Report Aimed at Hill

By David S. Broder and George Lardner Jr. Washington Post Staff Writers

The Watergate grand jury has recommended that its secret report about President Nixon be sent to the House Judiciary Committee for its impeachment inquiry, according to informed sources.

The decision is up to U.S. District Court Judge John J. Sirica, but there was no indication of when he might rule on the issue. The Washington Post reported Saturday that the report expresses the grand jurors' belief that Mr. Nixon was involved in the services. was involved in the conspiracy to cover up the Watergate scandal.

Republican Gov. Tom Mc-Call of Oregon called for the President to resign now and, spare the country the anguish dent's responsibility for the alof an impeachment trial.

side, Ore., "and regardless of ward." the outcome of the trial, both he and the country will lose."

the same GOP conference, two jury indicted seven of Mr. Nixother speakers, Sen. Bob Pack-on's former White House and seven new defendants. wood (R-Ore.) and former New York Gov. Nelson Rockefeller, said that impeachment, not



JUDGE JOHN J. SIRICA ... weighing request

tional processes are going for-

In addition to delivering the Taking an opposite stand at Friday, the Watergate grand campaign aides for conspiring to block the Watergate investisaid that impeachment, not gation ever since it began on resignation, was the proper June 17, 1972. The defendants course to determine the Presi-include H. R. (Bob) Haldeman, John D. Ehrlichman and John N. Mitchell, the inner circle of the President's first administration.

The grand jury charged that their conspiracy with others "known and unknown" is still going on.

The grand jury did not name the "others" known to it, but knowledgeable lawyers said that Watergate prosecutors will almost certainly have to identify them in response to defense motions that can be expected in the case.

The White House gave no indication of its next step, but the President's lawyers could move into court to keep the secret report—and the bulging briefcase submitted with it— from going to the Judiciary Committee

The President met with his "The President is almost certain to be impeached and tried," McCall said at a Republican conference in Seaside, Ore., "and regardless of the content of the president met with his top aides, chief of staff Alexander M. Haig Jr. and press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler, at the white House yesterday, but then left with Mrs. Niver and the left with Mrs. Niver and the left with Mrs. but then left with Mrs. Nixon to spend the rest of the weekend at Camp David, Md.

The next scheduled step in the unraveling of the Watergate case is the arraignment here next Saturday of the

In addition to Haldeman, hrlichman and Mitchell Ehrlichman Ehrlichman and Mitchell, those indicted are former

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White House special counsel Charles W. Colson; former White House aide Gordon Strachan; former Assistant Attorney General Robert C. Mardian and Kenneth W. Parkinson, an attorney for the Committee for the Re-Election of the President.

All will enter their pleas be-

fore Sirica, who assigned the has available, but I don't know case to himself under his au- what there is that hasn't been thority as chief judge of the given to the courts. U. S. District Court here.

Sirica is stepping down as chief judge March 19, when he reaches the mandatory retire- in November that will give it ment age of 70. It seemed likely that he would rule before then on the grand jury's secret report, which, like the indictment, was submitted to him because of his standing as chief judge.

Watergate grand jurors are expected to be called back into session in about two weeks, but apparently other work unrelated to the report dealing with Mr. Nixon.

Watergate Special Prosecutor Leon Jaworski told Sirica Friday that he had "something further" for the grand jury to consider.

On the political front, Mc-Call's statement was by far the most outspoken reaction, as most Republican officeholders and officials confined their public remarks to expressions of confidence in the system of

There was apprehension among GOP officials that the news might create additional problems for Republican contenders in two special congressional elections coming Tuesday in Ohio and California.

But some took solace in the thought expressed by Ody Fish, the veteran Wisconsin Republican national committeeman, who said, "The majority of the people were pretty can people are very sophistimuch expecting this, and I don't know how much more of a bad effect anything can have

McCall put only one condition on his demand for the President's resignation. "The one last opportunity," he said, "is to give up all the information he has, all the tapes, all the memoranda. He must tell, if he knows, about gaps in tapes and missing tapes. He must pay taxes representative of his income, regardless of the challenged deductions."

"If he is not going to open up," McCall said, "he should

resign."

Challenging McCall's 'views in a telephone interview, Iowa's Republican Gov. Robert D. Ray said: "I've always be dteermined ... and I am felt the President should disconfident justice finally will close whatever information he prevail."

Illinois Democratic chairman John P. Touhy, while predicting a sweep for his party control of both houses of the legislature and the majority of the congressional delegation, said he did not see the indictments as a major political factor in themselves.
"The impact of Watergate

had been written off somewhat earlier," Touhy said.
"Everyone expected these indictments. People had their faith in anything Mr. Nixon said, before this."

But Ray said he thought that "what happens hereafter might change" the President's standing with the public, weak as it already is.

"As people understand the indictments more," Ray said, "there will be more questions . . particularly about the conflict between [John W.] Dean's testimony and [H. R.] Haldeman's. Apparently, the grand jury found some reason to put credence in what Dean said.

Ray and Rockefeller used almost identical language in suggesting that voters were "sophisticated" enough not to take out their suspicions of the President on Republican candidates for state and local

When Rockefeller was asked in Oregon whether he feared a can people are very sophistican people are very sophisticated, and they want two strong parties represented in Congress. Where they have a good Republican in Congress, they'll send him back."

But, in a Phoenix, Ariz,, speech, Vice President Gerald R. Ford arned that "a smashing Democratic victory" in the November elections could mean a "return to the rubber stamp Congress that Lyndon Johnson controlled in the 1960s, when spending and waste knew no bounds."

California Gov. Ronald Reagan, another potential 1976 Republican candidate, said he was pleased that "the cases are now before the courts, where innocence and guilt will