

U.S. Bars Paris Talks Now but Leaves Door Open

By TAD SZULC

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, June 14 — State Department officials said today that they did not believe it would be useful for the United States to resume the Vietnam peace talks in Paris at this time.

However, the officials suggested in private discussions that a basis for the resumption of the negotiations might be found soon — possibly this month—and that a new major round of diplomacy, most of it secret, might be in the offing.

Responsible officials said that this week's visits to Hanoi by the Soviet President, Nikolai V. Podgorny, and to Peking by Henry A. Kissinger, President Nixon's adviser on national security, might turn out to be part of such a new diplomatic phase.

And in Paris, the United States and South Vietnam refused today in a message to the North Vietnamese and Vietcong delegations to resume the peace talks, but left the door open for later sessions.

Soviet View Is Reported

At the State Department, officials reported that Moscow had conveyed to the United States their view that the current North Vietnamese offensive might have been a "miscalculation" by Hanoi.

United States analysts take the view that the North Vietnamese have been "caught in the squeeze," as one official put it, resulting from the apparent Soviet and Chinese reluctance

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SECURITY COUNCIL

Meets at 10:30 A.M. on Cyprus question.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

Committee on Colonialism, subcommittee on Pacific Ocean territories—10:30 A.M.

ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL

Committee for Program and Coordination—10:30 A.M. and 3 P.M.

Tickets may be obtained at the public desk, main lobby, United Nations Headquarters. Tours: 9 A.M. to 4:45 P.M.

to provide them with adequate military and economic assistance in the face of the American mining of North Vietnamese ports and bombing.

In explaining the refusal by the United States and South Vietnam to attend a Paris session tomorrow, officials here insisted that, contrary to some current interpretations, the Administration did not specifically insist on the end of the North Vietnamese offensive as a "pre-requisite" for the return to the talks.

They stressed that the statement by the American delegation that the "continued North Vietnamese military activities in South Vietnam do not indi-

cate an intention on your part to take the path of negotiations" should not be regarded as a "hard condition," in the words of one official.

The officials said there was some reason for hope that when Xuan Thuy, the chief Hanoi negotiator, and Mrs. Nguyen Thi Binh, the Vietcong delegate, are both in Paris, possibly by next week they would bring "more flexible" instructions permitting the resumption of active negotiations.

Door Left Open in Paris

Special to The New York Times

PARIS, June 14 — The United States and South Vietnam refused today to resume the Vietnam peace talks this week, but left the door open for sessions later.

A message sent to the South Vietnamese and Viet Cong delegations this morning declared that "continued North Vietnamese military activities in South Vietnam do not indicate an intention on your part to take the path of negotiations."

The statement said, however, that "as to the question of the date of the next plenary session, our side shall be guided by all relevant factors, including the rules of procedure which provide that the time for each session will be specifically agreed in advance."

Washington and Saigon were in effect answering a message yesterday, which did not specifically propose a meeting this

week but called for resumption of the Thursday sessions "as usual."

Hard Line on Soviet Press

Special to The New York Times

MOSCOW, June 14 — President Nikolai V. Podgorny left Moscow by air for Hanoi today, evidently to brief the North Vietnamese leaders on President Nixon's talks here last month.

The officially controlled Soviet newspapers have maintained a hard line on the Vietnam issue, supporting the general impression that little if any headway toward resolving the conflict was made during Mr. Nixon's visit.

Today the Soviet press gave prominent display to a report on a session of the Vietcong leadership that condemned the bombing of North Vietnam and the mining of ports and accused the United States of having "sabotaged" the Paris talks.