## **COURTESY CALLS** PAID BY NOM NYTIMes MAY 4 1973

By DAVID E. ROSENBAUM

Special to The New York Times WASHINGTON, May 3 — Elliot L. Richardson refused to-day to commit himself to name a special prosecutor in the Wa-tergate case, but Senators who met with him got the impres-sion that he would appoint one.

One Senator said after talk-ing with Mr. Richardson that he expected him to announce the name of such a prosecutor in the "next day or two."

Mr. Richardson had lunch with the Republican members of the Senate Judiciary Com-mittee and later met individu-ally with other Senators. The committee is scheduled to open hearing part week on

The committee is scheduled to open hearings next week on Mr. Richardson's nomination to be Attorney General. It is cus-tomary for a nominee for a high Government position to pay courtesy calls on Senators be-fore the Senate begins confir-mation proceedings. Mr. Richardson said after the lunch that he still had "under deliberation" the question of an independent supervisor for the Watergate investigation. Most of the Senators who

Most of the Senators who were at the lunch reportedly urged Mr. Richardson to pick a special prosecutor, and one of them said that he expected Mr. Richardson to announce the name of such a prosecutor

the name of such a prosecutor in the next few days. President Nixon, in announc-ing Monday that he wanted Mr. Richardson to shift from Sec-retary of Defense to Attorney General, said that he had given Mr. Richardson authority to ap-point an independent prosecu-tor to oversee the Watergate investigation if Mr. Richardson thought such action was appro-priate. priate. Senator Strom Thurmond of

Senator Strom Thurmond of South Carolina, one of the Re-publicans who had lunched with Mr. Richardson, said that if he were Attorney General he would want a special prosecu-tor. Then Senator Thurmond added, "I think he [Mr. Rich-ardson] will do the right thing," Another Senator said that most of the luncheon talk had been about a special prosecu-tor and he commented that Mr. Richardson expressed "no re-sistance to the idea."

## Apparent Consensus

Apparent Consensus Most of the Senators seemed to agree with the view ex-pressed by Senator Barry Gold-water, Republican of Arizona, at an earlier meeting with re-porters. Senator Goldwater said that Mr. Richardson might find that he would have to dis-qualify himself from prosecu-tion of the Watergate affair because his associates in the Nixon Administration had been implicated. That was the rea-soning that led Richard G. Kleindienst to resign as Attor-ney General. Mr. Richardson, for instance, is a long-time friend of Charles W. Colson, a former special counsel to President Nixon who is being questioned by investi-gators of the break-in and bugging last June at the Demo-cratic National Headquarters in the Watergate complex here. Mr. Richardson and Mr. Col-son were once aides to former Senator Leverett Saltonstall of Massachusetts, and, at one time, the two considered form-ing a law partnership. They also worked closely together within the Nixon Administra-tion.

within the Nixon Administra-tion. One person who has been mentioned in speculation about who a special prosecutor might be is William T. Cole-man, a Philadelphia lawyer, who served with Mr. Richard-son as clerk to Supreme Court Justice Felix Frankfurter. The two have remained good friends. Another who has been men-tioned is Richard A. Sprague, who was the chief prosecutor of those accused of murdering Joseph A. Yablonski, once a leader of insurgents in the United Mine Workers Union. Arnold R. Miller, the new pres-ident of the union, sent a letter to President Nixon urging the appointment of Mr. Sprague. Mr. Sprague is a Democrat. Some Republicans are press-ing for the appointment of John J. Williams, a former Repub-lican Senator from Delaware. Mr. Williams is not a lawyer.