## Stone Stone Lists 42 Donees '70 Candidates

Got \$2 Million From Magnate

By Morton Mintz Washington Post Staff Writer

Multimillionaire W. Clement Stone yesterday made public the full list of 42 Senate, House and other candidates to whom he contributed and loaned more than a total of \$2 million in the 1970 elections.

The Chicago insurance magnate told The Washington Post that he had dipped into a forthat he had dipped into a ror-tune estimated at the time at \$450 million to "strengthen the Republican Party" and to elect more legislators who would "zealously cooperate" in re-electing President Nixon in 1972. in 1972.

Stone distributed the \$2 million-\$810,660 in contributions and \$1,234,204 in loans, which legally are contributions in 29 states, including Maryland and Virginia.

Sen. James (Cons. R-N.Y.) got a \$300,000 loan, which has been repaid, and a gift of \$15,000.

Stone made his largest single expenditure in 1970 in besie expenditure in 1970 in behalf of the late Sen. Ralph Smith (R-III.), a \$500,000 loan of which \$300,000 is outstanding. Smith, who was defeated by Democratic Sen. Adlai E. Stevenson III, also got a donation of \$17,500.

Among congressional candidates, the top beneficiary was Jay Wilkinson, a Republican, who got a gift of \$45,000 and a still-outstanding loan of \$22,000 for an unsuccessful race against incumbent Rep. Tom Steed (D-Okla.).

Wilkinson is the son of Bud Wilkinson, a former adviser to President Nixon.

As disclosed yesterday, Stone is foremost among Mr. Nixon's super contributors, having given him \$2,813,699 for his 1968 campaign and \$2,056,145 for his 1972 campaign paign.

Stone's second largest contribution to a House candidate was \$33,492 to right-wing Republican Phyllis L. Schlafly of Illinois. She lost to Demo-cratic incumbent Rep. George Shipley.

Republican Gov. Ronald Reagan of California got \$25,000, the largest contrib-ution made by Stone to a gubernatorial candidate. Reagan defeated Democrat Jess Unruh.

The smallest gift on the list, \$100, went to Rep. John Anderson, a moderate Illinois Republican.

A member of the Senate Select Watergate committee, Sen. Lowell P. Weicker (R-Conn.), is listed for \$10,000.

In Maryland, Stone gave Republican J. Glenn Beall Jr. \$2,-500 for his successful race against incumbent Sen. Joseph D. Tydings, a Democrat. He gave \$1,000 to Peter Parker for an unsuccessful effort against Baltimore Democratic Rep. Parren J. Mitchell.

In Virginia, Stone contrib-uted \$500 to Republican Ray L. Garland to challenge in-cumbent Sen. Harry F. Byrd, a Democrat turned independent. He also gave \$12,000, in 1969, to Republican Linwood Holton's successful bid for gover-

Stone, in making yesterday's voluntary disclosure, said that

See STONE, A4, Col. 1

## STONE, From A1

none of the 1970 contributions was requested by President Nixon. The candidates were suggested instead by GOP officials and friends in Washington, Stone said.
A self-made

A self-made man founded and heads the Comman bined Insurance Companies of America, Stone met Mr. Nixon in 1964, when both served on the board of the Boys Clubs of America.

Starting with the 1968 campaign, Stone has given almost \$7 million to political candidates — Republicans, with rare exceptions. He has said that he divided all of his gifts among multiple committees so as to avoid gift taxes.

Under law there is no limit on contributions to federal candidates. However, a bill expected to be taken up by the Senate late this month would limit the contributions to all federal candidates together to \$100,000 for a person and \$200,000 for a married couple if enacted.

Stone denied a report in yesterday's Chicago Sun-Times that he had invited Watergate special prosecutor Archibald Cox to trace how his contributions to Mr. Nixon's re-election campaign were used.

"I have repeatedly stated that my contributions have definitely not been involved in. Watergate because I know exactly to which committees the

checks were paid," Stone said.

However, because there is
"a possibility" that some of the money he gave was "misused," he will conduct his was own inquiries into how the \$2 million given in late 1971 and

early 1972 was spent.

Asked why he supported the
1970 candidates, Stone told a

reporter:
"I wanted both houses Congress, and particularly the Senate, to consist of more members willing to back Mr. Nixon's basic programs be-cause their philosophy of what was best for America would coincide with his.

"I believe that it was to the best interests of the people that desirable legislation be passed. . .without the waste of time caused by antagonistic attitudes of those senators and congressmen who delayed or defeated the passing of beneficial laws primarily because of their own political ambitions or because their programs were originated by the Presi-

"Because I believe that it is in the best interests of all Americans and because I am a Republican and wish to strengthen the Republican Party throughout the United States, I felt it was desirable to help good Republican candidates in the 1970 primaries

and elections for governor in their respective states.

"Because of the importance of Illinois in a national election, it is necessary that we have a strong Republican Party in Illinois working in harmony and unity. To win a presidential election, it's imperative that the candidate carries (sic) Illinois.

