J.S. Pledge for Thai Units In Laos Put at \$100-Million

NYTimes MAY By JOHN W. FINNEY 8 1972 Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 7-The United States has committed censored by the executive itself to provide up to \$100- branch, was made public tomillion a year to support a day by Senator Stuart Syming-Thai irregular army of 10,000 ton of Missouri, chairman of men to fight in Laos. A staff the Senate Foreign Relations report of the Senate Foreign Subcommittee on United States Relations Committee said to- Security Agreements and Comdav.

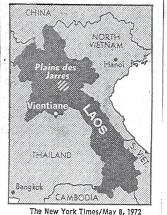
The report also said that for apparently flown by Thai pilots, United States activities in Laos, uation missions and that the Thai Air Force, using equipment and ammunition supplied by the United States, was flying combat support missions in Laos.

The extent to which Thai rces, with United States forces, financial support and encouragement, have become involved in the war in northern Laos, was described in a report by two committee staff members, James G. Lowenstein and Richard M. Moose, on a study mission they made to Laos, Cambodia and Thailand in January.

A copy of the report, heavily mitments Abroad.

In an accompanying statethe first time American heli-ment, Senator Symington comcopter gunships, under United plained that the Administration States Army command but was excessively secret about were being used in Northern largely in deference to the Laos to support medical evac-"sensitivity" of the Thai Gov-

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ernment. In particular, he criticized the executive branch for refusing to declassify information obtained by the staff members that, he said, cast doubt on the legality of the payment by the United States of the costs of Thai "irregulars" fighting in Laos.

When pressed by the Symington subcommittee, the State Department acknowledged nearly a year ago that the United States, through the Central Intelligence Agency, was paying Thai "volunteers" to fight in Laos in support of the Laotian Government.

Defense Provision a Factor

There has been a running disagreement between the State Department and the committee, however, on whether the recruitment and support of Thai soldiers violated the so-called "antimercenary" provision in the 1971 Defense Procurement Act. The provision prohibited the use of defense funds for forces of a third country, such as Thailand, fighting in support of the Government of Laos or Cambodia.

The State Department has argued that the Thai irregulars in Laos are not regular troops but volunteers recruited from ethnic Laotians living in Thaiethnic Laotians living in Thai-land and fighting under the over-all command of the Lao-tian Government. It has also suggested that Central Intel-ligence Agency funds not cov-ered by the Defense Procure-ment Act were being used. In spite of numerous dele-tions insisted upon by the ex-ecutive branch in two months of negotiations with the com-mittee, the report contains sev-eral statements indicating tha

mittee, the report contains sev-eral statements indicating tha the "irregular" forces are built around cadres recruited from regular Thai Army units and are under the direct command of Thai officers who assume Laotian names when they go to Laos. The following information Laos. The following information

Laos. The following information emerged from the report: ¶The "irregulars" are re-cruited by the Thai Army "from all over Thailand" and "no spe-cial effort was made to recruit athnic Lao ar distinct from ethnic Lao as distinct from other Thai."

other Thai." The Thai Army is supposed to recruit cadres of officers and noncommissioned officers for the "irregular" forces on a vol-unteer basis. The officers "go to Laos in separate Thai units —not individually." Both the C.I.A. and the Thai Army meintain headquarters at

Army maintain headquarters at Udorn Air Force Base in Thai-land that provide "liaison" with the Thai "irregular" forces in Laos.

Laos. The "irregulars" are trained in Thailand. a 60-man detach-ment of the United States Army Special Forces on temporary assignment from Okinawa pro-vides 60 per cent of the train-ing Bacia pay plus however vides 60 per cent of the train-ing. Basic pay plus bonuses— are made by the C.I.A. to the Thai liaison unit at Udorn, which clearly suggests a gov-ernment-to-government relationship.

Premier Is Quoted

Although the executive branch refused to disclose how many Thai "irregulars" are now in Laos or how many are planned for the future, the Lao-tian Premier, Prince Souvanna Phouma, discussed the plans openly in a Jan. 14 Voice of America interview quoted in the report.

In the interview. Prince Souvanna Phouma said 15 or 16 battalions of Thai "volunteers" battalions of Thai "volunteers" were already in Laos and that "in concurrence with the Amer-icans we have planned for 25 to 26 battalions." There are about 370 men in a battalion. The report said that the C.J.A. estimated the annual cost of supporting a battalion at

C.J.A. estimated the annual cost of supporting a battalion at \$4-million. "Thus," it says, "based on Souvanna's estimate of 25 battalions, the cost of maintaining the present Thai ir-regular force for a year will be approximately \$100-million." The report clearly suggests that the Thai Air Force is fly-ing combat missions in Laos and that through budgetary ar-

ing combat missions in Laos and that through budgetary ar-rangements the executive branch is seeking to circumvent the prohibition in the Defense Procurement Act so that the United States can provide sup-port for such missions.

Helicopters on Loan

On the introduction of helicopter gunships into northern Laos, the report said: "We were told that these

"We were told that these helicopters were on loan from United States Army units in Vietnam to the army attache's office in Vientianne and that they would be under the com-mand and control of an assist-ant United States Army attaché who would be in the air when they were in use

who would be in the air when they were in use. "The assistant attaché in charge of the program assured us that the gunships will be used only for support of me-devac missions for the Thai ir-regulars in Laos and the Lao irregular and regular forces."

A reference to the pilots who would fly the helicopter gun-ships was deleted by the execu-tive branch.

On the general political situation in Thailand, the report noted "some nervousness" noted "some nervousness" among Thai offiicals about whether "such a close identifi-cation with the United States is still an asset." particularly in view of the Nixon adminis-tration's effects to improve relations with Communist China and the withdrawal of United Steets forces from Vietnam.