U.S. Agencies Keep Close Watch On

Government files contain mountains of information on American citizens. In most cases, data goes into the files routinely, like when you answer the census, and is held in confidence. But in some cases, information is gathered into data banks and dossiers and then shared by federal agencies. This dispatch is based on a comprehensive study by the AP Special Assign-ment Team.

By JOHN S. LANG

Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON (AP) — numbers than there are peo-Behind the closed door of Room 2439, a handful of gov-ernment clerks search investigative and intelligence through radical newspapers, agencies contain but a small methodically snipping out portion of the information the

They are hunting Americans citizens. favorably mentioned by the Million publications of dissent.

ready bulging with names of 1.5 million citizens.

The name-hunters in Room

The commission's security dossiers—not to be confused with its separate files on the nillion persons who have sought federal jobs since 1939—are indicative of the Much of this data is held in watch the government keeps strictest confidence. Census on Americans in this age of questionaires, for dissent and social turmoil.

An Associated Press study

-Military intelligence agents have spied on civilian political activities and kept secret computation files

List Kept

might be involved in civil disturbance situations."

—A second list has been circulated by the Pentagon's Counter-intelligence Analysis Division as a two-volume, yel-

dence. In agents ex one examined garbage from an entire house to find apartment information about one tenant.

—The Secret Service has set up a computer with 100,000 names and 50,000 investigative dossiers on persons who it says could be dangerous to top government officials.

—A Senate subcommittee found that federal investigators have access to 264 million police records, 323 million medical histories and 279 million psychiatric decision. lion psychiatric dossiers. In each category, that's more each category, that's more numbers than there are peo-

government collects on its

Millions of scraps of inforpublications of dissent.

Found, snipped, checked, reviewed, the names are conveyed down a wide clean corridor to be fed into a "subversive activities" data bank already bulging with names of

Files Large

The name-hunters in Room 2439 are low-level servants of the Civil Service Commission, the agency set up to oversee federal employment.

In fact, a Senate subcommittee calculated that the names of U.S. citizens appear 2.8 billion times in federal response the papel.

Much of this data is held in example, can be inspected ony by Census Bureau employes they're sworn to secrecy.

Federal income tax returns also are considered confiden-tial by the IRS. But they may political activities and kept secret computerized files on thousands of individuals and organizations although Pentagon counsel cannot cite any law authorizing this surveil-lance.

tial by the IRS. But they may be seen by the heads of federal agencies, some congressional committees, the governors of every state and by a special counsel to President Nivon Nixon.

A proposal three years ago to gather files of all agencies to gather files ago and a so-into a National Data Bank and called blacklist which included use them for statistical purthe names, descriptions and pictures of civilians "who might be involved in civil disdead as a dodo."

But the AP study showed that investigative and intelli-

Division as a two-volume, yellow covered, looseleaf publication entitled "Organizations and Cities of Interest and Individuals of Interest"—actording to a court suit.

—The FBI, with the most extensive security files and 194 million sets of fingerprints, has infiltrated the leadership of virtually every radical organization in the United States.

—Agents of the FBI, Naval intelligence and local police have seized citizens garbage in hunts for incriminating evi-

THE SUNDAY OREGONIAN.

Citizens In Time

APRIL 19, 1970

Dissent, Turmoil

The document adds: "No information is added to this file until it has been determined after careful review by a re-sponsible official who is expe-rienced in this field that an actual question of subversive activity is involved..."

A quick thumbing through the file discloses names like:

-Charles Garry, a white San Francisco attorney who represents the Black Panthers. Robert Shelton, a leader of the Ku Klux Klan.

Staughton Lynd, a professor and radical writer.

—Robert DePugh, head of

the Minutemen.

The files are kept as index cards in mechanized rotary cabinets. There are thick bundles of cards for some individuals, only one card for others. The cards do not state

filing cabinets.

Name Included

One name in the raw data is World, The Militant and Liberthat of William Kunstler, civil ation News Service. rights attorney who represent-

anything about a person; they are more like a bibliography, the commission's Bureau of citing publications which mention him.

Kimball Johnson, director of the commission's Bureau of Personnel Investigations, says the security file is kept up to tion him.

