Soviet Protests Incursion By U.S. Plane as 'Hostile'

Links Air Space Violation to Military Activity Near Border-Americans Off to See Detained Generals

By JAMES F. CLARITYOCT 27 1970 Special to The New York Time

United States and Turkey to-grave consequences. day over the incursion into Soviet airspace by an American by Tass, the Soviet press agen-Army plane that landed in So-cy, criticized the American milviet Armenia last week.

The protests gave no indica- the Middle East. tion whether the plane, a twin- The protest to the United today to the Armenian capital, the two countries. Erivan, to meet with the detained Americans.

The Soviet protests indicated that Moscow did not consider the incursion accident the incursion accident.

MOSCOW, Oct. 26-The So-scribed i tas a "hostile" act viet Union protested to the of the sort that could have

The statements, made public itary presence in Europe and

engine Beechcraft carrying two States hinted that the incident American generals, an Ameri- and the presence of American can military pilot and a Turkish bases near the Soviet Union officer, would be returned. Two could seriously impede the im-American embassy officials flew provement of relations between

United States embassy officials said they had informed

the incursion accidental and de- Continued on Page 15, Column I

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dentally across the Soviet border on Wednesday after the pilot had lost his way on a tour of Turkish military installations. The plane landed in the Armenian town of Leninakan, near the Turkish border.

The American officers are Maj. Gen. Edward C. D. Scher-rer, commander of the joint United States military aid missinted States military aid mission to Turkey; his aide for ground forces, Brig. Gen. Claude M. McQuarrie Jr., and the pilot, Maj. James P. Russell Jr. The Turkish officer was identified as Col. Cavdad Deneli. The tone of the protest to the United States was unusually harch. Western dislocated

ly harsh. Western diplomats said it could indicate that the Russians might maintain a hard bargaining line when they meet with American representatives in Helsinki next week to re-sume talks on limitations of strategic arms.

strategic arms.

Mosco ma yalso want to use the issue of the plane to counter American assertions in recent weeks that the Russians were possibly building a naval base at Cienfuegos, Cuba. The Soviet Union denied such involvement, but the language of the denial left open the possibility that it might be helping the Cubans build such an installation.

In addition, there was the possibility that the Soviet Union wanted to place pressure, however indirectly, on Turkey to extradite two hijackers of a Soviet plane.

Protest Is Quoted

The protest to the United States said the Americans had committed more than 10 viola-

committed more than 10 violations of Soviet air space in the last three years.

"The United States Government should clearly realize," the protest said, "that such actions can only increase the possibility of very dangerous events fraught with most serious consequences."

ous consequences.
"The Soviet Government has repeatedly drawn the attention of the United States Government to this activity which is openly hostile to the Soviet Union. The maintenance of American military bases around the Soviet Union is a

around the Soviet Union is a most serious source of danger and does not accord in any way with statements in favor of an improvement of Soviet-American relations repeatedly made by United States leaders.

More than that, attention should also be drawn to the recent considerable increase in the activity of the United States Air Force and Navy in the area directly adjoining the southern borders of the Soviet Union.

Union.

"In the light of the above, there can be no doubt that violations of the Soviet Union's hydrogen by American planes airspace by American planes take place by no means be-cause of 'chance concurrence of circumstances' but are the result of the general military ac-tivity of the nUited States in areas adjoining the Soviet areas adjoining Union."

Scherrer Knows Secret Data

Special to The New York Times

ANKARA, Turkey, Oct. 26-ANKARA, Turkey, Oct. 26—A high Turkish defense source said today that General Scherrer, head of the United States military mission, had access to Turkish military secrets.

"Very littlle, if any, information of our defense set-up at our eastern border was out of his

eastern border was out of his reach," said the defense official, who refused to be identified.