's audience was virtually all friendly. With the exception of a small cluster of exception of a small cluster of picketers outside the Coliseum, there was an absence of the heckling that Mr. Nixon en-counters almost everywhere he goes in this country. The audience inside included youths and adults and a sprinkl-ing of blacks. The President, who flew here from Washington just in time for the address

just in time for the address and returned immediately afterward, seemed pleased and sti-mulated by the reception.

Mr. Nixon's 40-minute speech was before the annual conven-tion of the Mississippi Econom-ic Council-State Chamber of Commerce, but the occasion wa clearly one designed to demon-strate that Mr. Nixon retains support in this region. The council moved its luncheon to the Coliseum and provided free tickets for several thousand to fill the balconies for 360 de-grees around the speaker's stand.

The President was greeted by applause on entering the hall, and Gov. William Waller whipped up more enthusiasim in his glowing introduction.

Mr. Nixon, Mr. Waller said, came to the state's aid with Federal assistance during hur-

nicans. floods and tornadoes and he gave the President cred-it for ending "violence in our streets and our campuses" and for working to end the cold war with Russia and China: Lincoln and Truman Cited

Lincoln and Truman Cited He reminded the audience that "two of our greatest Pres-idents," Abraham Lincoln and Harry Truman, had experienced periods of unpopularity and he urged the audience to "get behind the President and get this nation moving." In addition to the two Sena-tors, three of the state's five Representatives were on the stand joining in the applause. Representative Trent Lott, a Republican, remained in Wash-

Representative Trent Lott, a Republican, remained in Wash-ington to attend a meeting of the House Judiciary Committee, where he is supporting the President, and Representative Jamie L. Whitten, one of the key Democratic leaders in the House, said he was detained by the press of business the press of business.

The President's speech was largely one that has become standard in his current cam-paign. Predicting an upturn in the economy, Mr. Nixon said. "I see the year "74, at the end—and now it is very diffi-cut for us to look that far, ahead—but at the end we will-look back and say 1974 was look back and say 1974 was not our best year, as were '72 and '73, but it was a good year. I will say, and I will flatly predict that '75 will be a very good year and I say today that '76, the 200th anni-versary year for America, will be the best year in America's history, the most prosperous,



President and Mrs. Nixon among welcomers yesterday at the airport at Jackson, Miss. •

the most free."

As to the current year, Mr. Nixon said that although the first quarter was done, the sec-ond quarter would shaw a lev-eling off and the last two quar-ters would show an upward trend.

Looking into the future, Mr. Nixon said that at the end of this century this nation will be strong materially and spirit-

be strong materially and spirit-ually. "I can see it now-25 years from now a President of the United States, I trust, may be standing in this very place," he said. "It will be the year 2000, and we will look back to this critical generation of ours and he will say, "They did not fail when the going was very difficult and when Ameri-can leadership was so impor-tant in the world." An Administration spokes-

tant in the world." An Administration spokes-man said today that the Presi-dent would deliver the com-mencement address at Okla-homa State University at Still-water on May 11. It will mark the President's first appearance on a college campus in more than two years. Next Thursday, Mr. Nixon will fly to Phoenix, Ariz., to address a Republican rally. After an overnight stay in Phoenix he will travel to Spo-kane, Wash., where he will open Expo 74.