Ellsberg Lawyers Weigh New Motion for Dismissal

NYTimes

By MARTIN ARNOLD APR 3 0 1973 Special to The New York Times

gon papers trial are considering for dismissal would be based, of the case against Daniel Ells-men were employed in the berg and Anthony J. Russo Jr. White House at the time of the because the office of Dr. Ells-break-in because the office of Dr. Ells-break-in. berg's former psychiatrist had

Matthew Byrne Jr., who is pre-analysis in the late nineteensiding, released a Justice Desixties and part of 1970. He partment memorandum saying was working at the Rand Cor-

G. Gordon Liddy, former Presi-moving now for a dismissal or

LOS ANGELES, April 29 - ard Hunt Jr., a former White Defense attorneys in the Penta-House consultant. The motion a move tomorrow for dismissal in part, on the ground that both

The psychiatrist is Dr. Lewis been broken into by men asso-Fielding of 450 North Bedford ciated with the Government. Drive, Beverly Hills. His office On Friday, United States was broken into on Sept. 3, District Court Judge William 1971. Dr. Ellsberg underwent

berg's bank records, ancholong the records of his canceled the records of his canceled the case go to the jury than have it dismissed by Judge Byrne. But the attorneys involved are weighing the possibilities of moving now for a dismissal or waiting until the court-ordered investigation produces additional facts, and then asking for a dismissal. The possibility of the judge's dismissing the case tomorrow is considered unlikely.

Whatever the defense strategy, the judge will be presented Continued on Page 21, Column 2

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The memorandum revealing the Liddy-Hunt break-in was to discussed by Vice President Agnew. These motions were denied.

On Dec. 12, 1972, a mistrial was declared to the prosecutor in this case, pavid the first jury in this case was turned it over to the judge.

In february, an espionage ount against Dr. Ellsberg and the received information allegation of Dr. Ellsberg.

The defense has moved previously for dismissal on the residuation of the Pentagon papers discounted to the prosecutor of the Pentagon papers disposant the reviously for dismissal dential assistant, and E. How-waiting until the court-ordered

confirming that the psychia-trist's office was in fact broken into; that his file cabinets were the forced open, including the one containing Dr. Ellsberg's records; that the files were scat-by tered about the office, and that the matter was reported to the police, who were unable to catch the culplits.

None of Dr. Ellsberg's records

When the Federal Bureau of the trial. Investigation first looked into this case, after the papers were first disclosed in The New York Times in June, 1971, the bu-reau managed to get Dr. Ells-berg's bank records, including the records of his canceled broken into the office to obtain Dr. Ellsberg said yesterday broken into the office to obtain Dr. Ellsberg's health records. Judge Byrne ordered a sweeping invstigation of the break-in. The conspirators mentioned in the memorandum were weighing.

Continued From Page I, Col. 7 to know, among other things, with an affidavit tomorrow Silbert.

Silbert.

If it is determined that the Justice Department knew about the break-in for a long time and withheld that information, and that the break-in was ordered by and conducted by men working at that time in the White House, then there is the possibility that the judge could dismiss this case.

Legal experth say that a dismissal would probably occur if

photographed them.

The defense obtained the break-in was, in fact, used in the break-in was, in fact, used in the courtroom against the defendance.

the trial.

How the burglars got the name of the psychiatrist is unclear. While Mr. Hunt was working in the White House, a special telephone reportedly was installed there to be used for gathering information on the Pentagon papers disclosure and in the investigation of Dr.