## Laos and Cambodia: Some Complications Lie Ahead

The views were put forward by Henry A. Kissinger at his news conference and by lesser officials in interviews. Speaking of Cambodia Mr Kissinger Sees Laos Withdrawal ing of Cambodia, Mr. Kissinger said that the situation there was "complex, because there are several parties head-quartered in different countries."

Mr. Kissinger also said, how-

By ERIC PACE

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WASHINGTON, Jan. 24—Division among Cambodians who oppose the Government have complicated efforts toward a Cambodian cease-fire, Administration officials said today. But the situation in Laos, they said, was simpler since leftist opposition to the Vientiane Government is vested in the Pathet Lao.

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These elements include Cam-I nese elements include Cambodian Communists who have been in the country for years and were opposed to Prince Sihanouk before he fell from power in Cambodia. In addition, there are Hanoi-trained Composed to Prince Sihanouk before he fell from power in Cambodia. Mr. Kissinger also said, however that "it is our expectation
that a de facto cease-fire will
come into being" in Cambodia
"over a period of time relevant
to the execution" of the Vietnam peace agreement.

President Nixon's adviser for

Owner in Cambodia. In addition,
there are Hanoi-trained Communists who returned to Cambodia in 1970 after 15 years in
North Vietnam. And there are
independents, the experts said,
in addition to opponents of the
Phonom Penh Government who
over their loyalty directly to the

As summed tersely up by the White House press office today, the political provisions of the

base areas to encroach on the sovereignty and security of South Vietnam. They also provide for the withdrawal of all "the neutrality and right to foreign troops from Laos and Cambodia had affirmed "the neutrality and right to self-determination of those two countries." Therefore, he said, they were "consistent with our basic position with respect also to South iVetnam."

tne political provisions of the Vietnam agreement include:

"Reaffirmation of the 1954 and 1962 Geneva agreements on Cambodia and Laos.

"Respect for the independence, sovereignty, unity, territorial integrity and neutralists."

To South iVetnam."

Elaborating on the provision concerning "foreign troops," he said: "It is clearly understood are considered foreign with respect to Laos and Cambodia."

Western officials have compared to the independence, sovereignty, unity, territorial integrity and neutralists.

that North Vietnamese troops are considered foreign with re-spect to Laos and Cambodia." Western officials have com-plained for years that the pres-ence of substantial North Vietto the execution" of the Vietnam peace agreement.

President Nixon's adviser for national security said that the United States had a "firm expectation" that the Vietnam cease-fire would soon be matched in Laos and that there would be an informal halt to fighting between Cam- in turn, "lead to a withdrawal components of the Phnom Penh Government who owe their loyalty directly to the Phnom Penh Government who of Cambodia and Laos.

"Ban on infiltration of troops and war supplies into Cambodia and Laos.

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