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Panel Is Told Police, Banks and Others Get Records

> By RICHARD D. LYONS Special to The New York Time

WASHINGTON, June 19 education researchers told Senate investigators today that the systems on individuals — into that growing web of compassionless computers maintained by policy description. schools on 45 milion American children sometimes find their way into data banks used by the police, banks, employers and credit bureaus.

Stanley J Salatt

Stanley J. Salett and Stuart
A. Sandow of the National
Committee for Citizens in Education urged passage of Federal
laws to stop the practice, since
only five states, including New
York, specifically prohibit it.
Mr. Salett said that in addition to common school records
giving data on grades and attografies.

Children Are Labeled
He said "thousands of children have been labeled as predelinquents' in school and criminal information systems," one of which is n operation in
Los Angeles.

As another example, he said that in Maryland teachers who may have little or no psychological training were being

Mr. Salett said that in addition to common school records giving data on grades and attendance, "there is another set, so-called cumulative records, which are grab bags filled with test scores, medical and psychological reports, comments on behavior reports from outside agencies and a broad variety of other information which educators believe is relevant to learning."

"Our studies have found that, for the most part, parents and students do not realize that such records ixist," he added. "These same records, however, are available to a broad variety of local, state and Federal agencies as well as to such private organizations as banks, employers and even credit bureaus."

His comments were made before the Senate Government

His comments were made be-His comments were made pe-fore the Senate Government Operations Subcommittee on Privacy and Information Sys-tems, which is holding hear-ings on proposed legislation in-tended to preserve the privacy of information collected by the Government. Government.

## I.R.S. Is Criticized

A group of "rigt to privacy" bills has been introduced in both houses of Congress.

Vice President Ford supported such legislation tp prevent "the abuses of a wire society" in a letter delivered to lay to Senator Sam I Fryin day to Senator Sam J. Ervin Jr., chairman of the subcom-

Jr., chairman of the subcommittee.

Mr. Ford said "the time has come" to restrict the use and accumulation by the Government of records collected on citizens, and that only that data needed to protect the public and provide necessary services should be collected.

The subcommittee was also

The subcommittee was also told by Dr. Martin A. Larson, representing a conservative group called the Liberty Lobby, that the Federal Government in general and the Internal Rerequester and the internal Revenue Service in particular collected enormous amounts of private information about tax-payers in violation of constitutional guarantees of privacy.

Mr. Salett of the National

Committee for Citizens in Education, which he characterized as a nonpartisan, nonprofit group that sought to increase interest in public schools, presented findings of a survey of school records that it had conducted

ducted.
"The sheer size of many school systems is spurring the tendency toward automated in-formation systems," he sa d. "And now there are ominous signs that these automated systems are being plugged into other major data collection