

Former CIA Chief Dulles Dies

Served U.S.
Most of Life

By ASSOCIATED PRESS AND
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WASHINGTON — Allen W. Dulles, 75, former chief of the Central Intelligence Agency, died last night in Georgetown University Hospital.

The former U.S. master spy headed the CI from 1953 until his retirement in 1961. He first was appointed chief by former President Eisenhower and then asked to continue in his \$22,000 a year job by President Kennedy.

Dulles was a member of the Warren Commission that investigated Kennedy's assassination and concluded the President was killed by one man, Lee Harvey Oswald.

DEPUTY CHIEF

His resignation as CIA chief came a few months after the Bay of Pigs fiasco. The White House said, however, Dulles had planned before the Cuban incident to retire.

Dulles looked more like a grandfatherly schoolmaster

than the director of a global espionage network.

Prior to his appointment as CIA head, Dulles served two years as deputy director.

A CIA spokesman said his death resulted from complications following an attack of the flu and pneumonia.

Dulles, brother of the late John Foster Dulles, secretary of State during the key years of the Eisenhower Administration, also fulfilled some special assignments for President Johnson.

TWO ROLES

One of these came in 1964 when he went to Mississippi to look into the slayings of three civil rights workers.

Dulles was in the forefront of the cold war against Communism. His appointment by

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Eisenhower placed him in the position of helping to guide American foreign policy behind the scenes while his brother fought Communism openly as secretary of State.

Dulles was no newcomer to intelligence work. He had served during World War II as European director for the Office of Strategic Services, directing espionage activity against both Germany and Italy.

Among his more spectacular feats was the placing of a spy in the Nazi foreign office. This gave the Allies access to



ALLEN DULLES
Headed CIA

every message that left the desk of Adolf Hitler's foreign minister, Joachim von Ribbentrop.

The Belgian and French governments decorated Dulles for outstanding achievements. He also received the Medal of Merit and a Presidential Citation from the United States.

COORDINATOR

In 1948, Defense Secretary James Forrestal appointed him to a special committee to coordinate civilian and military intelligence.

Dulles was born in Watertown, N.Y., on April 7, 1893, five years after his brother John. The latter died in 1959.

Allen Dulles graduated from Princeton University in 1914 and received his master's degree in 1916.

After graduating from Princeton, he taught for a year in Alahabad, India. He married Clover Todd in 1920. They had three children — Clover Todd, Joan and Allen Macy.

VIENNA POST

Dulles entered the U.S. diplomatic service in 1916 and was assigned to Vienna. In 1917 he was transferred to Berne, Switzerland. He served at the Paris peace conference after World War I and was transferred to Berlin after the meetings.

In 1920 he was assigned to State Department headquarters in Washington. From 1922 through 1926 he was chief of the departments division of Near Eastern affairs.

In 1926 he resigned from the State Department to practice law with Sullivan and Cromwell of New York, his elder brother's firm.

When the Office of Strategic Services was organized by Major General William Donovan in World War II, he returned to government service. After his highly successful term as European director he resumed private law practice. He returned to Washington in November, 1950, as No. 2 man at the CIA.