U.S. Decides Against Appeal Of Dismissal of Ellsberg Case

By WARREN WEAVER Jr., Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, June 6 --The Federal Government of-ficially dropped today its effort for stealing and copying the Pentagon papers. The Justice Department an-

nounced in a one-sentence statement that Solicitor Gen-

will be possible."

Judge Byrne based his dispossible. Judge Byrne based his dismissal in part on reports that surfaced late in the trial that the Government had tapped Dr. Ellsberg's telephone in 1969 and 1970, during the period of the alleged conspiracy, but that all records and logs of this activity had disappeared from the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Hunt Taken to Grand Jury

LOS ANGELES, June 6 (UPI) — One of the Watergate conspirators, E. Howard Hunt Jr., was taken to a county grand jury hearing under right knows of the burglary of the psychiatrist's office.

Also involved was the emer-The Federal Government ofgence of the news, again a byficially dropped today its effort
to prosecute Dr. Daniel Ellsberg and Anthony J. Russo Jr.
for stealing and copying
Pentagon papers

Assolitatived was the enter
gence of the news, again a byproduct of the trial, that White
House agents had broken into
the office of Dr. Ellsberg's
psychiatrist in September, 1971,
pentagon papers in an effort to obtain his medical records.

"The conduct of the Government has placed the case in such a posture that it precludes

nounced in a one-sentence statement that Solicitor General Erwin N. Griswold would not appeal the month-old decision of Federal District Judge William Matthew Byrne Jr. dismissing all charges against the two defendants and barring a second trial.

Judge Byrne ended the gay trial abruptly on the ground that the Government had made it impossible to achieve a "fair, dispassionate resolution" of the espionage, theft and conspiracy charges by its misconduct in both gathering and concealing evidence.

The Government's decision to drop the case was not unexpected. After Judge Byrne's ruling May 11, the chief prosec tor, David R. Nissen, said: "It appears that the posture of the case is in the fair, dispassionate resolution of these issues by a jury," Judge Byrne concluded.

"The totality of the circumstances of this case... of fend a 'sense of justice.' The bizarre events have incurably infected the prosecution of this case," he said.

In declaring a mistrial, Judge Byrne specified that "the defendants should not have to run the risk, present under existing authorities, that they might be tried again before a different jury."

Had it wished, the Government could have challenged in the United States Court of Appeals Judge Byrne's authority to base his dismissal of the charges on the evidence before thin and his conclusion that a fair second trial would be impossible."



United Press International

E. Howard Hunt Jr., convicted Watergate conspirator, arriving, handcuffed in car, to appear before Los Angeles grand jury studying break-in in the Ellsberg case.