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CONTINUED TALKS EXPECTED BY U.S.

Technical Experts Are to
Meet in Paris Today

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WASHINGTON, Dec. 19—

The White House said today that it expected low-level technical talks on details of a settlement in Vietnam to continue as scheduled this week in Paris despite the resumption of full-scale bombing and mining of North Vietnam.

The State Department said, however, that William H. Sullivan, the Administration's top specialist on Southeast Asia and a key member of the United States technical group on Vietnam, returned from Paris last night.

A department spokesman declined to elaborate on the reason for Mr. Sullivan's return, but the move cast doubt on whether any progress could be achieved at the scheduled meeting tomorrow in Paris of United States and North Vietnamese technicians.

Weekly Session Thursday

Another regular weekly session of the formal Vietnam talks, which include the Vietcong and the South Vietnamese, is scheduled for Thursday in Paris.

"We will expect these meetings to occur as scheduled," Ronald L. Ziegler, the White House press secretary, told reporters. He said the meetings would be held as scheduled "unless we hear something from the other side," and added:

"We cannot allow the peace talks to be filibustered for the purpose of continuing the war in the south."

Mr. Ziegler said that President Nixon had no plans to comment publicly on the deadlock in the peace talks and the expansion of United States air attacks on North Vietnam.

Charles W. Bray 3d, the State Department spokesman, said the Secretary of State William P. Rogers had urged Government officials privy to details of the negotiations to "feel a certain constraint" about discussing them.

The Administration appeared to be moving to consult at least one of its major critics in Congress. Henry A. Kissinger, Mr. Nixon's national security adviser and chief Vietnam negotiator, went to the Senate office building to have lunch with Senator J. W. Fulbright,

Democrat of Arkansas, who is Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee. There was no disclosure on what they discussed.

Meanwhile, statements denouncing the resumption of bombing and mining of North Vietnamese waters began emerging at the Capitol.

Senator Jacob K. Javits, Republican of New York, also is a member of the Foreign Relations Committee, called a news conference to say that the renewed bombing was tragic and would reduce the chances of obtaining a negotiated cease-fire.

However, Mr. Javits, who is a Republican of New York, who is re-election, contended that a negotiated settlement in Vietnam was still possible, "notwithstanding the bombing."

Muskie: 'Disastrous' Turn

Senator Edmund S. Muskie of Maine, an unsuccessful contender for the Democratic Presidential nomination, said in a statement: "The American people and Congress are entitled to a full explanation of this disastrous turn in events."

He said that Congress would "demand such an explanation" and that "if the President is unwilling to accept the risks inherent in any compromise settlement, Congress must once again consider terminating our involvement by legislative means."

Senator John V. Tunney, Democrat of California, said in a statement that he was "deeply disappointed at the massive resumption of bombing in North Vietnam" and added:

"It has been repeatedly and abundantly demonstrated in two administrations that the bombing strategy will not produce a negotiated settlement. There is no evidence that it will produce a settlement now."

Representative Benjamin S. Rosenthal, Democrat of Queens, obtained 17 signatures from fellow House Democrats on a telegram to Mr. Nixon that said in part that "if you cannot and will not get us out of Vietnam," then Congress would do so.

Mr. Javits said that a cutoff of funds for the war was the only practicable avenue open to Congress to end the war. He acknowledged that with a new Congress scheduled to convene Jan. 3, it would take some time before such a measure could be acted upon.