

Inquiry Warns of an Influx of Terrorism

lers and dignitaries expeced in connection with such major U.S.-sponsored events as the current Bicentennial celebrations and the 1980 Winter Olympics will inescapably af-ford a host of opportunities f dramatic terrorist action," report says.

The study, attempting to assess the global dynamics of terrorism, was prepared by David L. Milbank, a C.I.A. analyst, who used a comprehensive new data bank developed by the agency. It carries a disclaimer that it does not represent an official C.I.A. position, and the views expressed are strictly those of the author.

Action By Fanatics Feared

the report notes that, even if international accords and tighter security measures are able to prevent some terrorist attacks, within the next few years "we should expect to wit-ness steadily greater and more widespread sophistication in targeting, execution and wea-

"And while most groups will probably continue to be de-terred by both moral considera-

The Proceedings In the U.N. Today

June 18, 1976
SECURITY COUNCIL
Meets at 10:30 A.M. on Middle East.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY Decolonization Committee

-10:30 A.M. Committee on Review of United Nations Role in Disarmament-10:30 A.M. and 3

Tickets may be obtained at the public desk, main lobby, United Nations headquarters. Tours: 9 A.M. to 4:45 P.M.

WASHINGTON, June 17 (AP) tions and calculations of the risks involved, the danger that a fanatic few might resort to tral Intelligence Agency study weapons of mass destruction says there is a good chance that will increase accordingly."

Such weapons might include Could turn up in the house calculations of the ces, many of these are presently relatively easy to acquire. Hence the danger that they in the next few years force. says there is a good chance that in the next few years foreign-linked terrorists will be increasingly tempted to stage major actions in this country.

"The influx of foreign travelers and dignituries expected in less a good chance that will increase accordingly."

Such weapons might include nuclear bombs, but more likely would involve chemical, biological and radiological agents, the study said, adding.

Hence the danger that they could turn up in the hands of the sort of ultraradical or psychological and radiological agents, the study said, adding.

Hence the danger that they could turn up in the hands of the sort of ultraradical or psychological and radiological agents, the study said, adding.

Hence the danger that they could turn up in the hands of the sort of ultraradical or psychological agents, the study said, adding.

Hence the danger that they could turn up in the hands of the sort of ultraradical or psychological agents, the study said, adding.

No Details Provided

It asserts that "whether or not weapons of mass destruc-tion are actually brought into

tion are actually brought into play, the odds are that the impact of terror will be more sharply felt in the United States in the years just ahead."

The rerort does not provide details on which terrorist groups might attempt actions or what specific American targets may be involved.

Among basic conclusions of the study is that this country should follow a more flexible policy in dealing with terrorist situations, as contrasted with the rigid "no concessions" policy currently in effect.