Until evaluated, the clippings are considered "raw data" and are kept in other liling nist publications, the Black Panther newspaper, the free presses, underground paper and other publications such as The Guardian, Workers

"We read these and clip the ed the defendants in the names of people supported by "Chicago 7" conspiracy trial and who faces a jail term for contempt of court.

names of people supported by them," Johnson says. "It's all in the public domain. It's simply that unless you clip it

Pierece waves a hand toward a vestigations from the FBI to stack of publications on a table in his office and says: "That's vestigations from the FBI to the Civil Service Commission." what we check. It's full of subversive material. Note the Commie art. Picasso and others all tied in to Communism."

Section Chief Harold G. ty for making personnel infor a full field loyalty probe. In the FBI has overall reand the Third national Confer-

Case Referred

The FBI has overall re- ence on Black Power. sponsibility and broad powers The commission says its security file aids in personnel investigations which give "the violations of neutrality laws."

The commission says its security file aids in personnel to espionage, sabotage and violations of neutrality laws.

The commission says its security file aids in personnel to espionage, sabotage and violations of neutrality laws.

The commission says its security file aids in personnel to espionage, sabotage and violations of neutrality laws.

Asked to cite a statute or regulation authorizing the security file, Johnson replied there is no specific law. But, he added:

"The file is an essential tool to the commission's legal function of investigating the fileness of people for federal employment for security file is identified with leads to the complete and unswerving long to the United States."

Investigations which give "the violations of neutrality laws.

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover told Congress last year his agency had placed informants and sources "at all levels including the top echelon" of such groups as the long of such groups as the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee, the Ku Klux Klan, the Black Panther Party, the Republic of New (Continued on Page 26.)

and file it there's no one mind tions. And there is Public Law a person under investigation, Africa; the Nation of Islam, that can comprehend it." 298 which shifted responsibilithe case is referred to the FBI the Revolutionary Action

Hoover also gave a hint of -based on presidential directhe scope of FBI security files tives dating back to 1939-for when he outlined how agents

(Continued from Page 25)

community who has been active in New Left activities, and a wealthy New York lecturer and writer who for years had been linked to more than a score of Communist-front organizations and has contributed liberally to many of them."

"These individuals alone

have contributed more \$100,000 in support of New Left activities."

Writers Tagged

Hoover also said agents have identified most of the writers of antiwar newspa-pers—which he termed "the work of the dedicated revolutionaries who are against ROTC and against our war effort in Vietnam"—and had referred that information to the Justice Department for possible prosecution.

Don Edwards, a member of a subcommittee which over-sees FBI budget requests, complains that Congress does not exert proper authority over the FBI. He believes one reason for this is fear stemming from long-standing rumors that the FBI, among its

many dossiers, has files on each member of Congress. "There are lots of congress-men who think that probably they do have files," Edwards told an interviewer.

But the rumors have never been proven and there have been few complaints from

congressmen.
There was, however, much alarm expressed in Congress with the recent disclosure that, for the past several years, military intelligence agents have conducted suryears, military intelligence agents have conducted no coagents have conducted surveillance of civilian political activists and have fed information on individuals and organizations into data books.

Used its intelligence agents have conducted no covert operations in the civilian area during the past year. Extensive details of the military's domestic intelligence agents have conducted no covert operations in the civilian area during the past year.



Associated Press Wirephoto

SMALL PORTION of files on some 1.5 million Americans favorably mentioned by publications of dissent is viewed by Kimball Johnson (left) and Harold G. Pierce in Washington, Johnson is director of the Civil Service Commission's Bureau of Personal Investigations and Pierce supervises clerks who read and clip publications for "Danger to Security" data bank.

rilians "who might be inved in civil disturbance
uations."

The Army said the blacklist Intelligence Command, headquartered at Ft. Holabird,
—had been ordered withdrawn
and destroyed. It said the op one of the largest domes-

ganizations into data books.

