New York imes

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Gray Testifies He Gave Data on Watergate Inquiry to Dean Without Telling Kleindienst or F.B.I. Aides

By DAVID E. ROSENBAUM Special to The New York Time

WASHINGTON, March 21 -L. Patrick Gray 3d told the Senate Judiciary Committee today that he never notified Attorney General Richard G. G. Kleindienst or anyone else in the Federal Bureau of Investigation or the Justice Department that he was releasing F.B.I. documents on the agency Watergate investigation to the

Watergate investigation to the White House. Mr Gray, who has been act-ing director of the F.B.I. for 11 months and who has been nominated to be its permanent head, also told the committee that the F.B.I. had kept no records of precisely what in-formation it had turned over to John W. Dean 3d, President to John W. Dean 3d, President Nixon's counsel.

Mix Gray said Mr. Dean had been given "an integral part of the total Watergate file" and had picked the material up per-sonally from Mr. Gray. Mr. Gray acknowledged that

Mr, Gray acknowledged that he had received a memorandum from D. J. Dalby, his chief legal adviser, on July 20 informing him that all F.B.I. records were "in the custody of the Attorney General and technically may General and technically may not be released from the de-partment without his consent."

Sentence Underlined

At the bottom of this memo-randum, Mr. Gray had under-lined a sentence that read, "The randum, Mr. Gray had under-lined a sentence that read. "The authority and obligation of the F.B.I. are to keep the Attorney General fully informed and to leave the rest to him." Then, in his own handwriting, he had written and then initialed a no-tation in red ink that read, "Do so in this case and in all future cases." Nonetheless, Mr. Gray said that he had not told Mr. Klein-dienst about the material he was releasing to Mr. Dean on July 28 because "I did not think it was necessary in view of the fact that I had a request from the counsel to the Pres-ident of the United States." Senator Edward M. Kennedy,

Senator Edward M. Kennedy, Senator Edward M. Kennedy, Democrat of Massachusetts, who asked the bulk of the questions of Mr. Gray today, charged the nominee with "se-crecy" and said: "If just scores to me that

"It just seems to me that you would keep some slips of paper showing what went out from the F.B.I. and that the Attorney General would be notified.

Differentiation By Gray

Mr. Gray argued that the Dalbey memorandum applied only to cases in which the F.B.I. was considering volun-teering information to the White House and did not apply to instruce who the maturial to instances when the material was requested. He said that there was no need to keep a record of what documents had been given to Mr. Dean be-cause the folders containing the documents had a yellow in-ventory sheet attached to them.

The nomination of Mr. Gray, who is considering his confir-mation, appears to be in deep trouble.

Many Senators on the com-mittee, perhaps a majority, be-lieve that Mr. Gray should not be approved unless Mr. Dean agrees to appear for question-ing. Furthermore, experienced observers believe that, even if the committee should approve the nomination, it would likely fail on the Senate floor as long as Mr. Dean refuses to testify. Even Senator Edward J. Gur-

ney, a Florida Republican, who has been one of the Adminis-tration's chief defenders on the Judiciary Committee, acknowl-

edged today that "Mr. Gray is in trouble."

In a radio interview on the Columbia Broadcasting System, well-established precedent and Senator Gurney said, "Later on, decline a request for a formal

President declared:

"A member or former member of the President's personal staff normally shall follow the

Senator Gurney said, "Later on, when the tempers have cooled down, we'll do something about Mr. Gray, but I don't think we'll do anything about him right this moment." This policy seems to run counter to a statement made 11 months ago by Mr. Dean. In a President Nixon has asserted that Mr. Dean is covered by "executive privilege" and, there-fore, may not testify. In a pol-icy statement of March 12, the President declared: Mr. Dean wrote: Mr. Dean wrote:

"The precedents indicate that no recent President has ever claimed a 'blanket immunity' that would prevent his as-sistants from testifying before the Congress on any subject." For Mj. Gray's part, he has remained outwardly calm dur-ing most of the long and often repetitious hearings. At times, he has seemed to become irri-tated and to begin to raise his voice, but each time has caught himself, gathered his self-con-trol and then spoken softly and respectfully. Time and again he has exhi-bited what appeared to be an unquestioning regard for his superiors in the Government, an outlook perhaps stemming from his background as a Naval officer. When he was asked why he bean's confidentiality, despite roports that Mr. Dean had made spite testimony that Mr. Dean

"There have been other Pres-idents who have been involved in this kind of thing," Senator June.

In this kind of thing," Senator June. Kennedy declared. "Of course, Senator Kenne-sidered informing President Nixon when he discovered the relationship between Mr. Dean knowledged that he had con-tinued to forward material to Mr. Dean even after learning that Mr. Dean had recommend-intermediate to be at the Mr. Gray said that he would

ed Liddy for a job at the Mr. Gray said that he would Nixon re-election headquarters. Liddy was one of those con-material he requested as long victed of plotting to break into as Mr. Dean remained the and bug the Democratic na- President's counsel.