Vatergate Figures May Owe Taxes

By Jack Anderson

legal fees and political sabo-

Tax experts tell us Presihe had knowledge of the disbursements. Even if his aides are also taxable, kept him in the dark, he may still be held legally responsible for the tax obligation.

This is the import of a stillsecret General Accounting Office study on the Nixon campaign committees. Quoting tax rules, the study declares "the expenditure of political funds for other than campaign or similar purposes will be considered a diversion of such funds requiring inclusion in

This dry language explains how the Internal Revenue Service is supposed to treat campaign funds that aren't spent for campaign purposes. new requirement was adopted in 1968 after we revealed that the late Sen. Tom Dodd (D-Conn.) had diverted tens of thousands of dollars from his campaign coffers into his own pockets. Dodd was censured, and misdirected campaign funds were made

Must Pay

Now Mr. Nixon's campaign

into improper pockets and | should pay taxes on the \$625,- the finance committee has had Those responsible for the spent for illegal purposes. Our 000. As they interpret the law, to continue in business in or-Watergate crime may have to tax advisers say someone must the tearing up of the personal der to deal with case pending pay taxes on the \$1 million in pay taxes on the \$460.000 at notes—in other words, the in the courts. campaign funds that were laid least that was paid to the Wat-cancellation of the debtout for break-ins, hush money, erbuggers to buy their silence makes the \$625,000 taxable inand to compensate their law- come. yers. In all likelihood, the dent Nixon himself is liable if hundreds of thousands spent ons are using the entire 26on illegal campaign activities

> If the President can't be stuck with the tax obligation, then the campaign aides who made the pay-outs are clearly liable. They would include Finance Chairman Maurice Stans, the President's personal lawyer Herbert Kalmbach, for mer Attorney General John N. Mitchell, White House staff chief, H. R. Haldeman, presidential adviser John Ehrlichman and campaign aide Jeb Magruder.

> Our tax advisers say the President may also be in tax trouble over the financial help he accepted from aerosol king Robert Abplanalp to buy the San Clemente retreat.

The Nixons signed personal notes, which Abplanalp later tore up, for \$625,000. In return, Abplanalp is supposed to own most of the 26-acre tract around the presidential compound.

TAXABLE INCOME

The First Family got the deal approved by the local Internal Revenue office, but our

They point out that the Nixacres, that property records for the Army as civilians. show no evidence the acreage has been legally divided and that the whole deal appears to be a gimmick to benefit the Nixons.

A spokesman for the President assured us, on the other hand, that Abplanalp is the legal owner of the land around the Nixon compound, that the land is going up in value and that it is a profitable investment for Abplanalp.

If anyone but the President were involved, Internal Revenue surely would be investigating. A spokesman refused to tell us, however, whether IRS is investigating the President or any of his aides on tax matters.

Footnote: The secret GAO report also reveals that the financial arm of the Committee for the Re-election of the President is operating in technical violation of the law. Its charter says it would fold up on May 7, six months after the election. Yet it is still in opercollections have been diverted tax experts insist the Nixons ation. A party spokesman said

Lavender Hill Mob: Under the innocuous title "Administrative Survey Detachment," retired military spies are continuing to snoop More than 250 former intelligence officers, inconspicuous in mufti, are stationed around the world. They operate out of the Army's main intelligence center, Ft. Holabird, Md., under the direction of Col. Walter Cronin. At least 20 have been sent to Vietnam to run double agents against the north.

Giant Shreddler: The Internal Revenue Service, in an apparent economy move, has centralized its massive shredding operation at headquarters. This has ruffled the feathers of some IRS bigwigs who prefer the prestige having their own office shred-der. IRS Programs Chief Richard Wintrode, for example, recently requested a paper shredder for the audit division. Wintrode was told to use the large shredder located in the basement." The huge Model 22 shredder, which stands nearly six feet high, can grind 600 pounds of confidential memos per hour.

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