

KENNAN DERIDED BY SOVIET WRITER

Support of Mrs. Alliluyeva
Linked to the Cold War

Special to The New York Times

MOSCOW, Sept. 22—George F. Kennan, the American scholar and retired diplomat, was denounced here today for his role in arranging refuge in the United States for Mrs. Svetlana Alliluyeva, Stalin's daughter, and in the publication of her memoirs.

Komsomolskaya Pravda, newspaper of the Communist Youth League, denounced Mr. Kennan, who was briefly Ambassador to Moscow in 1952, as "the ideologist of the cold war."

The writer of the article, Vladimir Bolshakov, reviewed Mr. Kennan's long career in the Foreign Service, much of which focused on the Soviet Union. The evolution of Mr. Kennan's theories on the Communist world, Mr. Bolshakov said, is "a symbol of the constant evolution of American policy toward the Soviet Union and the other Socialist countries."

'Erosion of Decency'

It is in this light, Mr. Bolshakov continued, that Mr. Kennan's interests in Stalin's daughter must be viewed.

Frustrated by the "vitality and stability" of Communist ideals, the writer asserted, Mr. Kennan and other anti-Communists reacted in desperate hope when Mrs. Alliluyeva defected last winter, and they sought to use her to prove an "erosion of the ideals of Communism."

Instead, Mr. Bolshakov said, Mrs. Alliluyeva is more suitable for illustrating "an erosion of human decency."

Mr. Kennan, now a scholar at the Institute for Advanced Study in Princeton, N. J., flew to Switzerland in March shortly after the arrival of Mrs. Alliluyeva there from India by way of Italy.

Recommended Admission

He talked with her for two days, read her memoirs and concluded that she was not a defector in the usual cold-war sense but a person who wanted to "establish an identity of her own" and lead a normal life.

He recommended that Mrs. Alliluyeva be permitted to enter the United States, and on April 21 she did.