## NGRESS TO SCAN **USE OF TAX AUDITS**

Joint Panel to Study Charge That Administration Tried to Punish Its Enemies

By EILEEN SHANAHAN

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, June 28-The joint tax committee of Congress ordered today an investigation of allegations that the Nixon Administration has used tax audits to punish its enemies and help its friends.

The joint committee, whose membership consists of the senior members of the House Ways and Means Committee and the Senate Finance Committee, approved the investigation after a very brief discussion and with no recorded dissent at a meeting that had been called for another purpose.

The chairman of the joint committee, whose formal name is the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation, Representative Wilbur D. Mills, Democrat of Arkansas.

The joint committee instructed its staff to examine the tax returns and any audits of all

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persons who have been mentioned publicly as possibly receiving favorable or unfavorable treatment by Internal Revenue.
One person, Robert Greene of

One person, Robert Greene of the Long Island newspaper Newsday, was explicitly men-tioned by John W. Dean 3d, the former White House counsel, as having been audited because of his role in preparing an unfa-vorable news article on Charles G. Rebozo, a friend of Presi-dent Nixon.

## Commissioners Resisted

While no other alleged target of a politically motivated audit has been discussed by name, memorandums that have been introduced at the Watergate hearings indicated that members of the White House staff repeatedly tried to pressure Internal Revenue to perform tax audits on persons considered to be enemies of the Nixon Administration.

The memerandums indicated that the first two men to hold the position of Commissioner of Internal Revenue under President Nixon had generally re-While no other alleged tar-

of Internal Revenue under President Nixon had generally resisted these pressures. They were Randolph W. Thrower and Johnnie M. Walters.

The man who now heads I.R.S., Donald C. Alexander, promised the director of the staff of the joint committee, Laurence N. Woodworth, his "full cooperation" in the investigation. tigation.

In a related development, Mr. Thrower said that he had been told that President Nixon personally wanted a former New York policeman, John J. Caulield, appointed to head the I.R.S. Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division. Mr. Thrower resisted the appointment on the ground that Mr. Caulfield had In a related development, Mr.

no qualifications for such a nigh-ranking administrative job.

## Confirmation by Greene

Mr. Caulfield was named by Vir. Dean on Tuesday as the nan who had forwarded to Inernal Revenue Mr. Dean's or-lers that Mr. Greene be audited. Mr. Dean said that Mr. Caulfield subsequently reported back to him that the audit had been undertaken, and Mr. Greene has confirmed that he was, in fact, audited at the time mentioned by Mr. Dean.

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Mr. Thrower, who was reached by telephone in Mex-ico, where he is vacationing, said that he first heard that the White House wanted Mr. Caul-

field appointed to the I.R.S. job in mid-1970 in a telephone call into the requirements of the I.R.S. job and into Mr. Caulford Charls E. Walker, then Under Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Walker indicated that "Mr. Caulfield was a person who had worked close to the President and was highly regarded by the President," Mr. Thrower said.

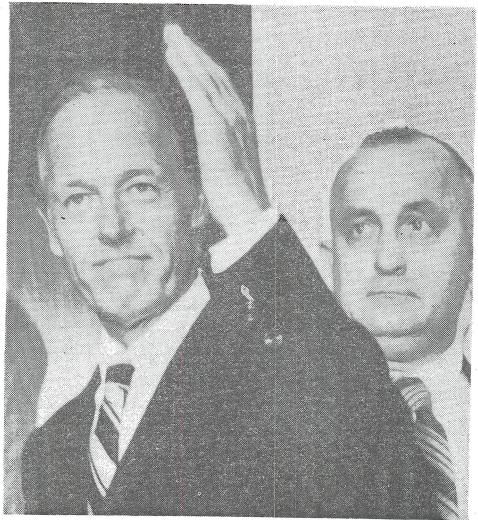
Mr. Walker confirmed that he had informed Mr. Thrower that "the White House had requested the appointment of Mr. Caulfield" and agreed that he had been told by a member of the White House staff that the President personally wanted Mr. Caulfield in the job. But he said he had never heard this from the President himself. He refused to say what member of the White House staff he had dealt with on the matter.

Mr. Walker said that after Mr. Caulfield in a top job in the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division.

In the requirements of the position was as head of enforcement for the unit, a job for whito Mr. Thrower felt Mr. Caulfield might be adequately qualified.

But, he said, the White House—again through Mr. alker—insisted that the division be resisted the appointment of Mr. Caulfield is going to be put in that job."

But the matter was allowed fired would report directly to no one except Commissioner Thrower said he thought essential points in Mr. Walker said the thought essential points in Mr. Walker and the went on to describe a second attempt that the White House that the Walker said that after the White House that the W



E. Howard Hunt Jr., Watergate conspirator, arrives for hearing. At right is a marshal.