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'No Paris Parley Progress'

Examiner News Services

PARIS — A North Vietnamese spokesman said today that no breakthrough has been achieved in secret negotiations with White House adviser Henry Kissinger.

He blamed the United States, saying that the Nixon Administration has refused to change its attitude.

Nguyen Thanh Le, official spokesman for Hanoi's delegation to the Paris peace talks, made the statements at a news conference called after Kissinger's surprise visit here yesterday to confer with Xuan Thy, head of the delegation.

Le told newsmen:

'Up to today, Oct. 18, the Nixon Administration refuses to bring an end to this war of aggression, refuses to abandon the traitor Nguyen Van Thieu.'

No Talk Details

Le refused to discuss details of the recent flurry of secret meetings here between Kissinger and North Vietnamese negotiators Thuy and Le Duc Tho, Hanoi Politburo member who flew back to Hanoi last week after a four-day meeting with Kissinger.

Le said the North Vietnamese have shown good will in the negotiations but that what he called the intransigence of the Nixon Administration was responsible

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ble for the absence of any agreement.

He repeated Hanoi's position that the best hope for peace would be for President Nixon to reply "seriously and affirmatively" to the Sept. 11 declaration of the Viet Cong, calling for a total U.S. pullout from Vietnam and the replacement of the Thieu administration by

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Kissinger in Saigon -- New Policy Review

SAIGON — (AP) — Presidential adviser Henry A. Kissinger arrived in Saigon today to join U.S. and South Vietnamese officials in a major review of the military and political situation in Vietnam and his peace negotiations in Paris.

Kissinger came from Paris where he held another secret meeting yesterday with the North Vietnamese. It was his 20th trip to Paris for secret negotiations.

With Kissinger were William Sullivan, deputy assistant secretary of state for Far Eastern and Pacific affairs, along with several other aides from the National Security Council staff.

Kissinger was met by U.S. Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker, Gen. Creighton Abrams, Army chief of staff who arrived earlier in the day, and Gen. Frederick Weyand, commander of U.S. forces in Vietnam.

On the Vietnamese side, he was greeted by his counterpart, Nguyen Phu Duc, special adviser on foreign affairs to President Nguyen Van Thieu, and Ambassador Tran Kim Phnong, who was recalled from Washington for consultations here.

Kissinger declined to make any statement to waiting newsmen.

Abrams arrived for a week-long military assessment that could influence the allied bargaining stance in Paris.

Both Kissinger and Abrams were scheduled to meet with Thieu, but offi-

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ials said they did not know just when.

The chief stumbling block in the peace negotiations has been Thieu's insistence that he would never accept the Communist demand for a coalition government.

There was speculation that Kissinger would try to convince President Thieu to agree to some sort of coalition or dual government with the Viet Cong to break the deadlock.

Thieu meanwhile, has been conferring with top advisers since Sunday.

Officials in both Saigon and Washington will not disclose the substance of all these talks, saying only that they are in a serious and sensitive stage.

But diplomats in Washington who claim knowledge of the Paris peace talks have raised the possibility of a joint U.S.-North Vietnamese announcement before the U.S. presidential election on Nov. 7.

These sources suggested that this might be a statement of principles or an expression of policy indicating a settlement is imminent but not providing any substantive details.

Some American officials discount this possibility, saying they can see no advantage for Hanoi in joining in such an arrangement.