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# NYTimes A Dedicated Deputy of the C.I.A.



*His other talents kept him from a field command*  
(General Walters, center, with President Nixon in the Azores in 1971)

## Vernon Anthony Walters

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3— An angry, jeering mob surrounded the limousine, beating on the roof and chanting anti-American slogans. Inside the car that hot May afternoon in Caracas 15 years ago was Richard M. Nixon, Vice President of the United States, who was on a "good will" tour of Latin America. Sitting in the front seat was an American Army colonel, Dick

**Man in the News** Walters, who was serving as his interpreter. Recalling his harrowing experience four years later, Mr. Nixon wrote in his book "Six Crises": "One of the ringleaders—a typical tough thug—started to bash in the window next to me with a big iron pipe. The shatterproof glass did not break, but it splattered into the car. Walters got a mouthful, and I thought for an instant, 'There goes my interpreter.'"

**Relationship Minimized**  
Vernon Anthony Walters survived what Mr. Nixon would call the fourth of his "Six Crises" and now finds himself, as deputy director of the Central Intelligence Agency, playing a major role in Mr. Nixon's seventh crisis, the Watergate scandal.

Today, Mr. Walters, now a lieutenant general, testified before the Senate Watergate committee and was asked why he had not made use of his long acquaintance with President Nixon to warn him about the attempts to involve the C.I.A. in the Watergate cover-up.

General Walters sought to minimize the relationship that John D. Ehrlichman had re-

portedly said made him a "good friend of the White House" within the intelligence agency.

As a linguist fluent in eight languages, General Walters has served a range of prominent political figures. He was in Paris as an aide to W. Averell Harriman in the early years of the cold war, with President Truman at his historic meeting with General of the Army Douglas MacArthur and with President Eisenhower at Geneva in 1953.

More recently, he won the respect of Democrats like Lincoln Gordon and Sargent Shriver for the grasp of local conditions that he acquired as military attaché in the Rio de Janeiro and Paris Embassies.

The career of the husky 6-foot-3-inch general has been unorthodox in many ways. He is not a West Point graduate and has never had a field command. Much of his success seems based on his ability as an interpreter and as a military attaché who could cultivate extensive contacts in any country that he was assigned to.

### Hard-Working Officer

This background has reportedly been the object of considerable criticism by C.I.A. career officials who feel that General Walters's experience as an attaché is insufficient qualification for the agency post President Nixon chose for on March 2, 1972.

"His reputation," said one person familiar with the C.I.A. yesterday, "is that of a guy who speaks in four or five languages and thinks in none."

But that assessment would

be vehemently contested by his friends and supporters, who say that the 56-year-old general is an aggressively brilliant man with a sophistication and perception rare for a soldier.

These people describe him as a hard-working and dedicated officer who looks on his skills as an interpreter with mixed emotions, because they have prevented him from attaining the field command that he has always wanted.

In many ways, the course of the C.I.A. official's career was set by his childhood. Born in New York on Jan. 3, 1917, Vernon Walters was the youngest of a wealthy insurance agent's three children. After suffering a series of financial reverse, his father decided in 1923 that the family could live better in France.

### Enlisted in 1941

The family moved there, and during vacations traveled in Europe. Vernon Walters learned Spanish and Italian as well as French.

After graduating from a French lycée, Mr. Walters attended Stonyhurst college in England, where a cousin of his mother's, a Jesuit priest, was the rector.

General Walters enlisted in the Army as a private in 1941. Within a year he was made an officer in intelligence. By the end of the war he was a major. He decided to make the Army his career.

A bachelor, General Walters cared for his mother for many years until her death.

As military attaché in Paris, he entertained frequently. He lives more quietly now in the officers quarters at Fort Myer, Va.