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# Canadian Parliament Deplores Raids on Hanoi

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The Canadian House of Commons unanimously adopted yesterday a government-sponsored resolution deploring "the recent large-scale bombing in the Hanoi-Haiphong area."

The resolution also urged the U.S. government not to resume such bombing and requested "all the parties in the conflict to refrain from acts of a warlike nature that could jeopardize the success of the present negotiations."

"We were shaken by the large-scale bombing in the Hanoi-Haiphong area," said Mitchell Sharp, the foreign minister, who introduced the resolution on behalf of the Trudeau government Sharp added:

"We found it very difficult to understand the reason for that bombing or the purpose which it was intended to serve. We deplore that action and we have communicated our view of it to the United States authorities."

Sharp noted that since 1965, when the bombing of North Vietnam began, Canadian governments had consistently taken the view that resort to force in this form was counter-productive.

Sharp said, however, that his government had not "lost sight" of North Vietnam's military intervention in the affairs of Cambodia, Laos and South Vietnam, "in particular the abhorrent disregard for innocent human life displayed in the almost routine attacks against the civilian populations."

In reaction elsewhere, the government of Finland announced it is sending \$410,000 to Hanoi "to help repair the recent destruction caused by bombings."

In Geneva, the World Council of Churches said it will fly \$300,000 worth of medical supplies to North Vietnam. The

shipment, to be dispatched Jan. 15, will include antibiotics, vitamins and surgical equipment.

Britain's Prime Minister Heath refused to recall Parliament for a discussion of U.S. bombing in Vietnam, but conceded that the problem was "a difficult one."

Heath replied in writing to a demand from two Labor Party members of Parliament for recall of the House of Commons, which is in recess until Jan. 22.

"It serves no purpose to indulge in public postures of condemnation when what is needed is an agreed cease-fire and peace," Heath said.

At the same time, a five-man Labor Party delegation, headed by Bill Simpson, chairman of the party's national executive committee, delivered a protest about the bombing to the U.S. embassy in London.

The delegation met for 90 minutes with Earl D. Sohm, deputy chief of mission, who promised to relay the protest to the U.S. government.

In West Berlin, street signs along John F. Kennedy Platz, John Foster Dulles Allee and other thoroughfares were pasted over with placards reading Ho Chi Minh Trail, Hanoi Platz and Vietcongstrasse.