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WASHINGTON, Jan. 15—Following is the text of the advisory panel's report to Judge John J. Sirica on the White House tape recordings:

In response to your request In response to your request we have made a comprehen-sive technical study of the White House tape of June 20, 1972, with special attention to a section of buzzing sounds that lasts approxi-mately 18.5 minutes. Para-graphs that follow summarize our findings and indicate the our findings and indicate the kinds of tests and evidence on which we base the findings.

Magnetic signatures that we have measured directly on. the tape show that the buzzing sounds were put on the tape in the process of erasing and re-recording at least five, and perhaps as many as nine, separate and continguous segments. Hand operation of keyboard controls on the Uher 5000 recorder was in-volved in starting and 'again in storping the recording of in stopping the recording of each segment.

The magnetic signatures observed on the tape show. conclusively that the 18.5-minute section could not have been produced by any single, continuous operation. Further, whether the foot pedal was used or not, the recording controls must have been operated by hand in the been operated by hand in the making of each segment.

'Were Done Directly'

The erasing and recoding operations that produced the operations that produced the buzzing section were done directly on the tape we re-ceived for study. We have found that this tape is 1,814.5 feet long, which lies within a normal range for tapes sold as 1,800 feet in length. We a normal range for tapes sold as 1,800 feet in length. We have examined the entire tape for physical splices and have found none. Other tests that we have made thus far are consistent with the as-sumption that the tape is an original and not a record original and not a re-recording.

A Uher 5000 recorder, almost surely the one desig-nated as Government exhibnated as Government exino-it #60, was used in producing the 18.5-minute section. Sup-port for this conclusion in-cludes recorder operating characteristics that we meas-ured and found to correspond ured and found to correspond to signal characteristics observed on the evidence tape. The buzzing sounds them-selves originated in noise picked up from the electrical power line to which the re-corder was connected. Meas-urements of the frequency spectrum of the buzz showed that it is made up of a 60 cycles per second funda-mental tone, plus a large number of harmonic tones at multiples of 60. Especially strong are the third harmonic at 180 and the fifth harmonic at 300 cy-cles per second. As many as 40 harmonics are present in the buzz and create its "raucous" quality. Variations in the Buzz

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Variations in the Buzz Variations in the strength of the buzz, which during most of the 18.5-minute sec-tion is either "loud" or "soft," probably arose from several causes including vari-ations in the noise on the power line, erratic function-ing of the recorder, and changes in the position of the operator's hand while running the recorder. The variations do not appear to be caused by normal machine operations. Can speech sounds be de-tected under the buzzing? We think so. At three loca-tions in the 18.5-minute sec-tion, we have observed a fragment of speech-like sound fasting less than one second. Each of the fragments

second.

of the fragments Each lies exactly at a place on the tape that was missed by the tape that was missed by the erase head during the series of operations in which the several segments of erasure and buzz were put on the tape. Further, the frequency spectra of the sounds in these fragments bear a reasonable fragments bear a reasonable resemblance to the spectra of

speech sounds. Can the speech be re-covered? We think not. We know of no technique that could recover intelligible speech from the buzz section. Even the fragments that we have observed are so heavily obscured that we cannot tell what was said.

The attached diagram il-lustrates the sequence of of **ITICA ON LAPE** sound events in the 18.5-minute section. Also illustra-ted is a sequence of Uher op-erations "erase-record on" and "erase-record off" that are consistent with signa-tures that we measured on the evidence tape. The five segments that can be identi-fied unequivocally are labeled "1" through "5." In addition, the diagram shows four seg-ments of uncertain ending. In developing the technical evidence on which we have based the findings reported here, we have used labora-tory facilities, measuring in-struments and techniques of several kinds, including digi-tal computers located in three different laboratories, spe-cialized instruments for measuring frequency spectra and wave forms, techniques for "developing" magnetic marks that can be seen and measured directly on the tape, techniques for measur-ing the performance charac-teristics of recorders and voice-operated switches, and statistical methods for ana-lyzing experimental results. In summary we have reached complete agreement on the following conclusions: 1. The erasing and record-ing operations that produced the buzz section were done directly on the evidence tape.

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The Uher 5000 record-er designated Government exhibit #69 probably pro-duced the entire buzz section.
The erasures and buzz recordings were done in at

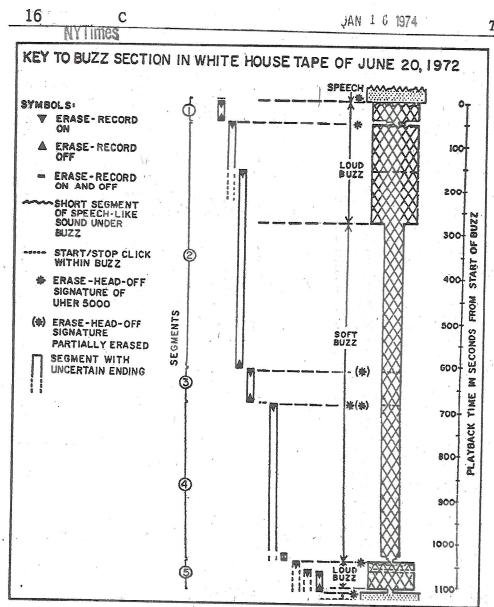
3. The erasures and puzz recordings were done in at least five, and perhaps as many as nine, separate and contiguous segments. 4. Erasure and recording of each segment required hand

each segment required hand operation of keyboard con-trols of the Uher 5000 machine

5. Erased portions of the tape probably contained speech originally. 6. Recovery of the speech is not possible by any meth-od known to us

od known to us. 7. The evidence tape, in so far as we have deter-mined, is an original and not

Respectfully submitted. Richard H. Bolt FRANKLIN S. COOPER JAMES L. FLANAGAN JOHN G. (JAY) MCKNIGHT THOMAS G. STOCKHAM JR. MARK R. WEISS



Tape experts' sketch of actions causing 18-minute buzz on subpoenaed White House Tape experts' sketch of actions causing 18-minute buzz on subpoenaed White House tape shows five definite start-to-stop erasure sequences (closed-end vertical bars, left) and as many as four others (open-ended vertical bars). Wide and narrow cross-hatch-ing at right shows 18-minute buzz. Horizontal dashed lines, eight to left of cross-hatching and five within it, and seven asterisks (two in parentheses), all indicate electronic "signatures" of start or end of recording on Uher 5000 machine. Three wavy lines in cross-hatching, two near top and one near bottom, indicate minute segments of a speechlike sound that could be discerned.

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