Gehlen Is Retiring as German Intelligence Chief

Wessel Will Succeed Him in Bonn Post Next May 1

By DAVID BINDER Special to The New York Times

BONN, Jan. 15-The West German Government announced today that it had picked a seatoday that it had picked a seasoned military intelligence officer, Lieut. Gen. Gerhard Wessel, to succeed Reinhard Gehlen as head of the Government's Intelligence Service.

General Wessel, 54, has been the West German representative on the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's Military Committee. first in Washington and

ry organization's Minitary Committee, first in Washington and later in Brussels, and has had experience in artillery and armored warfare. But his principal assignments have been in intelligence.

He will take over May 1, a



New Head Has Long Served on NATO Committee

intelligence service, which he headed for seven years. 1962 he took command of the Second Armored Infantry Brigade at Braunschweig.

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Like his mentor General Wessel has stayed in the background as much as possible. He is not listed in West German directories. An East German listing of Nazis published in 1965 lists him as "confidential agent of Nazi General Gehlen."

General Wessel, a dark-haired man, is tall enough to be called "der grosse Gerhard" by his comrades. He is married and has two children. He was born Dec. 24, 1913, in the Holstein city of Neumünster, the son of a pastor. He joined the German Army in 1932, directly after graduation from high school.

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He will take over May 1, a month after General Gehlen's 66th birthday and compulsory retirement. General Wessel is a protégé of his predecessor.

During World War II, General Gehlen commanded the 1-C section of Hitler's Supreme Army Command, which kept watch on the Red Army and all that went on behind the front lines. In 1945 he defected to the American Army, bringing most of his staff and files to the Office of Strategic Services, a predecessor of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Since then full-face photographs of General Gehlen have not been publicly available and he has worked closely with United States intelligence agencies, which gave him a new lease on life.

Associated Press Reinhard Gehlen, in photo taken during World War II.

Page 1945, four days before it concurred. Hitler dism'ssed the officer, by this time a lieu tenant colonel, be sint to a mental asylum. On Jan. 12, 1945, Soviet troeps cracked and Colonel Wessel stayed on with General Gehlen.

In 1952 General Gehlen denote Colonel Wessel from their work for the Americans and sent him from their tightly guarded compound in the Munich suburb of Pullach to Bonn to help organize intell gence service for the new West-len's section.

The young intelligence officer was reputed to have such a keen analytical mind that hel West German Army's counter- \$\$25-million.