## **Dean Held** Liable to Hill ( DILLZ 4/5/73

By George Lardner Jr. Washington Post Staff Writer

A Justice Department spokesman said yesterday that White House aides could not invoke executive privilege to steer clear of a direct congressional investigation of "wrong-doing" on their part.

Under steady questioning by a House subcommittee yesterday morning, Deputy As-sistant Attorney General Mary C. Lawton said, for example, that the privilege would not cover counsel to the President John W. Dean III "if" he obstructed justice during the FBI's investigation of the Watergate scandal.

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"Isn't it a crime to lie to the FBI?" Rep. Paul N. Mc-Closkey Jr. (R-Calif.) demanded. He recalled that Acting FBI Director L. Patrick Gray III told the Senate Judiciary Committee recently that Dean probably lied to the FBI last summer in professing not to know whether Watergate conspirator E. Howard Hunt had a White House office.

Lawton, who testified as the administration's official spokesman on the controversial executive-privilege issue, said that Dean was "not under oath" during the conversation in question. She added that "Mr. Dean is not under investigation for a crime that I know of."

McCloskey then asked if it weren't a crime to obstruct, impede or interfere with an FBI investigation.

Lawton said that it was, and added that "if there were an investigation and inquiry into crimes by Mr. Dean," Congress could properly demand his appearance.

See PRIVILEGE, A18, Col. 1

## Privilege Doesn't Cover Wrongdoing, Hill Told

## **PRIVILEGE, From A1**

"If you are inquiring into their commission of a crime specifically, then the privilege does not apply," she said of presidential aides.

But she told reporters later the

After Gray's affirmation last month that Dean "probably" sailing such talk and declaring whether FBI agents could visit privilege to policy recommenoffice.

Dean had already declined Judiciary Committee to testify at the hearings on Gray's FBI islation. nomination, citing President Nixon's March 12 policy statement that he could not permit a formal congressional appearance by any members of his personal staff, past or present.

The presidential counsel was subsequently invited to testify before the House subcommittee headed by Rep. William S. Moorhead (D-Pa.) under ground rules that would have confined the questioning to

the doctrine of executive privilege and that would have

subcommittee yesterday afterthat the President alone has noon that he was not coming, prerogative of deciding invoking the privilege "as a whether there has been any member of the President's wrongdoing and therefore of personal staff ... " He said determining whether to invoke the Justice Department would prove "fully competent to present the administration posilied to the FBI, the White tion as well as the historic House issued a statement as background of the doctrine." As that spokesman, Lawton 

Hunt's office in the Executive dations whose disclosure would Office Building and not wheth-er Hunt ever had such an tional interest . . ."

She said the privilege was 'grounded in the Constitution" an invitation from the Senate and could not be limited in