

## Attorney General Explains To Eastland That the Antitrust Case Has Begun to Overlap With Watergate

## By E. W. KENWORTHY Special to The New York Time

WASHINGTON, June 8-At-1 begun to overlap with the torney General Elliott L. Rich-ardson announced today that ticularly in the area of subhe was shifting to Archibald jects for interview." Cox, the special Watergate This was apparently a referprosecutor, authority to invessence to the fact that many tigate all the ramifications of Government figures under inthe merger of the International vestigation in the Watergate Telephone and Telegraph Cor-affair met with I.T.T. officers poration with the Hartford Fire prior to a consent decree issued Insurance Company.

The object of the investiga-case against the international tion would be to seek any evi- conglomerate. dence of perjury and obstruction of justice on the part of Ervin Jr. announced that the I. T. T. and Government offi-Senate Watergate Committee, cials.

O. Eastland, Democrat of Mis- clude the burglary of Dr. Daniel sissippi who is chairman of the Ellsberg's former psychiatrist Senate Judiciary Committee, in September, 1971. Mr. Richardson said he was giving Mr. Cox this authority because "the I.T.T. inquiry has Continued on Page 14, Column 4

on July 31, 1971, in an antitrust

Meanwhile, Senator Sam J.

of which he is chairman, would In a letter to Senator James expand its investigation to in-

Under the consent decree of

required I.T.T. to divest itself of several acquisitions, includ-ing Avis, Inc., Canteen Inc., the fire protection division of Grin-nel, I.T.T. Levitt & Sons: and two small insurance companies to keep the \$1.5-billion Hartford

Fire Insurance Company. This decree has set off two investigations in the Depart-ment of Justice.

Possible Perjury Studied

The first is an inquiry into possible perjury by I.T.T. officers and Government officials during the second hearings in March and April, 1972, on the nomination of Richard G. Klein-

dienst to be Attorney General. The hearings were resumed at Mr. Kleindienst's request after Jack Anderson, the syndiafter Jack Anderson, the syndi-cated columnist, printed on Feb. 29, 1972, a memo by Dita D. Beard, I.T.T.'s Washington lobbyist, to her chief, William R. Merriam, I.T.T. vice presi-dent for Washington operations. The memo, written June 25, 1971, suggested that the com-pany would get a favorable set-tlement of the Hartford anti-trust suit in return for a pledge of \$400,000 to the Republican of \$400,000 to the Republican Presidential convention then planned for San Diego. On June 30, 1972, the Senate

Judiciary Committee asked the

Justice Department to examine Continued From Page 1, Col. 7 the 1,700-page hearing record 1971, the Justice Department for evidence at perjury. The second inquiry by the

Justice Department was a by-product of another investiga-tion by the Securities and Ex-change Commission following the 1971 consent decree. The S.E.C. inquiry was into possible violations of law and regula-tions by I.T.T. in connection with the Hartford merger. The S.E.C. subnormed LTT

The S.E.C. subpoenaed I.T.T. es, but the documents delivfiles, but the documents deliv-ered did not include the Dita Beard memo, as Stanley Spor-kin, the commission's deputy director of enforcement, discov-ered following the publication of the Anderson column.

Thereupon Mr. Sporkin asked Joseph H. Flom, an I.T.T. at-torney, whether any other documents had been withheld. Mr. Flom delivered 13 of them. They were interoffice memos and letters from I.T.T. to Ad-ministration officials, dealing with meetings on Government antitrust policy in general and three antitrust suits against the corporation in particular.

corporation in particular. Last October the S.E.C. sent the 34 boxes and the envelope containing the 13 "politically sensitive" documents to the Justice Department to keep them out of the hands of the House Commerce Subcommittee on Investigations.

Although Ralph E. Erickson,

then Deputy Attorney General, then Deputy Attorney General, told William J. Casey, the S.E.C. chairman, that Justice did not need the files for its investiga-tion into possible perjury in the Kleindienst hearings, he finally agreed to accept than when Mr. Casey said they might form

the basis for a charge of ob-vestigation: John N. Mitchell, struction of justice. former Attorney General; H. R.

struction of justice. The basis of such a charge, Mr. Casey indicated, might be, first, that I.T.T. on its own ad-mission had shredded some of its files following disclosure of the Dita Beard memo, and, sec-ond, the initial withholding of some "politically sensitive" documents raised the question of whether other documents of whether other documents had been withheld.

The Justice Department, in the view of the senate judiciary the view of the senate judiciary Committee and the House Com-merce subcommittee, has not been very aggressive in the two investigations. Committee and staff members point to a state-ment by L. Patrick Gray 3d, during hearings on his nomina-tion to be director of the Fed-eral. Bureau of Investigation that the F.B.I. did not get or-ders to conduct interviews unders to conduct interviews until last Dec. 5.

In any event, Mr. Richard-son has now directed that the responsibility for the investiga-

responsibility for the investiga-tion of perjury in the Klein-dienst hearings and of obstruc-tion of, justice shall be taken over by Mr. Cox. The 34 boxes of I.T.T. files and the 13 sensitive documents will be transferred to Mr. Cox's office, and some of his staff cording to his office. Mr. Richardson did not men-tion any names, but the follow-duests of the Senate Judiciary Committee and the House Com-merce subcommittee to inspect the subpoenaed documents. Edward J. Gerrity Jr., I.T.T.s orate relations, said in response to a query that "at least half a dozen" of the company's of-ficials, including himself, were

ing Administration officials who months ago. Some of the ques-met with I.T.T. officers prior tions related to the S.E.C. case, to the consent decree have also he said, and others to the Senat figured in the Watergate in-Judiciary Committee hearings.

former Attorney General; H. R. Haldeman, former White House chief of staff; John D. Ehrlichman, former White House chief domestic adviser; former Secre-tary of Commerce Maurice H. Stans and Charles W. Colson, former special counsel to the

Reuben Robertson, a lawyer working with Ralph Nader, the consumer advocate, who has made a specialty of I.T.T., wel-

comed Mr. Richardson's action. "I think this is a very good move," he said. "The Justice Department was going to sit on this egg until it rotted. The Dita Beard memo has a new witality today." vitality today."

Meanwhile, the Project on Corporate Responsibility filed suit in Federal District Court here today seeking an order to require the Justice Department to partice provide a court of the second second second to partice provide a court of the second s to permit public access to the I.T.T. documents under the Freedom of Informatión Act.