## C.I.A. Man Who Told Thomas Wardell Braden

Special to The New York Times OS ANGELES, May 6-"All my life, I've wanted to do things, to be involved," Thomas Wardell Braden says. Thomas Wardell Braden says. Consequently, a frenzy of ac-tivity over the last 25 years has given Mr. Braden the aura of an eclectic Renais-sance Man. He has been, successively, a soldier, par-Man achuting intelli-in the gence operative, college teacher, News college adminis

teacher, adminiscollege adminis-trator, art mu-cutive, official of News

seum executive, official of the Central Intelligence Agen-

seum executive, official of the Central Intelligence Agen-cy, newspaper publisher, pub-lisher, state educational offi-cial, and political aspirant. His latest role is that of militant pragmatist. In an article in the current issue of the Saturday Evening Post, he defies intellectuals who deplore the scret involvement of private organizations in the military intelligence and psychological warfare programs of the C.I.A. Mr. Braden, a wiry, sandy-haired man of 49, has a craggy, handsome, Marlboro-country visage that could be a composite of John Wayne, Gary Cooper and Frank Si-natra. He has high cheekbones, piercing eyes, an engaging grin and a repertoire of slouching, foot-on-the-fence postures that he runs through while talking, which he does with great articulateness. **Help From the Young** 

Help From the Young

His traits inspired many young Democrats to render devout assistance in his mar-

young Democrats to render devout assistance in his mar-ginal campaign for the Dem-ocratic nomination for Lieu-tenant Governor last year. Both Mr. Braden, a Kennedy man, and Lloyd Hand, a Johnson man, sought unsuc-cessfully to unseat Lieut. Gov. Glenn Anderson, who ultimately was dislodged in the Reagan landslide. Mr. Braden was born in Dubuque, Iowa, on Feb. 22, 1918. His father was an in-surance agent, and his son worked in a New York City printing plant and then was graduated from Dartmouth College in 1940. As World War II came on, he enlisted in the famous British Eighth Army, which fought in North Africa, and led an infantry platoon. When the United States platoon.

platoon. When the United States got into the war, he shifted to the Office of Strategic Services, the forerunner of the C.I.A. Despite several parachute jumps into occu-pied France, he professes with rather a note of disap-pointment, he was never in-jured and never found him-self in a situation he con-sidered dangerous.

lated Press Has an aura of the ecletic Renaissance man.

After the war he went back After the war he went back to Dartmouth, taught Eng-lish for a year, and then be-came assistant to the presi-dent, Dr. John Sloan Dickie. Subsequently, he became executive secretary of New York's Museum of Modern Art for two years. From that he returned to working for he returned to working for his wartime O.S.S. chief, Gen. William J. Donovan, and then he became assistant to Allen W. Dulles, director of the CTA C.I.A.

Married in 1948

In 1948, Mr. Braden mar-ried the former Joan Ridley, whom he met when she was on the staff of Nelson Rocke-feller in New York. She later became an assistant to Mrs. Oveta Culp Hobby, Secre-tary of Health, Education and Welfare in the Eisenhower Administration. Eventually, the Bradens gravitated into the circle of young intellectuals surround-ing the Kennedys. The Bra-dens have eight children, from 3 to 16, which has gen-erated jokes about competi-tion with the proliferating family of Senator Robert F. Kennedy. In 1948, Mr. Braden mar-

family of Senator Robert F. Kennedy. Becoming publisher-editor of The Oceanside Blade-Trib-ume in California in 1954, he quickly attracted attention throughout the state. During the administration of Gov. Edmund G. Brown, he was the leading member of the State Board of Education, up-holding a liberal position holding a liberal position against those who wanted to ban "Catcher in the Rye" from school libraries. Two weeks ago, with no specific plan except to find a

field of more "involving" ac-tion, he sold The Blade-Trib-une. "The two big problem areas of the next 10 years are going to be government and education," he says. "The other day I found myself at Claremont [a university] talking about possible post-graduate work in govern ment."

Many people feel the last has not been heard from Mr. Braden in politics, and it seems a virtual certainty that the last has not been heard from him in some way or other.

see Windmiller commentary. ll May 67, this file

