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## Private Group Seeks to Protect Political Prisoners in Vietnam

## By RICHARD EDER

PARIS, Nov. 2—An effort to protect political prisoners in Vietnam, whose fate under a future cease-fire has become a matter of incresing concern, was begun today by Amnesty International.

North and South Vietnam and in Laos and Cambodia; Amnesty was using a rough estimate of 200,000.

Most of these he said, were held by the Saigon Government. Under the terms of the agreement a supervisory authority

The proposal seeks to extend to civilian political prisoners in Indochina—including activists of the Vietcong and other guerrilla groups whose military status may not be recognized — the same guarantees the Geneva convention now grants to prisoners of war grants to prisoners of war.

## Prisoners Put at 200,000

The draft agreement was presented at a news conference here by Sean MacBride, who is chairman of Amnesty and a former Foreign Minister of Ire-

Mr. MacBride said that al-though there was no accurate way to calculate the number of political prisoners held in

was begun today by Amnesty International.

The private organization, which has played a prominent role in drawing attention to the plight of victioms of dictatorships both on the right and the left, made public a proposed agreement that it will try to get all parties in the Vietnam conflict to sign.

The proposal seeks to extend The proposal seeks to extend the salgon Governments of the agreement a supervisory authority consisting of one or more neutral governments, or possibly an organ of the United Nations, would be set up. All the signatories would cooperate in drawing up lists of their prisoners, opening their camps to the authority, and cooperating with the authority in arrangements for protection of the agreement a supervisory authority consisting of one or more neutral governments, or possibly an organ of the United Nations, would be set up. All the signatories would cooperate in drawing up lists of their prisoners, opening their camps to the authority and cooperating with the authority in arrangements for protection of the supervisory authority consisting of one or more neutral governments, or possibly an organ of the United Nations, would be set up. All the signatories would cooperate in drawing up lists of their prisoners, opening their camps to the authority and cooperate in drawing up lists of their prisoners, opening their camps to the supervisory authority consisting of one or more neutral governments, or possibly an organ of the United Nations, would be set up. All the signatories would cooperate in drawing up lists of their prisoners, opening their camps to the supervisory authority consisting of one or more neutral governments, or possibly an organ of the United Nations, would be set up. All the signatories would cooperate in drawing up lists of their prisoners, or possibly an organ of the United Nations, would be set up.

with the authority in arrangements for protection of the prisoners and their early relase. Mr. MacBride indicated that he had had no assurance that any of the parties involved would actually sign the agreement, which is being sent to the United States Government, to North and South Vietnam, the Vietcong, the Laotian and Cambodian governments and insurgent authorities, and the governments of South Korea, Thailand, Australia and New Zealand. Zealand.