In response to 50 congressional inquiries, the Army admitted that it:

—Kept a so-called blacklist which included the names and descriptions and pictures of civilians "who might be invoved in civil disturbances,"

—Operated a computer of the intelligence activities were disclossed in January in an article written by a former intelligence officer, Christopher H. Pyle of New York, for the Magazine Washington Month-disturbances,

The Army said the blacklist properties of civilians "who might be invoved in civil disturbances,"

—a term to which it objects of quartered at Ft Holeking the properties of the intelligence activities were disclossed in January in an article written by a former intelligence officer, Christopher H. Pyle of New York, for the Magazine Washington Month-disturbances,

The Army said the blacklist Intelligence Command, head-quartered at Ft Holeking the properties of the intelligence activities were disclossed in January in an article written by a former intelligence officer, Christopher H. Pyle of New York, for the Magazine Washington Month-disturbances, at the properties of the prop

—Operated a computer data and destroyed. It said the op one of the largest domesbank for storage and retrieval computer data bank had been tic intelligence operations out-of civil disturbance informations.

an economy move and the Army has violated their my intelligence. School there would be moved to Arizona.

An Army spokesman said the domestic surveillance operations were expanded in 1967. The suit, filed in U.S. Distret Court in Washington after the outbreak of serious civil disorders.

"There was a feeling would be in a position to predict when federal troops would be used again. We need more information to inform tractical commanders on the streets and to guide them. This led to wide-spread collection efforts;" he said.

The information gathered by the military was funneled into Ft. Holabird, summerized and sent out on the Army's Tele type system.

One weekly summary marked "Pass to DIA Elements," was distributed to Army commands throughout the work of the Women's Strike for Peace sponsored an anti-draft meeting at the First Unitarian Church which attracted an audience of about 200 persons.

But Navy intelligence as such applying to the telligence as such applying to the Army's unveil. Washington in the Mashington in the Mashington in the Momen's Strike for Search and association.

The suit, filed in U.S. District Court in Washington to lance, The Associated Press and the surveillance and companies such applying to the Army surveil, domestic military surveil. The host of the surveillance and companies that in addition to lance, The Associated Press to conceal heart to lance, The Associated Press and the canswer the questions to each branch of the service. Army spokesment demiss to each branch of the service. Army spokesment demiss to each branch of the service. Army spokesment of the service and animation of the service. Army spokesment of the service. Army spokesment of the service. Army spokesment of the service. A

A few weeks later, the fied in the summary have fil-spokesman said. "We must Last summer a D.C. sanita-Pentagon announced that Ft. ed suit through the American get approval for what we do Civil Liberties Union claiming from the FBI. There is no closed that the city, on reamy Intelligence School there would be moved to Arizona.

An Army spokesman said. "We must Last summer a D.C. sanitation department official disclosed that the city, on respectific law on domestic intelligence as such applying to the Army."

The suit, filed in U.S. District Court in We must Last summer a D.C. sanitation department official disclosed that the city, on respectively constitutional rights of free telligence as such applying to the Army."

The suit, filed in U.S. District Court in We must Last summer a D.C. sanitation department official disclosed that the city, on respectively constitutional rights of free telligence as such applying to the Army."

The suit, filed in U.S. District court in the summary have fil-spokesman said. "We must Last summer a D.C. sanitation department official disclosed that the city, on respectively constitutional rights of free telligence as such applying to the Army."

Period of the court is a proper to the court in the summary have filed i

"protective information", which is fed into its compu ters.

One of the 1963 guideline asked other federal agencies to relay information on citizens who make abusive state ments or attempt to "harm or embarrass" high government officials.

Civil | libertarians objected that this guideline means that any citizen who writes a strongly worded letter of complaint to a government official might come under the agency's scrutiny.

cy's scrutiny.

A Secret Service spokesman responded: "At the time the guidelines were passed, emotions were high. Everyone was saying, 'Let's protect the President.' Now people are apparently forgetting the tragedy of that year."

Several years ago when Congress was considering proposals to establish a National Data Bank to gather files from all agencies and use them for statistical purposes, author and sociologist Vance Packard raised the spectre of Packard raised the spectre of Big Brother, the symbolic leader of an all-seeing totalitarian government in George Orwell's book "1984." Noting that the year 1984

would come in the next decade, Packard told a congressional committee:

"My own hunch is that Big Brother, if he ever comes to the United States, may turn out to be not a greedy seeker, but rather a relentless bureaucrat obsessed with efficiency."