## Whitehead to Quit as Head Of Telecommunications

## By LES BROWN

Clay T. Whitehead, director of the White House Office of Telecommunications Policy from its inception in 1970, said yesterday that he would resign within two or three months and that he desired to leave Government service.

Mr. Whitehead said that the BROWN vocal critic of network journal-ism in Government, best known publicly for his echarge that the news dealt in "ideological plugola" and "élitist gossip."

He rocked the public broadthat he desired to leave Government service.

When it récommended, with the President's allocation pow-

controversial figure as a spokes-man for the Nixon Administration in its attitudes toward net-work news and public broad-casting, although his office was created to adjust national policy to the new developments in communications technology.

## 'Elitist Gossip'

Many believed he was carry ing on where former Vice. President Spiro T. Agnew had left off in his Des Moines speech of Nov. 13, 1969, which charged the networks with political bias.

For two years, until the Watergate developments this year muted his campaign, Mr. White-head was perhaps the most

Mr. Whitehead said that when he recommended, with the President's allocation powers behind him, that the government funded system give up the production of news and book on communications policy, he hopes to be able to relocate in "a small business situation."

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in preference to country wide.

Mr. Whitehead, some observed, had curtailed his public activities this year, corresponding with the snowballing Watergate revelations which, they noted, helped restore the credibility of the media in the public mind.

In a telephone interview, Mr. Whitehead said that he has not gotten around yet" to notifying President Nixon of his intention to resign. He said he wanted to

President Nixon of his intention to resign. He said he wanted to see the completion of several projects by his office before leaving.

Those would include producing a bill for the President's consideration on the long-range financing of public television and issuing the long-awaited cable report, that will recommend national policy for cable television. The cable report is expected to be ready in January.

A recommendation for new legislation on citizens, privacy is also forthcoming from his office, Mr. Whitehead said. This would relate to the gaps in existing privacy laws that have arisen from advances in technology—computers for exnology—computers, for ample—since the laws for were

written.

Mr. Whitehead said he ex-Mr. Whitehead said he expected the Office of Telecommunications Policy to continue as an arm of the executive branch of the Government after his departure, in spite of recommendations from Capitol Hill that it be transferred to the legislative branch.

Along with its other responsibilities, the Office of Tele I communications Policy manages the Federal Government's own communications system, which Mr. Whitehead described as a \$10-billion operation, and is in-volved in the planning of emergency communications.

Served as Nixon Aide

Mr. Whitehead, who earned a Ph.D. degree in management from the Massachusetts Instifute of Technology, spent two years as a special assistant to President Nixon before he was

mamed director of the O.T.P. when it was formed.

In disclosing his intention to resign, Mr. Whitehead becomes part of an exodus of officials from the key Government agencies concerned with aleothoric cies concerned with electronic communications. During the last two weeks, two Democrats on the Federal Communications Commission—Nicholas Johnson and H. Rex Lee—announced their resignations, and Dean Burch, the F.C.C. chairman, has also made known his desire to

leave before spring.

Because of the resignations, the F.C.C. next year will be made up predominantly of Nixon appointees. Although the law provides that at least three of the GNAN SOURCE SOU of the seven seats must be held by members of the opposition party, many observers feeling based on the Dtmocratic appointments the President has already made—that the new F.C.C. will have a distinctly conservative character.

The effect of that observers

The effect of that, observers believe, will be to protect the present commercial broadcasting system and most of its policies from the advocates of reform whose representative. reform whose representative on commission ad been Mr. Johnson.