SFExaminer MAY 2 4 1973 Wiretappers sought Cuba Tie to Demos

# Another Burglar Testifies

Examiner News Services

WASHINGTON—Watergate conspirator Bernard Barker told Senate investigators today he believed the wiretapping and burglary of Democratic headquarters was a "matter of national security."

He said he thought the spy squad of which he was a member, was looking for evidence of Cuban contributions to the campaigns of Sen. George McGovern and "possibly" Sen. Edward Kennedy, Barker testified today.

Barker said he and three Cuban-Americans who were arrested in the June 17 Watergate raid believed they would later receive help for "Cuban liberation" from high administration officials.

Barker, brought from jail and testifying under immunity from prosecution, admitted that he had helped in the 1971 break-in at the offices of Pentagon Papers defendant Daniel Ellsberg.

## Hired by Hunt

He said he was recruited for that and later operations by E. Howard Hunt, who subsequently was convicted with Barker and others in the Watergate case.

When Hunt recurited him for the Ellsberg break-in, Barker said:

"It was explained to me that this was a matter of national security."

At that time Hunt was employed by the White House to investigate news leaks of classified information.

Earlier in the day members of the Senate Watergate Committee charged there were discrepancies between testimony of convicted conspirator James W. McCord Jr. and his former lawyer, and one senator proposed their statements be examined for possible perjury.

## Major Points

The lawyer, Gerald Alch of Boston, a member of F. Lee Bailey's firm, was questioned all morning about his denials of two parts of McCord's testimony earlier during the nationally televised hearings:

- That Alch suggested that McCord, a 19-year CIA veteran, build as his defense the CIA was involved in the June 17 buggnig and break-in at the Democratic offices at the Watergate complex.
  - That Alch brought pres-

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sure on McCord to accept an offer of executive clemency.

The morning questioning of Alch took 2½ hours during his second day on the stand.

### Urges Lie Tests

Sen. Howard H. Baker Jr. (R-Tenn.), asked Alch how he could reconcile the "discrepancies" between his testimony and McCord's.

Alch suggested that he, McCord and his current lawyer, Bernard Fensterwald, take lie detector tests.

"I call them 20th Century witchcraft," said Sen. Sam J. Ervin Jr. (D-N.C.), the committee chairman, adding he did not put much stock in them.

Baker sharply disagreed and proposed that the committee staff arrange the tests if all were agreeable.

Speaking with reporters during a lunch recess in the hearings, Fensterwald said he and McCord would be willing to take lie detector



BERNARD BARKER
"Matter of security"
—UPI Photo

test "only if all the witnesses are going to be given the test."

### McCord Agrees

McCord first said his position was the same. But moments later he said, "I'll do whatever the committee asks for."

Sen. Daniel K. Inouye (D-Hawaii), said the com-

mittee also should ask the Justice Department to provide any information collected which might show any connection, "or criminal conspiracy," between the Democratic National Committee, or such Democratic presidential hopefuls as Edmund Muskie and McGovern and any groups planning to carry out violence.

Ervin ordered the request made, saying the information was needed to set the record straight.

He said there "are some people in Washington" who see "conspiracy, subversives, demonstrators" and "ghosts under every bed and under every rosebush."

"Unfortunately some of them get in security positions," Ervin said.

# Perjury Charge

Under questioning by Sen. Edward J. Gurney (R-Fla.) Alch raised the possibility that Fensterwald wrote the March 19 letter from McCord to Chief U.S. District Judge John J. Sirica.

In the letter McCord alleged that there had been perjury during the January trial and political pressure was brought on the Watergate defendants to keep quiet. None of the defendants, including McCord, testified.

Alch said that when he called Fensterwald to ask why he (Alch) was mentioned in a memo as having suggested that CIA records could be altered, Fensterwald said that the memo "was a bomb like the one we dropped on you back before Judge Sirica."

Gurney asked if Alch had made the assumption that Fensterwald and McCord had written the letter together

er. "At that point, I had," Alch said.

### 'Get Nixon'

Alch testified yesterday that Fensterwald told him by telephone recently:

"We are going to get the President of the United States."

Fensterwald did not directly reply to that charge in his three-page statement today, but said:

"All I can say in rebuttal is that Mr. McCord happens to want me as his lawyer and does not want Mr. Alch."

The committee decided before the start of the hearings not to permit McCord and Fensterwald to return to the witness stand at this time, but invited them to make sworn written statements.

At the same time, the committee announced it would add three more days of hearings to its previously announced schedule, apparently because it has been sidetracked this week from its probe into the bugging of Democratic Party headquarters last spring and alleged related acts of political espionage.

The extra hearings will be June 5, 6 and 7, after Congress returns from a Memorial Day recess.