

# News Summary and Index

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1976 MAR 24 1976

## The Other News

### Quotation of the Day

"I refuse to answer on the grounds that it may tend to incriminate me and cause extreme danger to myself and my family."—Patricia Hearst, testifying at her bank robbery trial. [22:1]

### International

**The Major Events of the Day** MAR 24 1976

Fred C. Ilké, director of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency, said yesterday that the United States and six other major industrial countries, to discourage the spread of atomic weapons, had concluded a secret agreement to cooperate in developing new safeguards and controls on exported nuclear facilities. Mr. Ilké told the Senate Foreign Relations subcommittee on arms controls that the agreement, completed last month, covered not only guidelines for preventing civilian nuclear exports from being turned into atomic weapons, but also follow-up efforts to improve safeguards. In addition to the United States, the participants in the agreement are understood to be the Soviet Union, Britain, West Germany, France, Japan and Canada. [Page 1, Column 8.]

The Ford Administration disagreed with press interpretations that former President Richard M. Nixon's remarks in a toast at an official dinner in Peking on Sunday had seemed to be criticism of President Ford and Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger. The White House press secretary said, "We have looked at the entire toast and we do not interpret it as being critical of United States foreign policy." [1:7.]

Japan's Parliament unanimously approved a resolution asking the United States Senate and the United States Government to make available everything possible about the Lockheed bribery case. Prime Minister Takeo Miki told the lower house that he would send a letter to President Ford "directly and immediately" to emphasize the demand for information believed to be held in Washington. [1:5-6.]

### National

Patricia Hearst startled the jury at her bank robbery trial in San Francisco by invoking the constitutional guarantee against self-incrimination 42 times. In addition to citing her Fifth Amendment protection, Miss Hearst said that if she responded to the questions being asked by the prosecution she feared she would be endangering herself and her family. [1:5-7.]

Congress was urged by the General Accounting Office to place legislative controls on the Federal Bureau of Investigation's use of preventive measures to avoid violence by domestic dissidents. This was one of a series of recommendations and findings in a report after a year-long investigation by the G.A.O. which became the first Government agency to join the Department of Justice in agreeing that the F.B.I. could take action to prevent violence without arrest or prosecution. [1:4.]