Postal Inspector Named in Cover

By Jack Anderson and Les Whitten

The man who stopped the CIA from tampering with the mails, it is now alleged, actually helped the CIA cover up the illegal operation and misled Congress in the bargain.

He is William Cotter, the chief postal inspector, who first began dealing with the Post Office in the 1950s as a CIA agent opening other people's mail.

After he was put in charge of enforcing the postal laws in 1969, he allegedly promised a CIA officer that he wouldn't interfere with the illegal mail openings without first consulting the CIA.

True to his promise, he never told his postal superiors about the mail-opening project. But when the heat was on, Cotter asked the CIA to clear the operation with his postal bosses. The CIA refused, so Cotter belatedly stopped the mail openings to save his own skin.

These charges have been made by Rep. Charles H. Wilson (D-Calif.) in a private letter to Postmaster General Benjamin F. Bailar. Wilson, whose sub-committee has been investigating the mail-opening scandal, asked Bailar to fire Cotter.

In calling for Cotter's moval, Wilson charged that "his dedication is first and foremost to the CIA, not the Postal Serv-

Cotter also misinformed Congress, according to Wilson, about his knowledge of the mail openings. The chief inspector swore he had "no official awareness" of the mail surveillance since he left the CIA project in December, 1955. "The Rockefeller report reveals that this as-sertion is false," Wilson wrote. He told the Postmaster Gentions in Mr. Cotter's testimony should be of some concern to you."

Wilson noted that Cotter continued to conceal the mail openings even after he had received inquiries "from American scientists." Not until 1973, nearly four years after he became the chief inspector, did he halt the illegal operation.

Cotter is on vacation and could not be reached for comment.

Footnote: Cotter is now pursuing a marginal mail-opening case with uncharacteristic zeal. This involves a reporter, however, rather than the CIA.

Brian Kanzaki recently wrote in the Queens College, N.Y., newspaper that a student leader allegedly had used student funds to make personal, long, distance phone calls. The student leader charged that the story was based on phone rec-ords illegally obtained from her

She called in the postal inspectors, who threatened Kanzaki with prosecution if he didn't tell them where he got the phone records. These are the same inspectors who ig nored the opening of millions of letters by the CIA.

Housing Hassle-Most politi-cal experts expected the new, Democratic-dominated Congress to push President Ford around this year.

There were widespread predictions at the first of the year that the President was but a weak, uncertain dog who would be wagged by a powerful congressional tail.

Instead, the President has shown a remarkable ability to manipulate Congress. This was illustrated, for example, during the great hassle over housing. Confidential White House min-

eral bluntly that "the contradic- utes show how the President got submitted a substitute bill bethe housing legislation he wanted out of Congress.

Just before he vetoed the housing bill, he called Republican congressional leaders to the White House for a strategy session. He asked Carla A. Hills the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, to give them a rundown on the housing crisis.

"Last year," she told them bluntly, "was not a good year for housing." Although more housing permits were issued in April than in March, she said, "even so they were down 30 per cent from a year ago." She also re-ported that "delinquencies are

up."
Nevertheless, she criticized the Democratic housing bill as costing too much for too little. The President agreed it should be vetoed.

"We are told," warned Secre-

"We are told," warned Secretary Hills, "there are difficulties in sustaining a veto."

Sen. John G. Tower, (R-Tex.) confirmed this. "We would be hard put," he said, "to sustain a veto in the Senate." But he added slyly: "I would hope for success from our gallant friends." success from our gallant friends in the House."

"Once more into the breach, dear friends!" mocked House minority Leader John J. Rhodes (R-Ariz.).

"Even if we sustain a veto, what have we got?" demanded Rep. Garry Brown (R-Mich.). They'd come up with a mortgage relief program. Our best hope is a substitute...
"Before a veto message," he

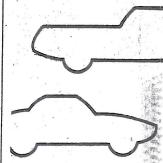
appealed to the President, "please put in place your subsitute to help us hold our friends

in line."
"The substitute bill should hold out some carrots," suggested Rep. Albert W. Johnson, (R-Pa:).

The President agreed and

fore the ink on his veto message was dry. And once again, he got his way with Congress.

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