Cox Weighs Grand Jury On Campaign 'Extortion'

Watergate Inquiry Said to Have Reports That G.O.P. Solicited Corporations and Individuals With Federal 'Problems'

By SEYMOUR M. HERSH

Special to The New York Times

prosecutor in the Watergate early 1972 on that basis. case, is considering a grand jury investigation to determine cials said, ranged from pending whether the President Nixon's Federal income tax cases of re-election organization used individuals to cost overrun disextortion and other illegal putes and Securities and Ex-forms of fund-raising while change Commission difficulties collecting more than \$50-mil-of corporations. One reliable lion in campaign contributions source said that Mr. McBride last year, sources close to the would attempt to determine case said today.

F. McBride, a special assistant problems were drawn up by to Mr. Cox, was expanding his Republican fund--raisers late in staff in anticipation of a long 1971. inquiry into the fund-raising practices of Herbert W. Kalmbach, the President's former personal attorney; Maurice H. convene a special grand jury-Stans, who served as the chief as authorized in the 1970 Safe last year, and fund-raiser others.

Well-informed officials said Well-informed officials said grand jury can issue a that Mr. McBride had accumuse sentment," or report, r lated allegations indicating that than criminal indictments Republican officials at one time against public officials "as a drew up a list of corporations and individuals "who had prob- Continued on Page 29, Column 1

WASHINGTON, June 20-The lems with the Government" and staff of Archibald Cox, special solicited funds in late 1971 and

Those "problems," the offiwhether special lists of persons The sources said that Thomas and corporations with such

> A source close to Mr. Cox's team said that staff lawyers were now debating whether to Streets and Crime Control Act to handle the inquiry. Under the legislation. the special "prerather

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basis for removal from office."

said, would be to convene another 23-member grand jury in the District of Columbia, to to require the current grand jury now hearing testimony about the Watergate cover-up to also begin handling the fund-raising

"As we get deeper into the evidence," the source said, "it is probable" that another grand jury will be convened. As such, it would be the first special grand jury in the property of the second special grand jury in the property of the second special grand jury in the property of the second special grand jury in the second special grand grand special grand grand special grand gra grand jury inquiry authorized by the Watergate special prosecutor.

In a dispatch today indicating a similar broadening of the Watergate scandal, The New York Times reported that the Senate Watergate committee had decided to investigate the personal finances of the partipersonal finances of the parti-cipants in the bugging and cover-up to determine whether the large sums of money were misappropriated or in other ways wrongfully used.

Cash Gifts to Be Checked

The McBride investigation also will look into the more than \$1.7-million that was collected in cash by the Republicans before the April 7, 1972, implementation of the new Federal Compaign. eral Campaign Finance Reporting Act.

one source close to the case noted that some large Republican constributors had complained privately about bringing in checks and "being told to go back and get cash."

"A lot of contributors feel that they've been had," the source added, and are believed to be willing to cooperate fully with a Federal inquiry.

Mr. McBride, a former Assistant District Attorney in New York and a former Justice De-

with a Federal inquiry.

Mr. McBride, a former Assistant District Attorney in New York and a former Justice Department lawyer, met with officials of Common Cause this week, sources said, and received a promise of full cooperation from the public interest lobbying group.

Common Cause filed a suit last year asking the Finance Committee to Re-elect the President, the main fund-raising group for the re-election committee, to disclose all contributions and expenditures prior to April, 1972. More than \$20 million was raised before then Law School.

sis for removal from office."

An alternative, the source New York Times with a copy of a Republican report showing that icontribution quotas for that (contribution) quotas for each large corporation were set in some area. The report, dated Sept. 5, 1972, and circulated to Republican officials in the Pittsburgh area, included the following comment:

"So far, I am sorry to report, the efforts of the corrections."

"So far, I am sorry to report, the efforts of the corporations to help in this campaign, the outcome of which could seriously affect their future, have been surprisingly poor. Contributions from their employes are coming in very slowly and far below the average necessary to meet our rage necessary to meet our goal of \$30,000 per corporation. Please make every effort to see that all employes are contacted and that a concentrated drive is carried on to help in this financial effort."

The document was signed by The document was signed by Richard Wright, chairman of the Allegheny County, Pa., Committee for the Re-election of the President.

Need for Experts Cited

Sources close to the special prosecuting team noted that the McBride inquiry would embrace all possible criminal violations in connection with the handling of campaign funds, including violation of income tax laws

One complicated area has not been systematically investigated, sources said, revolves around corporation contributions funneled through in-dividuals but not properly re-

orted for income tax purposes.
"The only way to do this,"
one official commented, "is to have discrete experts and spe-