"I believed it was therefore desirable that I should help good Republican candidates achieve their objectives in the primaries and elections. Because their philosophy would correspond with Mr. Nixon's and my own, I believed that by helping them, they in turn would more zealously cooperate in the election of Mr. Nixon."

Stone said Friday that he had loaned or contributed about \$250,000 in 1970 to the Illinois Republican state central committee. He put the total of unrepaid loans at \$709,-

Here is the breakdown of Stone's contributions to 19 candidates for the U.S. Senate, 9 for the House and 13 for

	- 4-11-1	
	SENATE Winners	*
	Contribu-	
	tions & a	ans
	Lowell P. Weicker Conn. \$10,000 J. Glenn Beall Md. 2,500	96.
	James Buckley NV TS 000 ego	າຕຕະຕ
	Robert Taff Jr. Ohio 10,000	,,,,,,,
	William E. Broc? Tenn. 15,000 Winston L. Prouty Vt. 10,000	1
İ	Losers	
ı	10,000 Fla. 10,000	180
ı	Raiph Smith III. 17,500 50 Clark MacGregor Minn. 10,000	0,000
į	John C. Danforth Mo. 7,500	
	I Figroid Wallace Mont Sinn	
ľ	William Raggio Nev. 15,000 Nelson Gross N.J. 20,000	
	Thomas Kleppe N.D. 15,000	
	George Bush Tex. 10,000	
	Ray L. Garland Va. 500	
	James Wold Wyo. 10,000	
	Anderson Carter N.M. 20,000	
	HOUSE	
	Winners	
	Contribu-	me
	John Anderson III. Tonkii	
	Philip M. Crane III. 500 Walter E. Powell Ohio 1,000	
	Losers	
	Ann Ucello Conn. 2,500 Phyllis Schlefly III. 33,492	
	Phyllis Schlafly III. 33,492 Peter Parker Md. 1,000	
	Barry Farber N.Y. 500 .410	000
	Jay Wilkinson Okla. 45,000 *22, Howard Phillip Mass. 2,500	000
	Howard Phillip Mass. 2,500	
	GOVERNORS	
	Winners Contribu-	
	tions Loa	ne l
	Deane C. Davis VI. 10,000	
	Thos. J. Meskill Conn. 10,000	- 1
	Walter Peterson N.H. 2,000	- 1
	Linwood Holton Va.('69) 12,000 Losers	- 1
	Hal Sult Ga. 5,000	- 1
	34710er P. King Hawaii 5,000 w26,0	000
	Raym'd Broderick Pa. 10,000	1
	H. DeSimone R.I. 7.500	
	Frank Farrar S.D. 10,000	
1	Pete Domenici N.M. 10,000	1
	*Loans still due.	

Ralph Kiyosaki, a candidate for lieutenant governor of Hawaii, got \$15,000; he lost. The loans to congressional

candidates Farber and Wilkinson and to gubernatorial candidate King remain unpaid.

Along with Stone, numerous other supporters of the Presi-

The supporters include Wal-The supporters include Walter Annenberg of Philadelphia, ambassador to Britain; Thomas Pappas of Boston, who has wide-ranging business interests in Greece; Max Fisher of Detroit and Henry Salvatori of Los Angeles, both oil men; Henry Ford II, the Detroit auto executive, and Detroit auto executive, and Edgar W. Brown Jr. of Orange, Texas, a 79-year-old oil, timber, and banking entrepre-

Some contributors pass gifts earmarked for specific legislators through Capitol Hill committees that then turn the money over to the candidates. This process impedes and sometimes prevents identifica-tion of the original contributors.

Common Cause, the citizen lobby, assembled data showing, for example, that Stanley Goldblum, president of the now-bankrupt Equity Funding Corpl, had earmarked almost \$50,000 by last Oct 26, the final date of the last pre-election reporting period tion reporting period.

Goldblum gave the money to the National Committee for Re-election of a Democratic Congress, which passed it on to Democratic campaign committees on Capitol Hill for distribution to selected candi-dates-36 for the House, including 18 from California, and two for the Senate:

The same earmarking route

dent have turned up as sub-stantial contributors to con-berg of Los Angeles, a builder who had loaned \$95,000 to Sen. George McGovern's presidential campaign, Weinberg gave \$43,888 to 16 Senate candidates, \$43,200 to 18 incumbent California congressmen, three California candidates for the House and one Texas incumbent.

Howard E. Saft of New York City, president of Adlay Jew-elry, loaned the National Committee for Re-election \$90,000, of which \$66,500 was earmarked for 34 House candidates and \$5,000 for three Sen-

ate candidates.

ate candidates.

However, all such contributions were dwarfed by those made by special interest committees, especially those of three giant dairy industry cooperatives that also contributed \$422,500 to President Nixon

last year.

The dairy units gave congressional campaign commit-tee about \$600,000 Some of the money was passed through to favored senators and congressmen. More than \$100,000 went to at least 26 of the 31 members of the House Agriculture Committee who were opposed in last November's election. Large sums also went first to opponents in numerous races, and then to the victors, whether they were Democrats or Republicans.

Also contributing to this story were staff writers Peter Braestrup and Ted Frederickson.