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## Politics, Watergate and Television

## By James Reston

what it calls "instant analysis" of Presidential speeches by television that it will abandon this practice. commentators, and now the Columbia charge, has been protesting against Broadcasting System has announced with Vice President Agnew leading the of years the Nixon Administration, WASHINGTON—For the last couple

anything, C.B.S. has been even more insistent than N.B.C. or A.B.C in detions of the press under the First Amendment should apply equally to manding that all the rights and obliga-C.B.S. decision are a little puzzling. If broadcasting The timing and reasoning of the

public support for this principle of equal protection under the First C.B.S. announces that it will adopt a statements needed the most searching analysis, "instant" and otherwise, policy of "delayed reaction." gate scandals that maybe Presidential public was learning from the Water-Amendment, and precisely when the dustry was beginning to get strong Yet, just when the broadcasting in-

be fair to the President and he has a point. To have a carefully prepared cated, ambiguous and even dangerous problems of the day subjected to the immediate impressions of the C.B.S. Presidential address on the compliby William Paley of C.B.S. in order to stars obviously troubles the man in the Presumably, this decision was made

weeks of preparation and calculation and is ready, subject to last-minute considered reactions to Presidential think about just how fair it is. The problem of avoiding sudden or illaccidents, long before it is delivered. greatest care, after days and even speech, it is constructed with the speeches is not created by the broadthe President decides to make a major casters but by the President. Whenever This all seems fair enough, until you

the text until the last minute, though the text is prepared, completed and mimeographed many hours before. The White House wants it that way. denied them the texts in time to ysis it says it wants. blames the networks for reacting too quickly to Presidential speeches and make the careful and thoughtful analbeing "unfair," though it has unfairly ican people, without any "yes buts" from the commentators. In short, it lated public reaction from the Amer-It wants to create a carefully calcuengage in "instant analysis" only because the White House holds back The reporters and commentators

White House correspondent reports Paley, of all people, should impose a ments every day, and the C.B.S. forceable. The President makes statethe best will in the world, it is unencorrespondents, especially since, with hard rule of no instant analysis on his Accordingly, it is odd that Bill

White House. They would rather have on them and comments on them. Is Rather wait.

Mr. Paley going to tell his White and not analyze what the President said until later? If so, John Chancellor at A.B.C. are going to have a field day. and David Brinkley at N.B.C., and what the President says every day House correspondent merely to report Howard K. Smith and Harry Reasoner

analysis," of course, is only one illustration of the much larger problem of is neither "equal" nor "fair." present so-called "fairness doctrine" the role of television in American po-litical life. "Equal time" under the This issue of "fairness" and "instant

equal time on Wednesday, the audia "major announcement" on Monday ence will not be the same or "equal" and the debate will certainly not mentators or Democrats are given TV audience. But even if the comor Watergate—he is assured of a vast night at 9 o'clock—on prices, Vietnam advance that the President will make therefore be "fair." If the White House announces in

Actually, the problem of "instant analysis" of Presidential speeches is Watergate hearings. vision's role in the courts and in the much simpler than the problem of tele-

mosphere of tension and theater. rooms on the ground that they put television cameras from the courtsensitive witnesses and create an unnecessary and unfair pressure on In general, judges have banned the

dress before the Congress, television vised, while the House has not. has been kept out of the Senate and the House, but the Senate has permitted many of its hearings to be telethe President's State of the Union ad-Except on special occasions, such

going on-is an unresolved question, which the Watergate scandals have brought to the fore. out undue television pressure, and the right of the public to know what is the right of witnesses to testify with-What to do about all this-about

to go on in order to educate the public and provide a basis for new cor-Carolina wants the televised hearings law. Senator Sam Ervin of North with the prosecution and conviction hearings limited lest they interfere cutor, wants the Senate television of people who may have broken the Archibald Cox, the Watergate prose-

needs careful study for the days campaigns and in educating voters. rective laws.
This is a devilish dilemma that ahead, when television will play an increasingly powerful role in political

can political system will be even more unbalanced than it was at the beanalysis of what he says, the Amerioffice and command instant access to power and television power, for if the analysis we can get of Presidential the TV networks, without instant ginning of the Watergate scandals President can use all the power of his But meanwhile, we need all the