Gray, in Shift, Says He Read Hunt Files He Burned; Terms Accepting Papers a 'Grievous Misjudgment'

By WALTER RUGABER Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3-Patrick Gray 3d changed his papers had not been "evidence story today and asserted that in the case." he had examined files removed

of the Watergate conspiracy grievous misjudgment." before burning them with his Christmas trash.

ments without reading them, Central Intelligence Agency. contended before the Senate Watergate committee that the were these:

Excerpts from the testimony are on Pages 11 and 12.

The from the safe of a key member from the safe plot, constituted "a gate break-in.

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Among Mr. Gray's points to interview."

The F.B.I. n the case."

Weeks, at the suggestion of pause," was to instruct Mr. White House and C.I.A. officeceptance of the papers taken cials, to interview two key with your aggressive and thorough acceptance of the papers taken cials, to interview two key wit-

f the Watergate conspiracy grievous misjudgment."

Gray largely confined his testimony today to two former acting director of aspects of the Watergate constant are trying to mortally grievous misjudgment."

General Intervention of Central Intelligence, differed in some respects with Mr. Gray's recollection of events.

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Staff are trying to mortally grievous misjudgment."

Deputy Director of Central Intelligence, differed in some respects with Mr. Gray's recollection of events.

General Walters, who pre-The former acting director of aspects of the watergate constant are trying to mortally the Federal Bureau of Investitorversy, his handling of the gation, who had earlier said files and the "confusion" over that he had destroyed the docu-the covert activities of the question of C.I.A. interest in, or Continued on Page 10, Column 4

not in, people the F.B.I. wishes

The President's only rewaited two sponse to this, after "a slight

Deputy Director of Central In-

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6

mittee's witness table today, testified that when he first went to Mr. Gray on June 23 he indicated that he had left a

he indicated that he had left a meeting at the White House. General Walters and Richard Helms, then the director of Central Intelligence, had been summoned to the White House earlier that day for a meeting with John D. Ehrlichman and H. R. Haldeman, Mr. Nixon's ranking advisers.

ranking advisers.
All four men agree that Mr.
Haldeman told General Walters Haldeman told General Walters to meet with Mr. Gray, but the C.I.A. officials say that they were ordered to object to parts of the F.B.I. investigation while the White House advisers contend that they asked only that the question of C.I.A. involvement be explored

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". . I have no recollection or memory whatsoever of General Walters informing me at this meeting that he was coming to me after talking to the White House . . ," Mr. Gray said. "I understood him to be stating a C.I.A. position, not a White House message."

The Hunt files were passed to Mr. Gray on June 28, 1972, 11 days after the Watergate arrests, by John W. Dean 3d, then counsel to the President. The transaction occurred in Mr. Ehrlichman's office.

Error Was 'Compounded'

Error Was 'Compounded'

"My destroying them and resistance of disclosure only compounded the error [of taking them]," Mr. Gray, who resigned on the day the episode became public, said in a 51-added. added:

"That the documents were not in fact Watergate evidence, while legally significant, does not lessen my present belief that I permitted myself to be used to perform a mere political. used to perform a mere political chore. I shall carry the burden

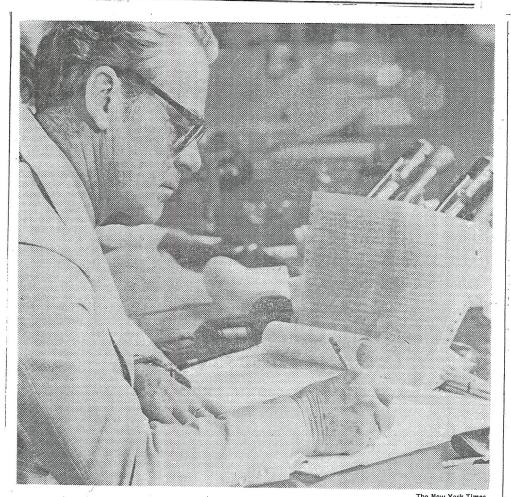
chore. I shall carry the burden of that act with me always."
He told the Senators that in passing the Hunt files to him, Mr. Dean had described them as "political dynamite" and said they "should not see the light of day."

Against the denials of both

Against the denials of both Mr. Ehrlichman and Mr. Dean

Mr. Ehrlichman and Mr. Dean that they had ordered the papers burned, Mr. Gray conceded that neither man had "expressly instructed me to destroy the files." But he added:

". . There was, and is, no doubt in my mind that destruction was intended. . . The clear implication of the substance and tone of their remarks was that htese two files were to be destroyed, and I interpreted this to be an order



Senator Edward J. Gurney, Republican of Florida, taking notes at yesterday's Watergate hearing. Before him on the table is a computer printout of earlier testimony.

NYT 8-4-73 from the counsel to the President of the United States issued in the presence of one of the two top assistants to the President of the United States."

"...Immediately before putting them in the fire," Mr. Gray contended today, "I opened one of the files."

"...Immediately before putting them in the fire," Mr. Gray contended today, "I opened one of the files."

After keeping the files in his Washington apartment, his of-Stonington, Conn., Mr. Gray said, he "burned them during Christmas week with the Christmas and household paper trash that had accumulated immediately following Christmas."

In April, Mr. Gray told Senator Lowell P. Weicker Jr., a Connecticut Republican who is a member of the committee, that he had dropped the files into his F.B.I. "burn bag" shortly after receiving them, He said that he had done so without reading them.

His previous account would mean that Mr. Gray could not say of his own knowledge that the documents had no relation to the Watergate investigation, and his defense against any charge of destroying evidence would be more difficult.

After keeping the files in his of the files."

He said that it contained what appeared to be State Department cables, and that the first of these "implicated officials of these "impl